CYCLES B.S.A., Raleigh, Invicta, Royal, West End, Singer. Special Easter-on-Number with stamped fittings, all genuine British made from Rs. 171 to Rs. 324-each, all complete. Full particulars supplied free. WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR Co; Bombay and Poona.

The Bombay Chronicle

CYCLES B.S.A., Raleigh, Invicta, Royal, West End, Singer. Special Easter-on-Number with stamped fittings, all genuine British made from Rs. 171 to Rs. 324-each, all complete. Full particulars supplied free. WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR Co; Bombay and Poona.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL. X. NO. 125 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, MAY 27, 1922. TWO ANNAS.

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SHIPPING

N.Y.K. LINE
NIPPON YUSAN KAISHA.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

Regular Service to Japan via Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamer	Captain.	tons.	Arr.	Depart.
Yamagata Maru	K. Ogawa	3,807	17th May	30th May
Yokoshi Maru	T. Moroi	3,938	30th May	14th June
Mumbay Maru	S. Yoshimatsu.	4352.	6th June	21st ,,
Sakura Maru.	C. Shirai.	6074.	12th June	27th ,,
Chiba Maru	Y. Kotoriye	3817.	10th June	17th June
Tatsuta Maru.	Y. Okuno.	5829.	17th June	2nd July
Hakuai Maru.	B. Takiguchi.	7047.	26th June	11th July
Ceylon Maru	B. Matsukuma	4905	12th July	27th July
Tenyo Maru	N. Wada .	5845	26th July	10th Aug.
Java Maru	Y. Nerei	6037	10th Aug.	25th Aug.

The steamer has no passenger accommodation.

The steamers, equipped with every comfort, are fitted with electric lights and fans in every cabin free of charge and wireless telegraphy. A qualified Surgeon and specially trained Stewards carried.

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P. & O.
AND
BRITISH INDIA
Companies Incorporated in England.)
MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.
P. & O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.
All Passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

Date.	Steamers.	Tons.
27th May	NALDERA † ‖	15,826
6th June	CHINA	7,972
20th ,,	MADURA	8,975
27th ,,	CALEDONIA	7,622
28th ,,	A STEAMER	
1st July	MACEDONIA	11,069
8th ,,	MALWA	10,941
15th ,,	MANTUA	10,902
22nd ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND	11,480
29th ,,	DALIDONIA	7,642
5th August	NARKUNDA †	16,118
12th ,,	NIVASA	9,071
19th ,,	KASHGAR	8,840
26th ,,	CHINA	7,952

* NALDERA Terminates voyage at Ply. MALWA mouth
NARKUNDA: Through steamer from Australia
The P. & O. Marseilles Special Train leaves Marseilles for London, via Boulogne shortly after the mail steamer's arrival.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS TO PORT SAID AND PLYMOUTH.

2nd. June	MANELA	8,303
15th ,,	MADURA	8,975
27th July	MANDALA	8,296

SAILINGS TO STRAITS AND CHINA

About 20th June	SOUDAN	6,896
20th ,,	SARDINIA	6,684

SAILING TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

2nd Jun.	NARKUNDA	16,118
20th ,,	MORCA	10,911
20th Jun.	NAIDERA	15,325

SAILING TO AFRICA KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

Date About	Steamers	Destination.
25th May	BARPETA ..	Karachi and P.Gulf
25th ,,	LHASA ..	Karachi direct
25th ,,	VASNA ..	Busrah direct
31st ,,	TAROBA ..	E. & S. Africa.

Terms and Rates of Freights and passage for P. and O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE and Co.,
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Telephone No. 1239.

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THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED
(REGISTERED IN JAPAN.)
(ESTABLISHED 1880.)

Subscribed Capital ... Yen 100,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 100,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 61,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.
BRANCHES:

Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	London	San Francisco
Buenos Aires	Los Angeles	Seattle
Calcutta	Lyons	Shanghai
Changchun	Manila	Shimonoseki
Dairen	Nagasaki	Singapore
Frenchier	Newchwang	Sourabaya
Hamburg	New York	Sydney
Hankow	Nagoya	Tientsin
Harbin	Osaka	Tokyo
Hongkong	Peking	Tsinan
Honolulu	Rangoon	Tsingtau
Kai Yuan	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 10,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.

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Acting Manager,
Hornby, Road, Bombay.
Post Box No. 207.

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(Incorporated in England).
HEAD OFFICE—4, Crosby Square, London, E. C. 3.
BRANCHES.

Amara	Calcutta
Baghdad	Colombo
Bahrein	Madras
Basra	Mosul
Bombay	

Authorised Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... £ 999,994
Reserve Fund ..... £ 500,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £1,000,156

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INTEREST allowed on Savings Deposit Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.
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Manager.

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(NETHERLANDS INDIA COMMERCIAL BANK.)
(Incorporated in Holland.)
Established 1863.

Authorised Capital	.....F. 60,000,000	about £5,000,000
Paid-up Capital	.....F. 55,000,000	,, £4,600,000
Reserve Fund	.....F. 47,750,000	,, £4,000,000

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SUB-OFFICE: THE HAGUE.
EASTERN HEAD AGENCY at BATAVIA
BRANCHES.
DUTCH EAST BRANCHES.

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Ampenan	Palembang
Bandoeng	Pekalongan
Cheribon	Probluggo
Gorontalo	Semarang
Macassar	Soerabaia
Medan	Tjilatjap
Menado	Wetterveden

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CHINA and JAPAN.—Hongkong, Shanghai and Kobe.
BRITISH INDIA. Bombay and Calcutta.
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Manager.

BANKING

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

	Rs.
AUTHORISED CAPITAL.	... 5,00,00,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	 3,97,61,500
PAID-UP CAPITAL ON 31-3-22	... 59,82,112/8

HEAD OFFICE.
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SUB-BRANCHES.
Zaveri Bazar, 289, Shaik Memon Street.
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THE LONDON COUNTY WESTMINISTER AND PARR'S BANK, LIMITED.

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FIXED DEPOSITS received for one year and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANKS. Interest allowed at 4 per cent per annum. Rules on application.
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SHARES AND SECURITIES purchased and sold.
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T. G. ANDERSON,
General Manager.

THE TATA INDUSTRIAL BANK.
LIMITED.

Subscribed Capital ...	Rs. 7,50,18,450
Paid-Up Capital and Reserve ...	Rs. 2,43,55,758
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ...	Rs. 5,25,12,915

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Board of Directors.
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LONDON OFFICE: 9, Bishopsgate, E. C.
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ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII OF 1882.
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	Rs.	2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	,,	1,00,00,000
RESERVE FUND	,,	72,50,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 AT THE RATE OF 2½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM THROUGHOUT THE YEAR. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at the rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened on favourable terms. Rules on application.

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Manager.

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(REGISTERED IN BOMBAY.)
HEAD OFFICE: Fort, Bombay.
BRANCHES—Shroff Bazar (Bombay) and Surat.
LONDON AGENTS—The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital	Rs.	1,00,00,000
Paid-up Capital	Rs.	40,00,000
Reserves Liability for Calls	Rs.	60,00,000
Reserve and Contingency Funds	Rs.	3,89,000

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.—Interest at 3 per cent. all round the year on sums of Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000.
FIXED DEPOSITS.—Received for 12 months and shorter periods.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS—Received at 4 per cent.
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Agents.

BANKING

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 1895.

		Rs.	a.	p.
Capital	Authorised ...	50,00,000	0	0
Capital	Issued	50,00,000	0	0
Capital	Subscribed	50,00,000	0	0
Capital	Paid-up	20,45,220	0	0
Reserve	Funds	17,20,000	0	0

HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE.
BRANCHES:

Amritsar	Hyderabad (Sindh)	Montgomery
Bombay	Jullundur	Peshawar City
Cawnpore	Jammu	Patiala
Calcutta	Jhelum City	Quetta
Delhi	Karachi	Rawalpindi
D. I. Khan	Kasur	Rahon
Ferozepore	Lahore City	Sargodha
Gujranwalla	Lyallpur	Sialkot
Gojra	Ludhiana	Srinagar
Hapur	Multan City	Umballa City
Hoshiarpur		Umballa Cantt

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at 3 percent from January to June and 2½ per cent from July to December.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.—Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum.
LOANS OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation of terms to be arranged against approved security.
CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought collected and discounted. For other particulars and rules of business apply to—

DES RAJ MEHRA,
Manager.

ALLAHABAD BANK, LTD.
ESTABLISHED 1865.
(Affiliated with the P. and O. Banking Corporation Ltd.)

AUTHORISED AND SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	Rs.	40,00,000
CAPITAL	,,	85,00,000
RESERVE FUND IN GOVERNMENT PAPER	,,	85,50,000
CONTINGENCY FUND for equalisation of Dividend, Provision for bad or doubtful debts, adjusting fluctuations in values of investments or etc.	,,	6,80,000

HEAD OFFICE—ALLAHABAD.
BRANCHES.
Bombay, Bareilly, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, Dehra Dun, Gorakhpur, Jhansi, Jubulpore, Lucknow, Meerut, Mussoorie, Naini Tal, Nagpur, Patna and Rangoon.
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Allahabad City Office, Amritsar, Aminabad Park, Lucknow, Benares, Cawnpore City Office, Chandausi, Fyzabad, Hathras, Hapur Lukknow City Office, Lyallpur, Moradabad, Mutra, Rae Bareli, Sitapur.
CORRESPONDENTS.—In all the principal Towns throughout India.
LONDON BANKERS.—The P. and O. Banking Corporation, Limited. The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Limited.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS.—Interest at 2 per cent. allowed on balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 100,000 provided the interest amounts to Rs. 5 per half year.
FIXED DEPOSITS. Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.—Small sums received. Copy of Rules can be obtained on application. Government Paper and other securities purchased and sold, the Custody thereof undertaken and interest and dividends realised. Loans and Cash Credits granted.
Currency Notes of any Circle, Cheques and Hundies are received for credit in Fixed Deposit account free of charge. Banking business of every description transacted. Copy of Rules may be had on application at the Head Office and at any of the Branches.

T. L. FOREMAN,
Agent.

Bombay Branch,
Allahabad Bank Buildings.
Apollo Street, Bombay.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

PAID-UP CAPITAL ...	...	$20,000,000
STERLING RESERVE FUND ...	£	4,500,000
SILVER RESERVE FUND	...	$25,500,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS	...	$20,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG.
LONDON OFFICE: 9, Gracechurch Street, E. C.

BOMBAY OFFICE.
40, Churchgate Street.
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Calcutta	Lyons	Singapore
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Canton	Manila	Sungei Patani
Colombo	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Foochow	New York	Tsingtao
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Ipoh		

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half-yearly on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent per annum provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for varying periods on terms which may be learnt on application.
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Insist on Having Only,
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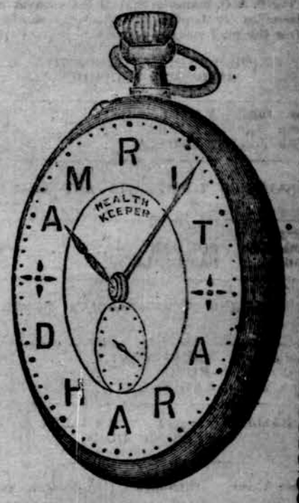

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SHRI LOKMANYA TILAK VIDYA MANDIR SHALA, 12th Khatwadi Lane, Girgaon. The above-named school the only National institution in Bombay for girls wishing to take National Education, is going to re-open on Monday, the 5th June, 1922, after the Summer vacation. The above institution is managed under the careful and learned supervision of Miss Tulasker, M.A. (America), Principal of the school. Besides the usual course, special attention is paid to Spinning, Hindi, Music, Religion and National Awakening. The old students as well as the new ones are requested to present themselves regularly as new course is to begin from the 5th June, 1922.
M R3853

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—TADPATRIS of every size, on hire or for sale, also same can be made to order. Apply CHAPSI BHANJI TADPA TRIVALA, Shak Galy, Mandvi. Post No. 2.
N R3798

OH! MUSIC LOVERS—Here is everything you want, then why hurry! Drop a card! You get good Pianos and other Musical Instruments and repairs of all sorts at very cheap rate. R. D. PANVELLIWALLA, Contractor Building, Lamington Road. Grant Road, Bombay.
N R3868

FOR SALE—A large stock of WATERPROOF CAPES with hoods. DURABLE AND SMART. The ideal water-proof for Motor Drivers, Cycle Boys and Office Peons. QUALITY and DURABILITY. Not obtainable anywhere East or West for the price. Rs. 10 each. Apply to BREWIN BROS., 2nd Floor, York Building. Hornby Road, Bombay.
N F

ALWAYS a good selection of PIANOS, of well-known makes, and other musical instruments, at Bargain prices. Pianos and musical instruments, tuned by an expert. State your wants. We assure guaranteed satisfaction. Best attention always given. Write Box No. 8093, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
N C13173

MISCELLANEOUS WANTED

WANTED—Old newspapers of "Sanj Vartaman", "Jam-e-Jamshed", "Bombay Samachar" and "Bombay Chronicle" at Rs. 1-12-0 per maund (28 lbs.). Send to SWADESHI STORES, Times Building. Fort, Bombay.
P C13080

FINANCIAL.

FOR SALE—Two ORDINARY SHARES of the TATA POWER CO., Rs. 300 paid for each share. Apply to L. S. MAHAJAN on Pool Nasik City with quotation.
R R3818

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

SHOES! SHOES!! SHOES!!! SHOES!!!! WE GUARANTEE OUR SHOES TO BE the cheapest and best procurable canvas with durable Motor Tyre soles, first quality, only Rs. 4-15; soft calf derby, Rs. 6-12; brogue, Rs. 7-15; chrome derby, Rs. 8-15; brogue Rs. 10-4; Ladies' brogue with fringed tongues, Rs. 9-15; superior, Rs. 14-8; men's superior, Rs. 14-8 Packing and postage extra. BENGAL-NAGPUR AGENCY, Main Road, Ranchi.
T C13037

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

ORDER TO-DAY.—Eureka and Tagger Ribbons, Caribonum Typewriter Carbon paper per box Rs. 7. Tagger Rs. 6. Typewriter Oil Rs. 5 a doz. Typewriters from Rs. 70 upwards. Repairs to all makes of Typewriters. Typewriting taught at very moderate rates STANDARD TYPEWRITING CO., 259/261, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

WRITE for samples of high-class hand-made Cossi Silk to Messrs. DEY GHOSH and SONS, Silk Manufacturers, S. 10/55, Benares Cantt.
T R3705

GLOBE'S TYPEWRITER BARGAINS:—

	Rs.
Fox Portable New with Case	175
Remington No. 11 Rebuilt	285
Remington No. 7 Rs. 85, No. 8 Brief...	95
Empire No. 2 Latest	140
Oliver No. 3	100
Underwood Latest Brief	200
Smith Premier No. 10 latest	140

Ribbons, Carbon papers, Repairs to all Makes of Typewriters. THE GLOBE TYPEWRITING CO., Churchgate St. Fort, Bombay. 'Phone 4869.
T S

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE—

	Rs.
Blick 7, Rs. 70, Hammond 12 ...	80
Remington 7, Rs. 80, 90, 2 Colours, 110,	125
Sun, Visible, Portable, Back Spacer...	125
Oliver 3, Rs. 110, 5, B. S. New Types...	135
Underwood 5, latest, Rs. 190, Brief, 185	200
Yost 20, Brief, Rs. 200, Dec. Tabs. ...	225
L. C. Smith 8, latest, Rs. 190, Brief...	225
Oliver 9, latest, Rs. 185, 190, Policy ...	250
Remington 10, Visible, Rs. 180, 200, 225	290
Remington 10, Brief, Rs. 210, latest ...	260
Remington 11, Brief Rs. 300, Policy ...	275
Remington 10, Rebuilt, Rs. 275	300
Corona, New, Rs. 207, Underwood Portable	230
Gujerati Remington No. 9, Brief	200
Century Portable, New Rs. 160, L. Case	190

NICHOLLS & COMPANY, Typewriter Experts.
Opp. Petit Institute, Hornby Road, Bombay.

THE GRAND UNIQUE AUCTION

has now REMOVED to the late Surplus Stores building at the Prince of Wales Museum opposite the Army and Navy Stores and is known as the UNIVERSAL AUCTION and SALES DEPARTMENT. New goods of every description.
A Visit will convince you. Auction from 5-30 p.m. to 12 p.m. Sales Dept. open all day.

AEROPLANE CLOTH

Best and cheapest for suits, width 36in. by 33 yds. at Rs. 2 per yard, a rare chance for tailors, outfitters and merchants.

Write for sample:

B. TRIKUMLAL & CO.

Post Box No. 3086, BOMBAY 3.
Telegraph: "EMISSARY."
T

HOTELS.

COONOOR.

GRAY'S HOTEL, COONOOR (Nilgiris). Electric lights throughout. Close to the Pasteur Institute, Sim's Park, Library, the Club, Post and Telegraphs. Proprietors: SPENCER & CO., LTD., Madras. Tel. Address: "Grays Coonoor." Apply MANAGER.
R3525

THE INDRA RESIDENTIAL HOTEL.

(MOULGANJ) CAWNPORE.

UP-TO-DATE ARRANGEMENTS, situation Central, Electric light throughout 10 mts drive from Railway Station. Telephone No. 304.

(Sd.) D. N. BANGRA,
Manager.
H C13184

PROFESSION

LEPROSY AND LEUCODERMA.

IT has now been arranged to distribute about 10,000 sample packets of PANDIT KRIPARAM'S infallible cure for LEUCODERMA or WHITE LEPROSY. It never fails. Write for it at once, per V. P. P. for As. 8 to meet the cost of its transmission, to

PANDIT KRIPPARAM,
8, Nandibagan Lane, P O. Salkhia,
(HOWRAH.)

P.S. Pandit Kriparam's deeply interesting volume on Leprosy at As. 8 per copy. V. P. P. Charges As. 5.

PUBLIC NOTICES

PRINTING MACHINE.

PAYNE'S WHARFDALE.

QUAD DEMY—Flat bed, Single-feeder, perfect running order, may be seen working at any time on request. Owing to want of room for new machines must clear at sacrifice. All accessories complete. Electrical attachment and motor attached. Apply Box No. 300, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."

NOTICE OF REMOVAL

DR. G. T. MODY, D. O. (Oxon.) M.B., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. OPHTHALMIC SURGEON, has REMOVED his Consultation Rooms to BIBLE SOCIETY'S BUILDING, 156, Hornby Road, Fort.
Telephone 6094.
Consulting Hours 3 to 6 p.m.
R3804

NOTICE.

TO BE SOLD—A jewellers and curios shop with the furniture contained therein at Colaba Causeway. Meet or write to Messrs. SMETHAM BYRNE & LAMBERT,
48, Churchgate Street,
Fort, Bombay.
C13145

PUBLIC NOTICES

FOR SALE.

PRINTING MACHINE.

BABCOCK QUAD DEMY—Double-feeder, speed 1,200 each side, in working order, very little used. Will suit a job press or district paper having a very large circulation. Must clear to make room for new plants and machinery, going cheap. Offers. No brokers need. Apply Box No. 400, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."

THE DWARKA CEMENT CO- LTD.

SUPPLIERS TO THE
BOMBAY GOVERNMENT DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT.

SUPERINTENDENT GOVERNMENT TEST HOUSE reports, in his opinion "TEMPLE" BRAND PORTLAND CEMENT is of VERY GOOD QUALITY. The finest ground cement in India being 5.2 per cent. residue against 14 per cent. British Standard. Tensile strength (neat) 788 against 450 lbs. British Standard.
For full report apply to—
PURSHOTAM VITHALDAS & CO.,
No. 2, Rampart Row, Fort, Bombay.

NOTICE.

WANTED.—Experienced, competent TRACERS on Rs. 70-5-100, JUNIOR DRAFTSMEN on Rs. 80-5-100 and SENIOR DRAFTSMEN on Rs. 100-5-125. Apply with copies of 5 testimonials to the LAND MANAGER, Development Directorate, Old Custom House Yard, Fort.
A C13131

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

THE BANK will be CLOSED on MONDAY, the 29th instant that day being a Public Holiday (Ramzan Id) under the Negotiable Instruments Act 1881.

A. W. MARSHALL,
Offg. Secy. & Treasurer.
Bombay, 20th May, 1922.
C13138

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY
(Incorporated in England.)

ON and from 1st June, next, the Office of the District Traffic Superintendent, Bombay, at present situated in Bruckshaw Building No. 249, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, will be removed to the ground floor of the Victoria Terminus Annexe.

D. S. BURN.
General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 22nd May, 1922.

NOTICE.

THE NOTIFIED AREA COMMITTEE, Andheri, offer a prize of Rs. 500 for the best design for a Market on the site of the existing Market at Andheri. Designs must be accompanied by detailed estimates of cost not to exceed Rs. 24,000. Designs with estimates must be sent to the Chairman, Palli Hill, Bandra, before the 31st July, 1922. Further particulars can be obtained by interview with the Chairman at the above address.

H. FLEMING.
Chairman,
Notified Area Committee,
Andheri.
C13176

PUBLIC NOTIFICATION.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY A DEPUTY SECRETARY and ACCOUNTANT in the Bombay Improvement Trust. Pay Rs. 800-50-1000, with benefit of leave and Provident Fund in accordance with the Board's Service Rules. Practical experience as accountant and of controlling an office essential.
Applications, which should contain brief and clear statement of qualifications, and should be accompaniedby copies of testimonials, will be received up to the 31st May, 1922, by the SECRETARY AND CHIEF ACCOUNTANT, Bombay Improvement Trust, Fort, Bombay.
C13085

BROACH NATIONAL COLLEGE

WILL OPEN FROM 19TH JUNE, 1922.

BROACH EDUCATION SOCIETY has resolved to start the First Year Class of the Broach National College, on 19th June, 1922, matriculation passed students of any University will be admitted. Students intending to join the College should send in their applications so as not to reach later than 15-6-1922. The term fee is Rs 32 only. Rupees 5 should be remitted in advance along with the application.
Outside students will be supplied with boarding and lodging accommodations.
For further particulars apply to
C. B. PURANI, M.A.,
Secretary,
Broach Ed. Society.
Broach, 11-5-1922.
C13039

SHA HARGOWAN ANANDJI DESAI FREE BOARDING

APPLICATIONS are invited from high caste Hindoo Students, who have passed the School Leaving Examination or its equivalent or having passed Art, Commerce, Drawing or the Technical Examinations desire to prosecute their studies but cannot do so owing to want of means:—
Printed forms of applications can be had on sending one anna postage or applying personally.
Applications will be acepted till 5th June 1922.

MANILAL K. DESAI, B.E.,
Secretary,
Sha Hargowan Anandji Desai's
Charities Trust Office,
Near Pinjrapole Bombay No. 5.
C13040

PUBLIC NOTICES

MINERVA MILLS, LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Henshaw's Buildings, 9, Bank Street, Fort, Bombay, on MONDAY, the 12th day of June, 1922, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Director's Report and Audited Balance Sheet for the year ended 31st December, 1921.
2. To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but who are eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
4. To transact any other business the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 3rd day of June, 1922, to the 13th day of June, 1922, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
N. SIRUR & CO.,
Managing Agents.

Bombay, 10th May, 1922.

C13162

STAFF SELECTION BOARD COMMUNIQUE.

THE BOARD proposes to hold an examination on the 29th July, 1922, for the admission to its approved list of outside candidates suitable for clerical employment under the Government of India. Posts for which selected candidates will be eligible are as follows:—

SECRETARIAT.

Second Division and Typists		
Temporary	Rs.	80/-
Permanent	Rs.	100-8-300
Stenographers	Rs.	175-9-400

ATTACHED OFFICES SIMLA AND DELHI.

Assistants.	Rs.	120-350
Clerks and Typists.	Rs.	75-175

The Board proposes to include in its approved list from amongst the successful candidates for the Secretariat.

10 Stenographers.
50 Second Division candidates.
20 Typists.

for the Attached offices.

10 Assistants.
10 Clerks
10 Typists.

There may be some immediate vacancies for stenographers and Typists.

No guarantee will be given to any successful candidate included in the Board's approved list that he will obtain an appointment.

Permanent appointments are subject to a period of probation, which may extend to one year.

Temporary appointments are for periods varying in duration.

The minimum educational qualifications are:—

In the case of clerks and typists in Attached Offices a pass in the Matriculation examination or equivalent examination. For all other candidates for all other posts the intermediate examination of a University established by law, the Senior Cambridge Local or equivalent examination.

Candidates should ordinarily not be over 24 years of age at the time of the examination. In accordance with Article 51 of the Civil Service Regulations no successful candidate will ordinarily be appointed whose age exceeds 25 years at the time the vacancy occurs.

A candidate must be free from disease, constitutional affection or bodily infirmity unfitting him or likely to unfit him for clerical employment under the Government of India.

No medical certificate is required at this stage.

A candidate must be of good private character.

The candidate must apply on the prescribed form. The form may be obtained from the Secretary, Staff Selection Board, Simla. An entrance fee of Rs. 10/- must accompany the application for the form and the candidate must state at the top of his application the centre (Simla or Delhi) at which he wishes to be examined. his age, educational qualification and address and the nature of the appointment for which he wishes to be examined. The entrance fee must be remitted by money order only and the money order must reach the Secretary on or before the 10th June 1922 after which date no applications for forms or entrance fees will be accepted. No application form will be supplied to a candidate until the entrance fee has been received. No part of the entrance fee is returnable. The form must be filled up in the candidate's own handwriting and must reach the Secretary, Staff Selection Board, Simla, on or before the 8th July 1922 after which date no form will be accepted.

Non-compliance with the above instructions or the instructions attached to the form will involve the rejection of the application.

The Board will hold a qualifying examination of prima facie eligible candidates whose applications are received within the time stated. The examination will not be of a candidate's general information, intelligence and knowledge of English. Thus he will be expected to be able to prepare a subject index of a few papers and to write a precis of their contents, to draft a letter and to answer certain questions on general information.

Stenographers will be expected in addition to passing the above tests, to pass a test in stenography and typewriting, and typists in addition to passing the qualifying tests above mentioned will be expected to pass a test in typewriting from manuscript.

Stenographers will be examined at the following speeds 80, 100 and 120 words per minute over periods of 10 minutes' dictation at each speed. They will be required to transcribe from these note at a net speed of 60 words per minute. Certain other tests will also be applied.

Typists will be expected to type at a net speed of 35 words per minute over a period of 30 minutes. Certain other tests will also be applied.

The examination will be held simultaneously at Simla and Delhi. It will consist of two papers of three hours each and will be completed in one day.

After considering the results of the examination the Board will, before making a final selection interview all candidates who have qualified in the written examination. No candidate will be admitted in the Board's list who has not satisfied the Board of his suitability for employment at an interview at which he will be examined in matters of general interest, not in matters of academic interest; it is intended to test the candidate's alertness, intelligence and general outlook.

The interviews will take place in Simla and Delhi on or as soon after the examination as possible. The exact dates, time and places will be communicated direct.

The final selection of every candidate rests with the Board.

Candidates will pay their own expenses including railway fare to and from the examination centre.

The Board will not entertain any claim for these expenses.

A. LAWRENCE.
Secy. Staff. Selection Board.

The 19th May, 1922.

C13142

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE.

THE APOLLO MILLS, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, E. D. Sassoon Building, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, on MONDAY, the 12th June, 1922, at 4.30 P.M. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and audited Statement of Accounts up to the 31st March, 1922.
2. To sanction the declaration of a dividend.
3. To confirm the appointment of a Director in the place of a member of the Board resigned.
4. To appoint Directors in the place of those who retire by rotation, but are eligible for reelection.
5. To appoint Auditors and fix their remuneration.
6. To transact such other business as may be put before the Meeting by the Chairman.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be closed from the 1st June, 1922, to the 12th June 1922, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board.
E. D. SASSOON & CO., LTD.
Agents.

Bombay, 23rd May, 1922.

N. B.—The Dividend, when sanctioned will be made payable at the Company's Registered Office—E. D. Sassoon Building, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, on and after Monday the 19th June 1922 to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Register on Thursday the 1st June 1922, and the Dividend Warrants will be posted to each Shareholder at his last given address.

C13190

NOTICE.

THE ELPHINSTONE SPINNING AND WEAVING MILLS CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRD ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, E. D. Sassoon Building, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, on MONDAY, the 12th June, 1922, at 4.0. P.M. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and audited Statement of Accounts up to the 31st March 1922.
2. To sanction the declaration of a dividend.
3. To confirm the appointment of two Directors in the place of members of the Board resigned.
4. To appoint Directors in the place of those who retire by rotation but are eligible for reelection.
5. To appoint Auditors and fix their remuneration.
6. To transact such other business as may be put before the Meeting by the Chairman.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 1st June, 1922, to the 12th June, 1922, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
E. D. SASSOON & CO., LTD.,
Agents.

Bombay, 23rd May, 1922.

N.B.—The Dividend, when sanctioned will be made payable at the Company's Registered Office, E. D. Sassoon Building, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, on and after Monday the 19th June, 1922, to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Register on Thursday the 1st June, 1922, and the Dividend Warrants will be posted to each Shareholder at his last given address.

C13189

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 674 of 1922.
SHORT CAUSE.

Plaint presented and filed 13th day of February, 1922.

SUMMONS to answer Plaint under Section 27 O. V rr 1, 5, 7 and 8 and O, VIII, r 9 of the Code of CivilProcedure.

The New Piece Goods Bazar Co., Ltd., a Joint Stock Company, incorporated and registered under the Indian Companies Act and having its registered office at Shaikh Memon Street without the Fort of Bombay ..... Plaintiff.

vs.

1. MADHAVDAS HARIDAS, of Bombay Bania Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Katha Bazar, Mandvi, outside the Fort; 2. MAGANLAL NATHHOBHAI SANGHVI, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Bharucha building, at Princess Street, outside the Fort ..... Defendant.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, Greeting: WHEREAS the abovenamed Plaintiffs have filed plaint in this Court against you the abovenamed Defendant whereof the following is a concise statement, viz.:—

The Plaintiffs pray that (1) it may be declared that the lease in favour of the 1st defendant re: shop No. 748/555 at Dharamraj Gully in the Mulji Jetha Market and referred to in the plaint has been lawfully determined (2) that it may be declared that the defendants do forthwith give vacant possession of the said shop and every part thereof to the plaintiff (3) that the 1st defendant do pay to the plaintiffs Rs. 196 per lunar month as rent and taxes in respect of the said shop from Kartack Sud 1st D1977, (11—11—20) to Shravan Vud 30th S. 1977 (2—9—21), (4) that the defendants or either of them do pay Rs. 196 per lunar month from Bhadurwa Sud 1st s. 1977 (5—9—21) until vacant possession of the said shop is delivered to the Plaintiffs as compansation for wrongful use and occupation thereof (5) that the defendants or either of them do pay the plaintiffs costs of this suit and (6) that the Plaintiff's may have further and other relief.

You are hereby summoned to appear in this Count on the 13th day of June, 1922, at quarter past eleven o'clock standard time in the forenoon, in person or by an Advocate duly instructed by an Attorney of this Court and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit or who shall be accompanied by, some other person able to answer all such questions to answer the abovenamed Plaintiff, and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit, you must produce all your witnesses on that day, and you are hereby required to take notice that in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned the suit will be heard and determined in your absence; and you will bring with you (or send by your Attorney) any document in your possession or power containing evidence relating to the merits of the Plaintiff's case or upon which you intend to rely support of your case.

WITNESS Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid this 25th day of February, 1922.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD,
for Prothonotary.

(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD,

The 25th day of February, 1922.
Messrs. PAYNE & CO.,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

C13193

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of JAMNADAS UTTAMCHAND, late of Diu and Bombay Modh Bania Hindu Inhabitant, living on the income of his property ..... Deceased.

GORDHANDAS MOTICHAND, of Diu and Bombay Modh Bania Hindu Inhabitant, a Merchant, residing at Kalbadevi Road, without the Fort of Bombay, maternal uncle of the deceased above-named ..... Petitioner.

ALL persons claiming to have any interest in the estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, KNIGHT, Chief Justice of Bombay aforesaid, this 11th day of May in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and twenty-two and in the Twelfth year of Our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) P. B. Malabari,
Registrar.

(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD.

The 12th day of May, 1922.
Messrs. MANSUKHLAL HIRALAL MEHTA & CO.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

C13192

AUCTION SALE

BENNETT & CO.

120, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

On MONDAY, the 29th day of May, 1922, at 10 a.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 10, Essuf Mansion, Altamount Road, Cumballa Hill, valuable and handsome made-to-order household furniture, rich glass and crockeryware, silverware, very rich plated ware sliding dining table, arm and without arm chairs, mirror side board, rich carpets, electric table and hall lamps, drawing room Chesterfield sofas and easy chairs, drawing room blackwood suite, mirror back fancy cabinets, table ornaments, revolving top writing tables, glass door book cases, Silver cabinets, one sweet-tone piano by F. Hunelt and Sohn Stutigart Germany, suitable for Indian climate, single and double bedsteads, mirror almrahs, dressing and wash hand tables, dressing chest of drawers marble and English ice boxes with refrigerator, meat-safes, aluminium utensils, etc., etc.

The property of C. F. Birley, Esq., and others.

Catalogues are published and the property on view.

On SATURDAY, the 27th May 1922, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods; and on account of Insurance offices. One iron safe on stand, etc.

AT 2-30 P.M. (S. T.).

1 second-hand rubber tyred canoe victoria in good order.
1 second-hand rubber tyred palanquin office shigram.
1 second-hand rubber tyred vis-a-vis in good order.
One 15-20 H. P. Brisco Motor Car 4 Gylinder in good running order.
One stud Baker Motor Car seven seater four sylinder 30-36 H. P. in excellent running order.
Property of European Gentleman.
One handsome strong Iron Grey C. B. Gelding by Samurai. T. B. A. Dam by Genoa Arab, height 15-3½. A splendid charge could turn a good showy stepper in harness.
By order of N. H. Moss Esq., Receiver appointed in Suit No. 4887 of 1921 (Charandas v/s. Morarji).
One Oak Land Motor Car 15-20 H. P. five seater in good condition.

AUCTION SALE OF STUDS, SERGE, PLATES, BRASS GOODS, BASINS, BATH TUB, ETC.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on SATURDAY, the 27th instant, sell by Public Auction at their Rooms No. 120, Apollo Street, by order of the Banks and Offices concerned and on account and risk of the concerned, the following:—

3 crates melking machine.
One case Boots.
2 Bales Veraval Cotton (slightly damaged by salt water.)
5 parcels collar studs.
5 bales blue serge each containing 12 to 13 pieces, 54 inches, 550 to 600 yards in each bale.
100 cases tin plates, 70 lbs.
2 cases brass goods (card frames, handles, rings).
7 crates enamel basins one lot buckets.
On account of Insurance Offices:—
1 big bath tub.
On account and risk of Messrs Abbas and Co., of Dhanji Street Parsi Gully.
29 Bales account paper.
By order of the Chief Presidency Magistrate one lot Gold and Silver ornaments watches etc. Empty Gunny Bags, cloth etc., etc.
A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

On SATURDAY, the 27th May, 1922, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Mount Pleasant Road, very valuable and handsome made-to-order household furniture by Roberts, Wimbridge and Lazarus, rich glass and crockeryware, best platedware, dining table, arm and without arm chairs, sideboard and dumbwaiters, rich carpets, drawing room Chesterfield sofas and easy chairs, rich cabinets, table ornaments, Parisian and terracotta figures, electric table and hall lamps and fans, old carved furniture, brass-ware, one sweet tone piano, English ice box, single and double bedsteads, mirror almyrahs, dressing and wash-hand tables, dressing chest of drawers, cloth and gown cupboards, reclining sofa, writing tables, glass door book and silver cases, marble clocks, rich pictures, English enamelled bath tubs, fancy chicks English Ice box with refrigerator, one sweet tone Piano, Dresden figures, etc., etc.

The property of T. H. Dowding, Esq. Property of another gentleman one handsome strong built three seater English Brougham by Morgan in excellent condition.
One 15-20 H. P. "Fiat Landaulett," Motor Car in excellent condition and good running order.
One very old Italian full toned violon cells specially selected by the late professor Mori Director of the Royal Opera House.

Catalogues are published and the property on view.

BENNETT & CO.,
Bombay, 27th May, 1922.

AUCTION SALE

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS,
No. 122, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay
Telephone No. 521.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the Auction Sale of the remaining Unclaimed Luggage and Parcels at Victoria Terminus G. I. P. Ry. will be continued TO-DAY SATURDAY, the 27th instant, at 2-30 p.m.

AUCTION SALE OF 2 CASES TURKEY CAPS, 1 CASE ASTRAKHAN CLOTH, 1 CASE LEATHER CLOTH AND A BIG LOT OF TURKEY, FELT AND ASTRAKHAN CAPS, ITALIAN CLOTH, SILK SATIN LINING, VELVETS, ETC., ETC.

By the order of G. G. Nadkani, Esq., Ag. Official Assignee and the Assignee of the estate and effects of Rasoolmiya Hasoomiya Hawa traded as Hawa Bros., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 7th day of June at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Shaikh Memon Street, Motee Bazar, the following:—

2 Cases Turkey Caps, 1 case Astrakhan cloth, 1 case Leather Cloth and a big lot of Turkey, Felt and Astrakhan Caps Italian Cloth, Silk Satin Lining velvets, etc., etc.

CRAWFORD & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 27th May, 1922.

MEHTA & CO.

Auctioneers.
On Government and G. I. P. Railway List.

AUCTION SALE 43 CASES OF TWILL SHIRTINGS, STRIPED, SHIRTINGS COTTONS (TUSSORES), DISCHARGE PRINTS, PRINTED RED FENTS.

THIS DAY SATURDAY, the 27th of May, 1922, at 2-30 p.m. Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms at 25, Medows Street, Fort, by order of the Bank Concerned and on account and at the risk of Messrs. M. H Madden and Co.:—

M. H. H. M. Co., Bombay, 9688/94—7 cases white cotton twill shirtings, 6 cases each 40 pcs. 30"/1", 1 case 55 pcs. 30"/1".
M. H. 1152, M. C., 1/10—10 cases coloured striped shirting No. 5050 each 33 pcs. 31".
On account and at the risk of Messrs. Haji Abdoola Hajee Jacub and Co., of Jackeria Masjid, Bombay and Messrs. H. A. Wace and Co., of London:—
745, 1405/7—3 cases each 39/40 pcs. Cotton (Tussores) 29".
On account and at the risk of Messrs. Gopalji Chapsi and Co:—
B. B. 1200 and B. 1601/22—23 cases discharge prints 28" 21 cs. each 50 pcs. 1cs. 32 pcs.
B. B. 368 and B. 1257—1 bale printed red fents, pieces and shorts.

OF SPECIAL INTEREST TO CONTRACTORS, HOUSE BUILDERS TIMBER MERCHANTS AND FURNITURE MAKERS.

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 100 TONS TEAK SQUARES.

THIS DAY SATURDAY, the 27th of May, 1922, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. MEHTA and Co., will sell by Public Auction at the Sewree Bunder by order of Seth Mulchand Madanchand:—

About 100 Tons Teak squares above 10 ft. and 9/18" inches. Marks HS. BS. etc.

MEHTA & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 27th May, 1922.

GANDHI & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Agents.
No. 52, Medows Street, Fort.
Telephone No. 4227.

SALE TO-DAY AT 4-30 P. M., (S. T.)

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY SITUATE AT COW LANE GIRGAUM WITHOUT THE FORT OF BOMBAY.

Under instructions from Mr. Nathalal Narottamdas and another the mortgagees and on account and at the risk of Mr. Sunderrao Vidyram alias Narayan Trimbak the mortgagor in pursuance of the power of sale reserved to the mortgagee under Indentures of mortgage dated the 12th August 1918 and Further charge dated the 14th October 1920, and made between the mortagor of the one part and the mortgagee of the other part Messrs. GANDHI and Co., Auctioneers will on SATURDAY, the 27th May 1922, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by public auction the undermentioned immoveable property on the Premises.

SCHEDULE.

All that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax land or ground together with the messuage tenements or dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being at Cow Lane (Girgaum) outside the Fort and in the registration sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 89 square yards or thereabouts registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 679 New No. 3075 Old Survey No. 516 and New Survey No. 7726 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "D" Ward No 840 and Street No. 3 and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East by the property of Rkhamabai, on or towards West by the property of Madhavrao Moroba, on or towards the North by the property of J. M. Deyds and on or towards the South by a public passage, and which premises are now in the occupation of the mortgagor's tenants

For further particulars and conditions of sale please apply to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF ELECTRICAL CHANDALIERS CEILING FITTING LAMPS, ELECTRICAL LAMPS, TABLES BRACKETS ETC., ETC.

On WEDNESDAY, the 1st June, 1922, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. GANDHI and Co., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms No. 52, Medows Street, Fort, a fresh consignment of Electrical Lamps etc including.

30 Ceiling Electrical Chandaliers (Iumars) of Brass and bronze of 3-4-5 and 7 lights, compiete.
7 Ceiling fitting Lamps of white shade.
24 Ceiling lamps of 4 lights.
1 Lot Electrical lamps.
1 Lot brackets of different sizes.
16 Table brackets with shades.
1 Bronze Hall lamp etc., etc.

The above will be on view four days before the date of sale and will be sold in convenient lots.

GANDHI & CO.
Auctioneers
Bombay, 27th May, 1922.

AUCTION SALE

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Agents,
(21, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.)

WEEKLY SALE.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co., will on WEDNESDAY, the 31st May, 1922, at 3 p.m. (S. T.) sell by Public Auction at their Sale rooms the following:—

By order of Messrs. The Indo British Co., Ltd., and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Manilal Maganlal, Proprietor, The Universal Mill Gin & General Stores Co. of Bruce Lane, Bombay.

Ex. s.s. CLAN MACKINNON.
I B C Bombay 8/10—3 cases Healds Counts 36, 40, 44, 48, 52.
By order of the Bank concerned.
6 cases Super Jute Twine each 41 8/12 doz. lbs. 400 packets No. 34E, 24E, 16E, 1½ oz. open.
53 cases Libley's provision:—Mixed pickle, tomato cutchup, cooked corn beef, ox, sheep and lunch tongues, assorted potted meat and Oxford sausages.
1 case and 2 parcels felt filtering bags.
1 case satin ribbon.
1 case art silk lace etc.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 27th May, 1922.

AMUSEMENTS

UNDER THE KIND PATRONAGE OF H. H. THE
Maharaja Sayajirao Gaekwar
OF BARODA

Candharva Natak Mandali

will stage at the
New Elphinstone Theatre, Grant Road,
Saturday 27th May 1922 at 8-30 p. m. (S. T.)
Sangit SANSHAYAKALLOL Acts 5
Sunday 28th May 1922 at 3 p. m. (S. T.)
Sangit VIDYAHARAN Act 3
Monday 29th May 1922 at 3 p.m. (S.T.)
Day performance
Sangit EKACH I PYALA Act 5

TICKETS can be had at Nanashankar Shet's Temple Tardeo Road, near Grant Road Station.

Proprietor GANDHARVA N. MANDALI.

Under Public Patronage,
Lalitkala Darsha Sangit Mandali.
Founded by
Late Mr. KESHAORAO BHOSALE
will Stage at
Grand Road, Bombay Theatre, Bombay,
on
Saty, 27th, May, 1922 at 8-30 p. m.(S.T.)
RAKSHASI MAHATWAKANKSHA.
Sunday, 28th, May, 1922 at 3 p. m. (S.T.)
HACH MULACHA BAP.
Monday, 29th May, 1922 at 3 p.m (S. T.)
SHAHA-SHIVAJI.

CINEMA MAJESTIC

Tram Terminus Girgaum,

FOUR SHOWS:—5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-30.

TO-NIGHT

SEE

Antonio Moreno

AND

Pavline Curled

the popular stories of the serial

INVISIBLE HAND

in

VITAGRAPH'S LAST SERIAL

VEILED MYSTERY

an amazing most exciting serial ever produced in pictures yet

IT STARTS TO-DAY

DON'T MISS THE FIRST THREE EPISODES

of gripping situations and thrilling climaxes

EXTRA MATINEES TO-DAY AND TOMOROW

also on Bank holidays at 3-30 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS

GLOBE CINEMA

SANDHURST ROAD, PHONE. No. 3455.

One Week only

Commencing TO-DAY, May 27th at 5-30, 7, 8-45 & 10-30 p.m

The William Fox Super-Production

Featuring

Theda Bara

AS

Cleopatra

IN

"THE REIGN OF THE CAESARS'

—POPULAR PRICES—

A "JEWEL" SUPER-PRODUCTION!

To-Night and This Week.

"Sirens of The Sea"

(6 Reels) featuring

LOUISE LOVELY-CARMEL MYERS-and JACK MULHALL

It is an Universal Photodrama full of delightful incidents, beautiful scenery, lovely Sea nymphs, and an exciting plot.

"Sirens of The Sea"

The Programme includes the latest Universal International News and a screaming Comedy.

"Heart Breakers"

Five Shows To-day and To-morrow at: 3-30; 5-30; 7; 8-45 & 10-30 p.m. (S.T.)

WEST-END CINEMA

(NEW CHURNEY ROAD).

THE STAR CINEMA

Grant Road, Tram Terminus,
EXTRA Show To-day & To-morrow 3-30 p. m.
Four Shows 5-15, 7, 8-45, 10-30
TO-NIGHT
OUR SPECIAL SELECTED PROGRAMME

(1) Lord Damby's Jewells.

The most powerful detective drama in 3 reels;

The international thieves were cleverest in the world and their power was world-wide. Yet they were tricked and defeated by a clever young detective, working alone. See it in our most interestig drama.

Also a roaring Comedy in two reels.
Featuring world's funniest man

BILLIE WEST

together with our popular wonder serial

WHIRLWIND

Episodes 10 and 11
Featuring
CHARLES HUTCHISON

IMPERIAL

To-Night & Third Week
A Pathe Serial
JUANITA HANSEN
in
"THE YELLOW ARM"
with
Warner Oland and Marguirete Courtot
See this astounding mystery serial! It will keep you at fever pitch of excitement, Breath—Catching-Sensational-Adventures.

Episode, 7th, In the Dead of Night
" 8th, Sumggled Aboard.
" 9th, The Kingdom of Decoit.

PATHE GAZETTE

Daily, 7, 8-45 & 10-30. P. M.
Saturday & Bank Holiday at 5 P. M.
Sunday at 3-30 & 5-15. P. M.
Prices as Usual
ALWAYS A GOOD SHOW.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EMPRESS.

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW AT
3; 4-30; 8-15 and 10 P.M.

PATHE'S LATEST SERIAL
PATHE'S LATEST SERIAL
PATHE'S LATEST SERIAL

CHARLES HUTCHINSON
The Thrill-A-Minute Stunt King
IN
"HURRICANE HUTCH."
"HURRICANE HUTCH."
"HURRICANE HUTCH."
and an All Star Cast Including
CHARLES HUTCHINSON
WARNER OLAND
ANN HASTINGS
LUCY FOX
COMMENCING TO-DAY !!!
The First Three Episodes :—
1. "The Secret Cipher."
2. "The Cycle Bullet."
3. The Millionth Chance."

Please Note that This Serial which features CHARLES HUTCHINSON *should NOT* be confounded with any other film featuring Hutchinson, and is absolutely PATHE'S LATEST AND BEST SERIAL. FOR SPECIAL ADVERTISEMENT SEE PAGE 13 of this paper.

The Excelsior Theatre.

SUPER-PICTURE SEASON.

From Saturday 27th to Wednesday 31st
6-30 Twice Nightly. 9-45.

TWO STUPENDOUS FILM ATTRACTIONS
SAT. 27th, SUN. 28th, MON. 29th
The First of the World's Super-film.
Productions and Never Surpassed
GABRIELLE D'ANNUNZIO'S
Great Cinema Opera
"CABIRIA"

A Romantic Story of the 3rd. Punic Wars Produced on a Scale of Magnificence by the finest Italian Studios which has never been Equalled.

TUESDAY 30th & WEDNESDAY 31st.
The Wildest Harum Scarum, Jolliest and at times pathetic figure of the Screen.
MARY PICKFORD.
MARY PICKFORD.
in her second picture from her own Studio
"THE HOODLUM"
"THE HOODLUM"
10 Mary Pickfords you have never seen. The advantures of a spoiled Heiress who lives in the slums.
PRICES :—From Rs. 2/-/- to Annas 4.

THE EMPIRE.

TO-DAY and TO-MORROW AT
4-30, 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p. m.
AN ABSOLUTELY NEW PRODUCTION
A MODERNISED VERSION
of Mrs. Henry Wood's Immortal Story
"EAST LYNNE"
"EAST LYNNE"
"EAST LYNNE"

The noble manse whose roof sheltered the lovers—and in whose halls transpired every humane motion.

A Hugo Ballin Production, modernizing and immortalizing this beloved story,

Founded on the Novel known by 50,000,000 readers and on the play seen by five generations.

The Zenith of Photoplay Production, the film classic that will endure.

Featuring—Mabel Ballin and Edward Earle.

Distributed by PATHE CINEMA Exchange

GENUINE INDIAN HANDMADE
FOOTWEARS
FOR THE UP-TO-DATE CLASS
TO SUIT ALL POCKETS
Latest Styles, Handsewn
Best Finish, Durable
For everyday use or Presentation During Marriage and Festive Seasons.
BUY A PAIR READY MADE OR MADE TO ORDER NO DIFFERENCE
LADIE'S & CHILDREN'S
BOOTS and SHOES
ALWAYS IN STOCK.
SAJJAD HOSSEIN
ALTAF HOSSEIN
Opposite Post Office No 9.
Sandhurst Road, BOMBAY.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Liverpool, May 25th.

	Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool	12 000
,, ,, Sales on Spec. & for Exp	—
,, ,, Sales of East India	Nil
,, ,, Import	—
EGYPTIAN FUTURE PRICE :—	
Mid American Spot	12 01
Egyptan F. G. F. Sakels	18 75
New York, 11 a.m. July	20 16
(As known in Liverpool at Oct.	19 92
closing time.) Jan.	19 69
New Orleans 9 a.m. July	19 83
Oct.	19 44

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, May 25th.

Months.	To-day's price.
May	11 82
June	11 63
July	11 65
Aug.	11 53
Sept.	—
Oct.	11 38
Nov.	—
Dec.	—
Jan.	11 19
Feb.	—
Mar.	11 05
April	—

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, May 25th.

Months.	To-day's prices.
May	11 68
June	11 56
July	11 52
August	11 44
September	11 34
Oct.	11 27
November	11 19
December	11 12
January	11 07
February	11 02
March	19 97
April	19 92

Tone :—Quiet.

EGYPTIAN COTUON.

Liverpool, May 25th.

Months	To-day's price.
May	17 60
June	17 65
July	17 70
Aug.	17 85
Sept.	18 00
Oct.	18 10
Nov.	18 25
Dec.	18 30
Jan.	18 40

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, May 25th.

M. G. Bengal Good	7 90
,, ,, Fully Good	8 30
,, ,, Fine	8 70
,, ,, No. 1 Oomra, Good	9 30
,, ,, ,, Fully HGood	9 75
,, ,, ,, Fine	10 25
M. G. Broach Good	10 20
,, ,, Fully Good	10 65
,, ,, Fine	11 05
M. G. Scinde Good	7 60
,, ,, Fully Good	8 20
,, ,, Fine	8 60

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, May 24th

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	23,000
,, Exports to Great Britain	2,000
,, ,, to Continant	4,000
Futures at New York July	20 27
,, ,, ,, Oct.	20 04
,, ,, ,, Dec.	19 99
,, ,, ,, Jan.	19 84
Spot Cotton at New York	21 50
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	20 00
Futures at New York July	19 92
Futures at New Orleans Oct.	19 57
Fair Rio Office (No. 7 quality)	10 10/16
Demand Bills	—
Silver Commercial U. S. mined	99 5/8
Do. Foreign	72 1/8

AMERICAN COTTON MARKET.

New York, May 25th.

Future at New York	July	20 35
	Oct.	20 08
	Dec.	19 95
	Jan	19 81

Liverpool, May 25th.

Cotton Del. M.U. G.O.C. Liverpool	May	11 68
	July	11 82
	Oct.	11 27
	Jan.	11 07

London, May 25th.

Telegraphic Transfers	1/3 25/32 Quiet
Bar Gold	4/12/5 Quiet
Bar Silver Spot	36 5/8 Steady

MONEY MARKET.

London, May 24th.

Rentes 3%	57 3 4
Bar Silver Spot	36 1 2
,, ,, 2 months hence	36 1/2
Closing Tone of Silver :—India sold Buyers holding back. Steady.	
Interest day to day loans	2
,, 7 day Market loans	2 1/2
Discount, Bank of England Rates	4

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London, May 24th.

WHEAT.

Rosario Santa Fe 62 1/2 lbs. May-June Paid Buyers	55/3
Barletta Russo 54 lbs. May-June Buyers	54/9
Australian 62 lbs. May Buyers	57/3

Tone :—Steadier.

SHARES.

Chartered Bank	£ 18
Hongkong	£ 119
National	£ 44 1/2
P. & O Banking Corporation	£ 14 3/8

SEEDS.

Rapeseed, Ferozepore Real Bold May-June Sellers	£ 18 1/2
Rayeseed, Yellow Guzerat, 416 lbs. ex-Ship May-June Sellers	£ 19 1/2
Rapeseed, Brown, Cawnpore 416 lbs. ex-Ship May-June Sellers	£ 17 1/4
Tone of Rapeseed :—Slow.	
Linseed, Bombay per 416 lbs. ex-Ship May-June Nominal	£ 21
Tone of Linseed :—Dull.	
Cottonseed, Bombay sound delivered per ton May-June Quiet	£ 9 1/8
Toria Rapeseed :—May-June Sellers	£ 18 3/8
Lidseed, Argentine May-June rather steadier poor trade Buyers	£ 19 1 4
Tone :—	

METALS.

English best Selected Copper	£ 66
Standard Copper G. M. B.	£ 62 1/4
Copper Braziers	£ 83 1/2
Yellow Metal	8 1/4
Hard Spelter	22
Corrugated Sheets	£ 15 3/4

WAR LOANS, ETC.

Funding Loans 4% 1960/90	£ 87 5/8
Victory Bonds 4 %	£ 89 5/8
War loan 5% 1929/47	£ 90 7/8
Consols 2 1/2 %	57 5/8
Rupee Paper 3 1/2 %	37 1/2
Indian Stock 3 1/2 % (Sterling Loan)	68 3/4
Govt. Securities 3 %	58
7 % Indian Loan	£ 114 3/4

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure, June-July,	10 1/4
Plantation First Latex Crepe June Paid	7 1 4
Foreign ol Coal Cardiff to Bombay	21
Tone :—We ker after steadier.	

JAVA SUGAR.

Brown Cawnpore 16 18 C. & F. Calcutta June-July Sellers	16/3
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta June Sellers	18/3
Do- Do. June-July Sellers	18 1 1/2
Fine White Java C. & F. Bombay June-July Sellers	19 1 1/2
Fine White Java C. & F. Karachi June-July Sellers	19 4 1/2
Tone :—	

BOMBAY MARKET

COTTON.

May 26.

To-day 9 points were reported higher in New York futures and the Marwari bazar opened this morning for F. G. M. G. Broach July-August at Rs. 517 and gradually declined to Rs. 513 on selling by a prominent Bull operator. After fluctuating between Rs. 515½ and Rs. 512½ the rate at 4 p.m. remained Rs. 513½. The Bazar finally closed at Rs. 513½. At Colaba the market opened at Rs. 513 and going up to Rs. 517½ closed at Rs. 516½. Fine M. G. Oomra July opened at Rs. 435 and declined to Rs. 432. It then improved to Rs. 435½ on scattered buying and the rate at 4 p.m. was Rs. 432. F. G. M. G. Bengal July was Rs. 365 nominal.

Our market for ready cotton was a bit quiet yesterday and the demand was moderate.

The market here has been steady and we expect the prices to go higher in the near future provided that Home markets are strong.

COLABA CLOSING QUOTATIONS (6 P. M.)

Bombay, May 26th.

		Rs.
Fully Good Broach	July-August	516 1/2
Fully Good Bengal	July	370
Fine Oomra	July	435 1/2
Southerns	July/August	503

COTTON CONTRACTS BOARD QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, May 26th.

		Rs.
Fully Good Broach	July-Augt	513
Fully Good Bengal	July	366
Fine Oomra's	July	432
Southerns	July/August	500

SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, May 26th

Description, Super Fine F Good Good fine								
M. G. Bengal and Sind Punjab				382	362	342		
M. G. Oomra's No. 4				447	432	417		
M. G. Central P. No. 1				482	457	452		
M. G. Central P. No. 2				467	462	437		
M. G. Broach				520	510	500		
Southerns				520	510	500		

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton produce etc., for the 48 hours ending 6 p. m. on 25th May 1922.

Cotton	19815 Bales
Wheat	35146 Owts.
Linseed	30681 ,,
Rape, etc	6091 ,,
Gingelly seed	2855 ,,
Poppyseed	1633 ,,
Groundnuts	1192 ,,
Castorseed	9958 ,,
Rice	48142 ,,
Myrabollams	4987 ,,
Cottonseed	28802 ,,
Mowraseed	NU ,,
Gram	5554 ,,
Juwar	2584 ,,
Masur	186 ,,
Barley	1496 ,,
Bajra	4503 ,,
Coal	527 Tons.

PIECE-GOODS.

May 26.

A quiet tone has prevailed in the Cloth Market during the past week. No new feature of interest has been noticeable. Rupee rates have been nominally study, but needy sellers have been anxious to get rid of their stocks at congessions. Some dealers can afford to sell at lower rates the goods to arrive, which have been purchased at cheap prices. But as soon as the rates are cut down, it means a heavy loss to other merchants, who have bought at higher limits. There has been a total absence of demand, wholesale as well as retail, from up-country. The demand from local dealers has been from hand to mouth and is hardly worth mentioning. Some small transactions have however, resulted amongst the merchants in the Bazar at cut prices.

Manchester Grey shirtings have been moving off slowly. Some sized cloths similar to the Japanese makes have been finding favour with buyers. Fresh shipments of Grey shirtings are expected to arrive shortly and as stocks of these styles are scarce, they will fetch good prices. Drills and Jaconets have remained steady at the rates of the previous week. White shirtings have not shewn any change. Some parcels of 58 inches by 20 yards Red End Mulls have changed hands in the bazaar at Rs. 8-12 per piece, which shows a fair reduction. Other sorts have been neglected. There has been no activity in Nainsooks and the general tone has been quieter. The best part of the season has been passing off without any demand, which means that the stocks will have to be carried over during the monsoon period, thereby increasing the cost heavily.

The Manchester Market has been firm and quotations of some cloths have tended to harden. Many sellers have presented a stiffer front to buyers, but needy makers are still to be found who offer to accept business at reasonable rates, but it is difficult to get merchants to improve their limits. The output of cloth at the Mills is said to be much larger than earlier in the year, and it is possible that shipments in the near future will be on a larger scale. It is gratifying to note that the dispute in the cotton industry, which resulted in the employers declaring a lockout on 27th May has been settled.

The Cloth Markets were closed on Friday on account of the Amwas holiday and will be closed on 3rd June owing to the King's Birthday and on 6th June on account of Bhim Agiarus holiday.

The quotations for the leading chops of Greys and Whites are as under :—

GREY SHIRTINGS—

	Ins.	Yds.	Rs.	a.	p
Ralli's Fari No. 2600	39×37 1/2/8		14	8	0
,, 100,000	45× ,,		17	8	0
,, No. 33,000	45× ,,		15	8	0
,, ,, 2800	37× ,,				
Graham's No. 2730	39× ,,		14	4	0
,, Yellow Horse	43×39		16	0	0
,, No. 2310	44×38 1/2		16	0	0
Dewhurste BBB	38×38 1/2		23	0	0
,, BB	38×38 1/2		19	0	0
,, Rupes No. 5	38×38 1/2				
Ratcs' No. 12838	41×37 1/2/8				
Bombay Co.'s No. 2580	44×38 1/2				
,, No. 1500	39×37 1/2/38		14	8	0
,, No. 5600	38×37 1/2/38				
Ritchie's No. 510	39×37 1 1/2/38		14	0	0
,, No. 4462	41×,,				
,, No. 1566	33×37 37 1/2				
Forbes' 651	38×37 1/2/8				
Lyon's Shunker	39×,,				

GREY DRILLS—

Pepperell's Dragon	29×40 Net		22	12	0
Ralli's Masjid No. 425	26×40		14	0	0
Mitsui's Elephant	29×40		21	0	0

GREY JACONETS—

Ralli's No. 18	45×22		8	14	0
,, ,, 18	40×22		7	14	0
,, ,, 138	40×22				
,, ,, 636	44×22		7	10	0

WHITE SHIRTINGS—

Liepman's No. 1500	32×42		27	4	0
H.B.T.C. 40000	36×40		32	8	0
Ralli's No. 9889	33×40		22	0	0
Forbes' K. B. 100	33×40		19	8	0
,, 151	33×40		17	8	0

WHITE MULLS—

Ralli's No. 6	41×19				
,, No. 60	46×19				
,, No. 600	51×19		12	8	0
,, No. 6000	56×19				
,, No. 88	58×20		9	0	0
,, No. 1270	27×18		4	7	0
,, No. 818	39×20		10	0	0
,, No. 1440	36×20		6	2	0
,, No. 5352	42×20		12	8	0
,, No. 2755	42×20		14	0	0
,, No. 1703	52×20	Net	17	8	0
Ritchie's No. 1260	27×18		4	7	0
,, No. 119	37×18		5	8	0
,, No. 220	42×18		6	0	0
,, No. 339	47×18		6	8	0
,, 1K/4R 38",43" 48",	53×18		6	12	0
,, No. 95	58×20		8	12	0
,, No. 66999	40×18		6	12	0
,, No. 86999			7	4	0
,, No. 775	40×18				
,, No. 885	45×18				
,, No. 975	50×18				
,, No. 515	,,		8	6	0
Graham's Baloon	58×20				
,, No. 142	34×19				
,, No. 856	36×18		11	0	0
Greaves' No. 5660	27×18				

WHITE NAINSOOKS—

Ralli's No. 7070/9090	27×18		5	4	0
,, No. 61/81	,,		4	8	0
,, No. 1900	,,		4	4	0
,, No. 39620 T.B.	38×22		6	12	0
Graham's Nos. 88/8888	28×18		5	8	0
,, 95950/97970					
,, Saraswati	38×18				
,, Tipoo W/WWW	34×18		6	12	0
,, No. 50000	,,		7	4	0
,, No. 33340/33350/33360	,,		7	12	0
Lyons' No. 4545/5656/6767	26×18		4	12	0
Greaves' No. 30000/50000	,,		4	12	0
,, No 8000 T.B.	38×22		7	4	0
Ritchie's Nos. 3500/4510/5520	26×18		4	12	0
S. W. & Co's Nos. 5500/5620 "Motor Car"	,,				
Bombay Co's ZZ/ZZZZ	,,				

The above quotations are on bazaar terms, with discount of 3 1/2 per cent on Grey Goods and 4 per cent, on White Goods.

STOCK OF PIECE-GOODS AND YARNS.

The list issued by the Bombay Chamber of Commerce indicates a stock of 18,137 bales and 27,713 cases of cotton piece-goods as on 30th April last, which shows a decrease of 2,528 bales and 3,070 cases compared with the figures of the previous month. The stock of cotton Twist and Yarns on the 30th April last stands at 17,077 packages, which shows an increase of 2,655 packages as compared with the previous month. The approximate total deliveries during April last have been 10,898 packages of cotton piece-goods and 8,476 packages of yarns. The imports during April, 1922, of cotton piece-goods have been 5,300 packages, and of cotton twist and yarns 11,131 packages, including those from Japan.

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, May 26th.

Bombay.	Market rates.
Bank Telegraphic	1-3 11/16
Bank Demand	1-3 23/32
Doc. Acceptance 3m /s	1-3 15-16
Fcs Demand	318
American Dollars	347
Honkong Dollars	203
Shanghai	281
Japan	162 1/2
Singaporse	178 1-2

Market Steady.

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Bombay, May 26th—6 p. m.

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Bombay Grain Merchants' Association :—

	Bazar Terms. Ready	Rs.	a.	p.	Rail Delivery. Rs.	a.	p.
Wheat, White Delhi 70-30		65	0	0	9	10	0
Wheat, White Cawnpore 70-3065		0	0	0	9	10	0
Wheat, Karachi Bangla		68	0	0	9	12	0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi		10	12	0	11	6	0
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore		10	12	0	11	6	0
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore		12	8	0	13	0	0
Linseed, Brown Bold		14	8	0	15	2	0
Linseed, Brown Thin		14	2	0	14	10	0
Teelseed, White 85-15		80	0	0	16	8	0
Teelseed, Gajar 75-25		78	0	0	—	—	
Teelseed, Gajar 50-50		75	0	0	—	—	
Teelseed Black		70	0	0	—	—	
Poppyseed, White		14	0	0	15	0	0
Groundnuts		76	0	0	—	—	
Jawa		—	—	—	—	—	

(Continued on next page.)

Telegrams :—Chemicolor, Bombay. *Telephone* 3643 & 2331, Bombay

K. H. KABBUR & CO.

(K. H. KABBUR)
Colours Chemicals—Millstores
56, Esplanade Road, Fort BOMBAY.
also at
LONDON—ALEXANDRIA—PARIS—MILAN.
MADRAS—CALCUTTA—DELHI—MADURA, etc.
Aniline, Alizarinearine, Indanthrine and Anglo-Colours, also heavy Chemicals Dyeing, Printing, Leather, paper and other works.
The following Consignments just received :—

SULPHUR BLACK	Indanthrine BLUE RS (double parts)
CONGORED	Indanthrine BLUE G. C. D. (Single and double paste)
RHODAMINE	Indanthrine YELLOW G. T.
ORANGE II	Indanthrine Red VIOLET RRN
DIRECT YELLOW	ALGOL-RED, BLUE PINK, etc.

TRIAL ORDERS SOLICITED.

AMBER TIPS TEA
India's National Drink.

Grown in the most beautiful climate in the world, where the workmen are contented and happy, and lead an ideal life, under the shadow of the "Eternal Snows".

AMBER TIPS

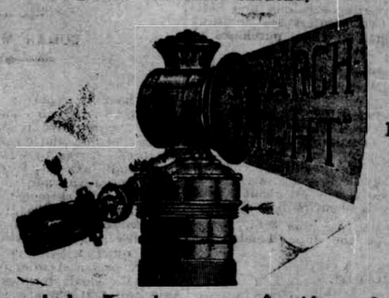
Is offered to you, as the purest, most fragrant, and most wholesome drink that India has produced.

Sold by all dealers in Bombay at the following prices :—

ORANGE PEKOE BLEND. Re. 1/8.
PEKOE BLEND. Re. 1/4.

AMBER TIPS TEA COMPANY,
AMBER TIPS BUILDING,
BYCULLA, BOMBAY.

"Daylight by Night"
Improved "Search-Light" Bicycle Gas Lantern.
Burns Calcium Carbide.



Universal Bracket
Heavy screw threads absolutely gas-tight.

Note : Special Features of the Improved "Search-Light" Gas Lantern

The Improved "Search-Light" Acetylene Gas Lantern is now the most successful bicycle lamp on the market. It is simple and easy to operate, has no complicated parts—no wrench or tool is necessary. Made of brass, highly polished and nickel-plated.
It is absolutely gas-tight, will not jar out in use on rough roads. Equipped with large improved jewelled side lights, two and one-half inch ground doubled convex lens, and concave reflector.
Throws a clear, brilliant, penetrating light.
Every "Search-Light" Lantern is guaranteed by the makers.

UNIVERSAL Bracket, : With this bracket the lamp can be attached to either the head or fork of the bicycle easily and quickly and the lamp adjusted to any desired angle. The Improved bicycle "Search-Light" is constructed upon the drip principle. A plate is used at the bottom with an upright tube, around which the carbide is placed when the lamp is filled so that the water supply is carried to the bottom. Another plate is located over the tube on top of the carbide, which obviates the necessity of filling the carbide chamber separately.

The Improved "Search-Light" is a bicycle lamp of merit and is commended for the use of Cyclists.

Rs. 19-12 each.

The ADVANCE MOTOR Co.,

"The Home Of Auto Accessories."
Lamington Road, BOMBAY.
Telegrs: "Automotive".....*Phone. No.* 5121.

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(Econ. London), Bar-at-law.
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No. 1, Cantonment Road. Lucknow. U. P.

COMMERCIAL.

(Continued from previous page.)

Mowraseed	..	..	..	8	0	0	..	..
Barley	..	..	..	44	0	0	..	..
Castorseed	..	..	..	55	0	0	..	..
Cotton Seeds Bead	..	..	..	38	0	0	5	10 0

Forward:	Rs.	a.	p.
Wheat-May	9	13	9
Wheat-Aug-Sept.	10	4	6
Linseed May	15	4	6
Linseed Sept	16	2	3

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET.

May 26.

Bars gold ready, Rs. 27-4.
Bars gold forward, 27-3-6.
Bars gold 2nd settlement, 27.
Bars silver ready, 95-10.
Bars silver 1st settlement, 95-7.
Bars silver 2nd settlement, 95-5.

EXCHANGE.

B C Rate—Bank's selling T T, 1/3 19/32.
Bank's selling D D, 1/3 5/8.
On London—Bank's selling T T, 1/3 11/16.
Bank's selling D D, 1/3 23/32.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A, 1/3 15/16.
Bank's buying T T, 1/3 3/4.
Bank's buying D D, 1/3 13/16.
Tone of Exchange—Steady market.
On Paris—Bank's selling D D, Frcs 315.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A, Frcs 335.
Bank's buying D D, Frcs 325.
On Japan—Bank's selling T T, Rs. 163.
Bank's buying 60 D/st D P, Rs. 158.
On Hongkong—Bank's selling D D, Rs. 203.
On Shanghai—Bank's selling D D, Rs. 281.
On Singapore—Bank's selling D D, Rs. 178¼.
On New York—Bank's selling D D, Rs. 347.
London gold ready—sh. 93-5.
London silver ready—d. 36-10.
London silver forward—d. 36-8.
Tone of silver—Quiet—Steady, China and India bought, Continent sold.
Cross rates on London to the Pound Sterling.
American Exchange—Dollars 4.45.
French Exchange—Frcs 48.60.
Swiss Exchange—Frcs 23.30.
Belgium Exchange—Frcs 52.70.
Italian Exchange—Frcs 84.60.
German Exchange—Mrks 1260.
Prague Exchange—Krons 233.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

3½ per cent Paper, Rs. 59.
5 per cent War Loan, 86-8.
4 per cent Terminable Loan, 98.
4 per cent Conversion Loan, 78.
5½ per cent War Bonds due 1922, 99-14.
5½ per cent War Bonds due 1928, 101.
6 per cent Government of India Bonds due 1926, 100-8.
6 per cent Government of India Bonds due 1930, 100-8.
6½ per cent Bombay Development Loan due 1935, 103-12.
4 per cent Bombay Port Trust due 1974, 65.
6 per cent Bombay Port Trust due 1930, 95.
4 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1974, 65.
6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1929 to 49, 95.
4 per cent Bombay Improvement Trust due 1974, 65.

FINANCE.

Money still continues steady to firm. There is a better inquiry for funds from Calcutta and Rangoon, where export business is far more active than it is on our side. America and Japan have been large buyers of Hessians and the price has improved from Rs. 12 to Rs. 20-8, within the last two months. As soon as exports slacken plenty of money will be available in the market.

Exchange was steady round 1/3 11/16 both here and in Calcutta, where bills are showing everyday. Some business in exports was done on this side also. The undertone is still healthy, although small reactions are possible. A fair amount of exchange was bought for bullion imports.

Gold opened steady on the news of the sinking of the mail-boat "Egypt", but soon eased off on firmer sterling exchange and bulls unloading. Most of the dealers are fulfilling their contracts by making fresh purchases in the London Market.

The stock is estimated at about five lakhs tolas and the off-take is about 30,000 tolas a day.

Silver oscilated between Rs. 95 and Rs. 96. The chief factor has been China, which both bought and sold. It is reported that the over-sold exchange position of the Chinese speculators in Shanghai is now well-nigh covered, and at the lower basis exports are strengthening. The stock is estimated at about 2,200 bars, and the off-take is about 80 bars a day.

The Shanghai-London rate was 3/6½, Hongkong-London 2/6½, and the Japan-London 2/1 5/8.

SHARES.

The market was quite steady this week with good business passing in Cotton Mill shares, for forward delivery. The speculators have continued their manipulations with success and bears who have been carrying forward their sales find little or no relief to cover sales at a profit. The bulls, be it said to their credit, whether right or wrong, have sailed the stormy months of hard money finance with great tact and it is quite possible that they would have their way, should a proper and regular monsoon burst on the Western coast. Besides after the middle of June, more money will be available in the market, and the financing of the shares would not be difficult. Also the trade conditions have improved not only in India, but in China, America and other countries. Things do not look as bad as they did a few months back, and should the favourable balance of trade continue, we believe investors would enter the market in those shares which are not controlled by the Syndicates.

Both the yarn and the cloth markets are active and our textile industry is still in a unique position, most mills having stocked the raw material at remunerative rates.

In the miscellaneous section. Trams were steady round Rs. 125 and Tata Iron and Steels at about Rs. 215. Bank shares were steady, Imperial Banks at Rs. 1415 and contributories at Rs. 382-8, Tata Bank at Rs. 17-8 and Indias at Rs. 117-8.

The market closed steady.

The following are the closing rates of the Bombay Stock Exchange:—

BANKS.

Imperial 1415, India 117-8, Central 37-8, Tata Bank 17-8 and Eastern 88-8.

COTTON MILLS.

Ahmedabad Advance 2600, Alliance 305 n, Apollo 90, Birla Mills 85, Bombay Cotton 1170, Bombay Dyeing 1515, Bradbury 1180, Century 817-8, Central India 4945, Colaba Land 2260, Coorla 270, Crescent 570, Currimbhoy 1732-8, David 1680, Edward Sassoon 540, Elphinstone 157-8, Fazulbhoy 1440, Gokak 232-12, Indore-Malwa 647-8, Khatao 640, Kohinoor 3565, Kastoor chand 1000, Madhowji 535, Mathuradas 880, Meyer Sassoon 325, New Great 805, New City 680, Pabani 940, Pearls 1132-8, Phoenix 930, Premier 162-8, Shapurji 370, Simplex 920, Standard 2300 n, Swadeshi 5335, Tata Mill 1080 and Vishnu Cotton 2175.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 535, Bombay-Burma 525, Bombay-Burma N I 147-8 pr, Bt Burma Pet 10-8, Bombay Tramway 121-4, Bombay Flour 1450, Bombay Steam 230, Bundi Cement 41, Indian Cement 280-8, Katni ord 287-8, Katni def 1275, New India 19, Shivrajpur 28, Tata Iron ord 58-12, Tata Iron def 212-8, Tata Iron N ord 53-12, Tata Iron N def 185, Tata Hydro 842-8, Tata Oil 45 and Scindia Steam 6-8.

YARN MARKET.

May 26.

A slow but steady improvement has been noticeable in our market during this week and although spot clearances have been small due to various reasons such as slack demand, transport difficulties, marriage season, Ramzan month, holidays, etc., intervening the undertone is not at all discouraging. Raw Cotton has remained steady with tendency to rise further and advices from all markets outside India show that there should be some improvement in all kinds of yarns sooner or later. consuming centres are no doubt in want of goods, but they purchase very sparingly with a hope to strike their bargains at advantageous rates.

In English yarns doubles experience a better inquiry from mills and prices have improved. Good quality is rather scarce and goods to come are also reported to have sold at better rates. Single yarns, however, meet with poor demand owing to large stocks and keen Japanese competition, whereas stocks of Cops are also lessening, a good lot having been sold during this week. A good deal of inquiry for forward business is noticeable at lower limits but as the rates on the other side are unworkable, actual business reported is very small.

Business in Japanese yarns is lessening owing to unwillingness of dealers to raise their limits and of the Japanese Houses to sell at last week's rates in view to the strong tone of raw cotton and higher advices from Japan. Rumours have been current that the Japanese mills have lowered their usual qualities in order to supply cheaper yarns to India and thus to meet serious competition with the English and Indian yarns and if these have any truth in them, we give them a timely warning, for otherwise they stand the danger of losing this marekt altogether.

Indian mills have experienced some inquiry in their respective oeiknown bazar qualities at lower limits especially for forward deliveries, but business reported is small as they are unwilling to meet the dealers at their limits when cotton is steady and much outside competition does not seem probable. The difficulty however, is thet the dealers are unable to raise their limits at present so long as the actual demand is not satisfactory and spot clearances are small, whatever other circumstances there may be China is also quiet and is likely to remain so for some time still.

Judging from the present circumstances, we still maintain our opinion that there should be gradual improvement in yarns all round at least from the beginning of next month.

SUGAR MARKET.

May 26.

We have to report a steady market during the week with fair demand and prices for ready sugars have remained unchanged. Arrivals continue and do not allow the prices to advance. Owing to steadier advices from Karachi and Java there was small enquiry for New Crop Javas and small business has been done for June shipment White Java at 19s F B Harbour and June July shipment at 18s 9d F B Harbour. Karachi reports a steadier market with small business doing. Calcutta remains quiet with very little business doing. Java reports a steadier market following America with small business doing. Home and American markets are strong owing to good demand from Europe specially from Germany.

The following are the bazar rates and stocks:—

T M O Rs 22-12-0 equals 19s 6d F B Harbour stocks 3,000 bags.

Beet (Rs. 22-12-0 equals 19s 6d F B Harbour stocks 56,000 bags.

American Rs. 22-12-0 equals 19s 6d F B Harbour stocks 37,000 bags.

Mauritius Rs. 22-4-0 F B Harbour stocks 200,000 bags.

Arrivals:—

S S Trenaglos with 40,000 bags Mauritius sugar.

S S Drechenfels with 8,000 bags Beet sugar.

S S Sanuki Maru with 500 tons American sugar.

STOCKS AND DELIVERIES OF PIECE-GOODS & YARNS.

Description		A	B*	C	D	E	Corresponding Stocks on 30th April.				
		Stock on 31st Mar. 1922.	Imports during Apl. 1922.	Stock on 30th Apl. 1922.	Approximate total Deliveries during Apl. 1922.	Increase (+) or Decrease (-) of Stock at end of month compared with previous month.	1921.	1920.	1919.	1918.	1917.
(1) Cotton Piece-goods ..	Bales.	20,665	2,831	18 137	5 359	—2,528	29,716	23 023	48.440	42.541	30.716
(2) Cotton Piece-goods ..	Cases.	30,782	2,469	27,712	5.539	—3.070	46,973	8.360	7,136	13 509	32.480
(3) Silk and Woollen Piece-Goods	Bales	1,188	101	1.164	129	—24	1,425	829	1,484	1.035	887
(4) Silk and Woollen Piece-goods	Cases.	3,492	343	3,378	462	—119	3.799	1,108	1,463	956	1,619
(5) Cotton Twist and Yarns*	Packages.	14,422	11,131	17,0 7	8.476	+2,655	3,289	3 298	11,654	8.157	7.435
(6) Silk and Woollen Twist and Yarns ..	Packages.	1,017	3 290	,905	402	—112	1,881	2,072	4,246	2.765	2.845
(7) Copper—Braciers ..	Tons.	1,494	410	1.659	245	+165	1,735	550	91	551	1.642
(8) Yellow Metal—Sheets	Tons.	1,881	767	2.320	328	+439	1.539	17.178	493	321	613

* B. Including imports from Japan as follows:—(1) 710, (2) 57, (3) Nil, (4) 106, (5) 2,473 (6) 37, (7) Nil, (8) Nil. § These include 113 Bales of Raw Silk.

N. B.—Approximate Total Deliveries (Column D) are arrived at by adding Column A and Column B and deducting therefrom Column C. It should be noted, however, that the figures in Column B are obtained from the Bills of Entry and that the goods which they represent may not have been actually received in the Docks during the month named. The total Delivery Figures, therefore, while working out correctly in the long run, can only be considered as approximate in regard to each particular month.

SHARE REPORTS

BANKS.

Name	Paid up amount	Fee Div. be paid			Last Div.	Quotations to buy
	Rs.	Rs.			Rs.	Rs.
Allahabad Bank ..	100	100	Feb-Aug.		18%	400
Alliance ..	100	..	Jan-Aug.		17%	280
Baroda ..	50	100	Jan-July		15%	80
Imperial ..	500	500	Jan-July		16%	1415
„ Contributary ..	125		„			382/8
India ..	50	50	100 Jan-July		15%	117/8
Central ..	25	50	Feb-Oct.		14%	37/8
Tata Bank	22 1/2	75	„	as.	10	17,8
Chartered Bank ..	£.	5 £.5	apr-Oct.		„ £.	80
Eastern ..	£	5 £.10	„		„	88 8
Hongkong and Shanghai..	£125	£125	„		64% £.	97
MercantileBank of India	A £ 12	1/2 „	„		15%	£22 1 2
Bank of Morvi ..	10	25	Feb-Oct.		9%	9

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad Dholka ..	100	100	Mar-Sept.	8	3/4%	120
„ Chitij..	500	500	„	912%		605
Amritsar-Patty	100	100	„	9%		105
Central Provinces	100	100	„	6%		86
Chaparmukh Silghat ..	100	100	„	2%		55
Dacca Baramate ..	100	100	Feb-Aug.	5%		65
Khulna .. Bagirghat ..	100	100	„	4%		108
Larkhana ..	100	100	„	4%		62
Mandhra Bhoa ..	90	100	Feb-Aug.	„		58
Pachora Jamner ..	100	100	Feb-Aug.	„		55
Sara Sirajgunj ..	100	100	Mar-Sept.	4%		60
Sialkote Narowal ..	100	100	Apr-Oct.	5%		70
Sindh Light .	100	100	Jul.-Jan.	11%		110
Tapti Valley	500	500	Mar-Sept.	„		585
Upper Sindh Light ..	100	100	Feb-Aug.	4%		65

CEMENT AND MANGANESE COMPANIES.

Bundi Portland ..	10	10	July	1-13-4		41
Bomankua ..	5	..	..	..		4
Central mining ..	10	..	..	..6%	32	1/2
Indian Cement	250	250	..	17 1/2%	280	xd
Katni Cement ord. ..	100	100	„	12	287/8	
„ Defd ..	40	40	„	46	1275	
Jivrajpur ..	10	10	„	4	28	

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
Ah. Advance	500	500	Apr-Oct.	203	2600
Alliance cotton ..	100	100	„	..	305 n.
Appollo ..	50	..	„	„	90
Birla mills ..	100	..	„	„	85
By. Cotton	500	500	March	100	1170
By. Dyeing ..	250	250	Mar-apr.	88	1515
Bradbury ..	250	250	„	85	1180
Bombay Industrial	100	100	„	18	118
Century ..	100	100	Mar-Sep.	44	817/8
Cent. India .	500	500	May-Nov.	310	4945
Colaba Land	700	700	„	99	2260
Coorla ..	100	100	Mar-Sep.	..	270
Crescent ..	100	100	Mar-Sep.	58	570
Currimbhoy	250	250	„	110	1732/8
David ..	250	250	„	85	1680
Dawn ..	250	250	Jun-Dec.		1350
E. D. Sassoon United ..7	1/2	10	„	as.8	5
Edward Sassoon. ..	200	200	May-Nov.	50	540
Elphinstone	100	100	Feb-Aug.	15	157/8
Fazulbhoy ..	250	250	„	130	1440
Framji Petit	1000	1000	May	152	2302
Globe ..	100	100	„	„	230
Gokak ..	100	100	„	„	232/12
Indian Bleaching	100	100	„	„	200xd
Indore Malwa	100	100	Apr-Oct.	52	647/8
Jamshed Mfg.	250	250	Mar-Sep.	„	500 xd
Kastoorchand	500	500	Mar-Sep	52	1000
Khatao ..	100	100	„	„	640
Kilachand mill's ..	100	100	„	„	17/8
Kohinoor ..	500	500	„	151/4	3565
Luxmi Cotton	1000	1000	Mar-Aug.	„	4900
Madhavrao Scindia ..	100	100	„	28	270
Madhowji ..	500	500	„	„	535
Mathuradas	500	500	„	100	880
Manekji Petit ..	1000	1000	Mar-Sep.	300	4600
Meyer Sassoon	100	100	Mar-Sep.	25	325
Morarji ..	1000	1000	„	350	8325
New Great ..	200	200	„	46	805
New City ..	10	100	Apr-Oct.	„	680
Paban ..	250	250	„	92	940
Pearls ..	250	250	„	92	1132/8
Phoenix ..	100	100	Mar-Sep.		930
Premier ..	100	100	„	„	162/8
Planet ..	109	100	„	„	367/8
Presidency Mills ..	125	125	„	„	285
Sassoon Cotton ..	100	100	„	„	159
Shapurji ..	102	101	July	25	370
Sholapur ..	1000	1000	Sep-Mar.	1400	16800
Simplex ..	250	250	Jun.-Dec.	4	920
Standard ..	500	500	„	120	2300 n.
Swan ..	250	250	oct.	162	1120
Swadeshi ..	500	500	Mar-Oct.	262	5335
Tata Mill ..	500	500	„	„	1080 xd
Vishnu Cotton	500	500	„	„	2175

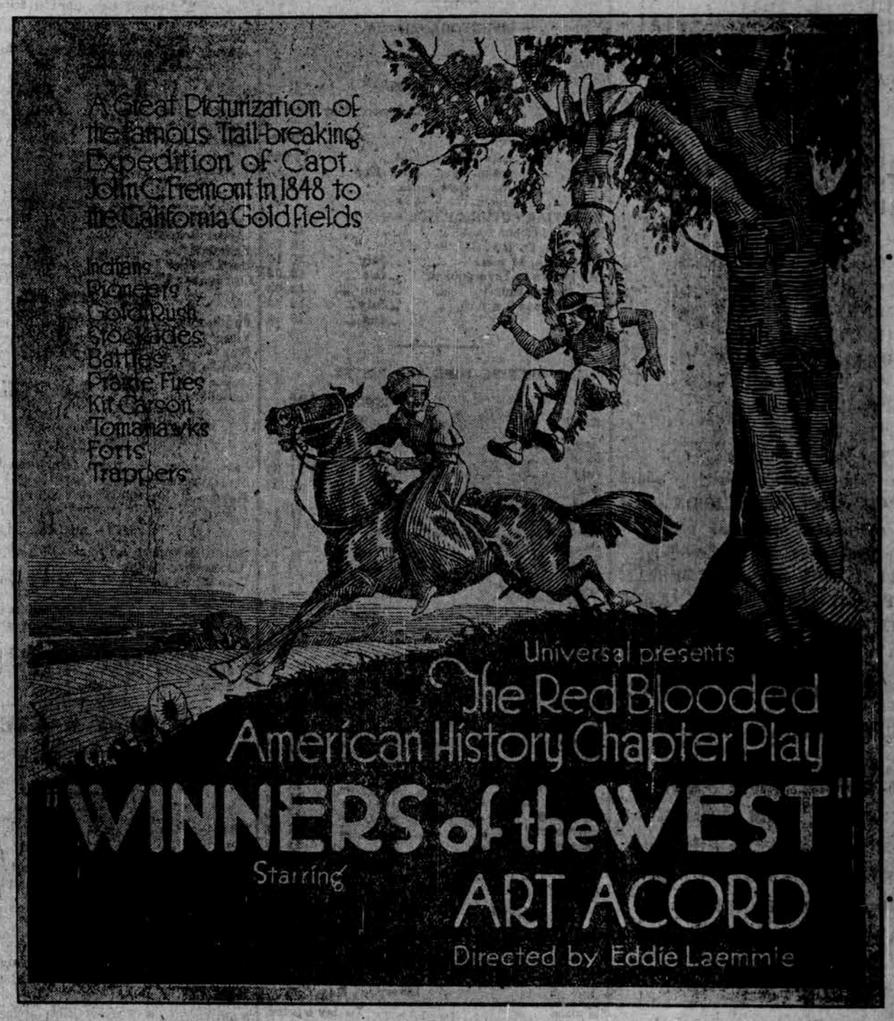
ELECTRIC COMPANIES.

Ahd. Electricity	188	100	„	1900	15 0
Andhra Valley	1000	1000	„	40	725
Bombay Electric Supply & Tramway	52	52	„	„	121/4
Tata Hydro	1022	1022	Jan.	35	842/8

MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.

Alcock ..	102	123	„	152	535	
B. Burm ..						
T. Corpo	125	125	„	„	525	
B. Burma N.I.	50	125	„	„	147/8	
Bombay Four	500	500	Jan-Aug.	125	1450	
Bt. Burma Pet ..			„	Mar-Oct.	as 6p3.	10/8
By. Steam ..	250	250	Dec. Rs. 10/5			230
Kemp & Co. .	200		July.	20	142	
Marcks ..	100		„	12	99 pr.	
New India .. Insur. ..	25	250	„	„	19	
Oriental Govt. Life ..	50	200	April	80%	350	
Phillips ..	40		July	10%	48	
Fort Canning	1000		Sept.	52	640	
Scindia Steam	30	30	„	„	6/8	
Tata Iron & Steel-Ord.	75	75	Sept.	12	58/12	
Defd ..	30	30	Sept.	81/8	212/8	
N. Ord. ..	75	75	„	„	53/12	
N. Def ..	400	400	„	„	185	
Tata Oil ..	100	100	„	„	45	
Thacker Co.	50	50	June	8	180	

SERIAL COMMENCING SAT. THE 27TH MAY 1922.
AT
THE CINEMA PRECIOUS
TARDEO.
"WINNERS OF THE WEST"



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Timings:—TO-DAY and TO-MORROW Extra show at 3-30. DAILY four shows: 5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-30. Children's shows on Sunday morning as usul.

RATES AS USUAL

HOME MARKETS.

May 26.

During the week under review Home markets have again been fluctuating but on the whole have shown downward tendency and the last quotations to hand register a moderate decline both in Liverpool and New York as compared with a week ago. The markets declined in the beginning on reports of a favourable weather in Texas. But improved later on reports of rains in South and heavy rains in Texas, and unfavourable weather. We may have a reaction but have a favourable opinion of markets eventually and would advise to buy in weak moments. Our market here has been firm during the week and the undertone is good. Demand for ready cotton also has continued on a sound scale and about 25,000 bales are reported to have changed hands during the week.

The following were the changes in the Home markets as compared with last week:—

Liverpool July 11.74—11.52—22.
Liverpool October 11.55—11.27—28
Liverpool January 11.37—11.06—31.
New York July 20.35—20.27—8
New York October—20.17—20.04—13.
New York—January—19.94—19.84—10.

LOCAL FORWARD MARKET.

Fully Good M G Broach April-May opened on the 18th instant at Rs. 455 and advanced till Rs. 515 on the 23rd instant on scattered buying and in sympathy with higher advices reported from Home. The settlement rate on the 25th instant was Rs. 525 F G M G Broach July-August opened on the 18th instant at Rs. 518 and after touching Rs. 514½ went up till Rs. 527½ on the 19th instant. After sharp fluctuations the prices closed at Rs. 528 on the 23rd instant. F M G Oomra May opened at Rs. 422 on the 18th instant and advanced till Rs. 432 next day on buying by Marwari operators and closed on the 23rd instant after sharp fluctuations at Rs. 435 steady. While Oomra July opened at Rs. 440 on the 18th instant and went uptill Rs. 448. Again eased down to Rs. 440 on the 20th instant closed at Rs. 447 steady on buying by prominent Marwari speculators, on the 23rd instant. F M G Oomra May settlement rate was Rs. 435 while Bengal was Rs. 370 on the 25th instant.

MILL STORES MARKET.

May 26.

The whole week saw no animated demand, and there is almost a slump in almost all commodities. Some demand was witnessed in Healds, however, the prices have been continually on the downward trend. Reeds are quoted at As. 4-9, which have undergone some diminution in demand. Roller cloth, sizing flannels, clearer cloth, are very stable in rates. Leather sundries such as Pickers, Picking bands, Drop-box pickers have slightly better demand, but, on the whole there is no life in any of these articles. Slubbing Skewers and Rowing bobbins had some enquiry, but there is no variations in prices. Stock-holders of Japanese-make are keen to dispose off their holdings. English bobbins had some demand, but the supply not being overtaken by demand, the prices continue dull.

There are no fair and immediate prospects of the market improving. The shipping facilities are as usual. The mmp offers are almost in keeping with the local rates, however, Healds 15/40s have gone down considerably here and are not consistent with Home prices which are rather high.

Quotations are as under:—

Healds Rs. 2-5, Reeds As. 4-9, Pickers Rs. 75/110, Picking Bands Rs. 2-3, Cylinder and Doffer Fillets As. 14, Tubular Bandings Re. 2-3, Rim Roller and Comb Bandings Rs. 1-4 (Oldham), Roller Cloth Rs. 10, Sizing Flannels Rs. 18, Clearer Cloth Rs. 7.

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BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

Engagements.

TO-DAY.

The s.s. "Naldera" with the English mails, leaves at 1 p.m.

Prof. Louis Peltier's lecture on "the Secret of Happiness for all" (Part 2) at the Salle Francaise, 6-30 p.m.

MONDAY, May 29.

Ramzan Id.: Bank Holiday. (All Bombay Post Offices to work as on Sundays).

TO-DAY'S MEETINGS

BHARAT BANDHU SAMAJ.

Under the auspices of the Bharat-Bandhu-Samaj, Mr. Sunderrao Dinanath Navalkar, the Secretary of the Municipal Reform Association, will deliver a lecture in Marathi, on "Our Religious State" to-day (Saturday), at 9 p.m. (S. T.), at Khandala, on the occasion of Shri Satyanarayan Puja at Mr. Dasharath Panduji Bankar's.

A RECEPTION MEETING.

Under the auspices of the Mulshi-Satyagraha Mandal (Bombay Branch) there will be held a public meeting to-day (Saturday), at 6-30 p.m. in the Marvadi Vidyalaya Hall when Deshbhakta Gangadharao Deshpande of Belgaum, who is recently released from the jail, will be given a hearty reception by various public bodies of Bombay when Mr. C. V. Vaidya will preside.

FORTHCOMING MEETINGS.

MANDVI SWADESHI EXHIBITION.

SPINNING COMPETITIONS.

To-morrow (Sunday) is the last day, after which the Exhibition will be closed. There will be then on spinning competitions at 9 a.m. (S. T.), at the Exhibition pandal. Those who desire to take part in it are invited to be present with their own charkhas at 8-30 a.m. (S. T.). Prizes will be awarded to the best spinners.

A CATHOLIC PROCESSION.

The annual procession of St. Roque of the Chapel of S. H. of Jesus Worly, will be held to-morrow. The procession will leave the chapel at 5 p.m. A Jesuit missionary will preach in Marathi. The service will be terminated by the Benediction of B.S.

CHARITY SPORTS.

The first annual sports in aid of the Mazagaon Holy Cross Society will be held to-morrow at 4 p.m. (S. T.), at Nawab Tank Plot, Mazagaon. All the well-wishers of the Society are requested to attend. Senhor A. P. J. Fernandes, acting Consul for Portugal, will preside. For entries, donations, etc. Please address to Rev. Fr. Clement Pinto, Gloria Church, Bombay and to Mr. Thomas S. De Souza C/o Thomas and Co., Mazagaon, Bombay.

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

A "special" meeting of the Provincial Congress Committee for the City of Bombay will be held on Thursday next (the 1st proximo) at 6 p.m. (S. T.), at 2, Dean Lane, Fort.

DIVINE SERVICE.

Mr. V. B. Velanker will conduct the Divine Service in the local Prarthana Mandir to-morrow (Sunday), at 5-30 p.m. (S. T.). All are cordially invited to attend.

DIVINE SERVICE AT ST. THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

Sunday after Ascension—
7 a.m. Holy Communion.
7-45 a.m. Matins.
8-30 a.m. Holy Communion—Choral Woodward Ev. Hymns—299, 147, 316, 202.
5-30 p.m. Children's Service.
6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon. Canticles—Chants—Hymns—300, 220, 302—Collections for—Choir Fund.
Daily Matins at 7-15 a.m. and Evensong at 6-45 p.m.
Daily Holy Communion at 7-45 a.m.
On Wednesdays, Choral Evensong at 6-30 p.m.

POSTAL NOTICES.

Mails for Seychelles, Lamu, Mombasa, Ibo, Chindi, Dar-es-Salaam, Zanzibar, Tanga, Quilimane, Mozambique, Beira and L. Marquis per s.s. "Taroba" will be closed at the General Post Office at 9 a.m. on Wednesday the 31st May, 1922.

2. Correspondence for Natal, Cape Colony and other places in South Africa will also be forwarded by this steamer.

POSTAL HOLIDAY.

Monday the 29th May, 1922, will be a Post Office holiday on account of "Ramzan". All the departments of the Bombay G. P. O. and its town sub-offices will observe on that day the same working hours as on Sundays. The telegraph branches of the combined offices will, however, remain open and work as usual.

S.S. CALEDONIA.

The Local Agents of the P. and O. Company intimate that the Homeward Steamer "Caledonia" sailing on Saturday the 17th proximo will proceed as far as Marseilles only.

Parcels for countries beyond France will not, therefore, be forwarded by that steamer.

O. S. K. Steamer Burma Maru arrived at Kobe on the 24th instant.

GOVT. HOUSE NEWS.

Their Excellencies attended a concern in aid of the funds of the Mahableshvar Industrial School, at the Parsi Gymkhana on Friday afternoon.

Lt.-Colonel R. Markham Carter has left Government House.

Her Excellency performed the opening ceremony of the New Building Extension and Fancy Sale of NeedleWork at the St. Joseph's Convent Panchgani on Thursday afternoon.

CHEMICALS — MARKET.

May 26.

The Chemical Trade Journal writes in mail week:—"The slightly better tone of this market is being maintained, and very few alterations in prices have been made. Acetic Acid, which is now imported free of duty is going in buyers' favour. Bichromates are steady, but rather quiet. The home demand is little better, but export business is still difficult to secure."

The local market continued rather dull and weak. There was some doing in Sago Flour, Dextrine and Aniline, as these three commodities continue scarce. All other articles have been very dull without demand.

Quotations in sterling are as follows:—
Sulphide of Soda Rs. 24-8, Sulphide Hydro Rs. 1-10, Soda Caustic Rs. 33; Soda Bichromate Rs. 55, Soda Washing Rs. 9, Soda Silicate Rs. 14, Chloride Zinc Rs. 22, Chloride Magnesium Rs. 7-8, Salt Aniline Rs. 1-3, Salt Antimony Rs. 1-1, Salt Epsom Rs. 8, Blaching Powder Rs. 20, Brown Sugar Lead, Rs. 34, Litharge Rs. 39.

BOMBAY POLICE COURTS.

CHARJED WITH THEFT OF WHISKY CASES.

At the Esplanade Police Court before Mr. Frank Oliveira, Acting Chief Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Klien charged one H. Wilkinson, with house breaking by night and theft of sixty-eight cases of John Haig's Whiskey valued at Rs. 4,650 on the 13th and 14th of May, belonging to Messrs. A. S. Smith and Company, Bakehouse Lane, Fort, the Complainants.

Inspector Naiden conducted the prosecution, while the accused was undefended.

Mr. William Fergusson, Manager, A. S. Smith and Company said he had his godown at Bakehouse Lane, Fort. On the night of the 13th instant his godown was closed. When he opened it, the next day, he found sixty eight cases of John Haig's Whiskey missing. Subsequently he reported the matter to the police, who recovered sixty-six cases.

Jarrapa Toma peon employed at George Gahagan and Co., said on the night of the 13th instant he was on duty. His Office was opposite the godown of the first witness. He saw the accused opening the lock of the godown with the help of an electric torch and directed three coolies (who were with him at the time) to remove the cases of Whiskey and put them in his car standing outside the godown. The accused, thereafter drove in his car towards Rampart Road. He saw that the accused again went at the godown after two hours. On the night of 14th instant the accused was again seen by the witness. He (the accused) had a hand-cart with him at the time. He, then, opened the door of the godown and took away the cases. The next day, he (the witness) reported the matter to the complainant.

Cross-examined by the accused, witness said he was on duty on the night of the 13th inst. He could not see who was driving the accused's car. He generally slept in the office at 11 p.m. He could not see the dress of the driver of the car. He (the accused) had an electric torch with him. The accused had a black coat and a khaki hat. He had the same dress on the three occasions that he saw him.

Mr. Byramji Sorabji Umrigar, partner in Messrs. Pearse and Co., said he knew the accused. He (the accused) had come to him on the 8th instant and said that he knew his father. On the 15th instant the accused again came to him with the cases and one Shapur Bamji who was with him at the time purchased from him (the accused) twelve cases of Whiskey at Rs. 75 per case. He first introduced Shapur Bamji to the accused before he (Bamji) purchased the cases from him. He (witness) received a cheque for Rs. 900 from Bamji and handed it over to the accused.

Cross-examined by the accused, witness said the accused did not tell him that he had received the cases from a Sergeant.

Mr. Thomas William Teol, Manager, Apollo Hotel, said the accused was residing at his hotel. On the 15th instant the accused passed him a cheque for Rs. 900 and asked him to take Rs. 650 on account and to pay him the balance in cash, which he did.

Namakram Ramanand, a Bhaya in the employ of one Davidas Purbhudas, owner of the building opposite the General Post Office said the accused rented a room in the building for Rs. 100 a month. He (the witness) was not present when the Police searched the room.

Cross-examined by the accused, witness said he was present on the occasions when the accused brought the cases of Whiskey.

Inspector Klien of the Phalton Road Police Station said he arrested the accused on the 17th instant at the Apollo Hotel. He searched the accused in the presence of a punch and found two keys from his box. The accused, thereafter, took him to Kothari Mansion where on the 4th floor, in a room he found the cases of Whiskey and the lock of the godown.

ACCUSED'S STATEMENTS.

The accused in pleading "not guilty" said about two days before the occurrence he met a Sergeant to whom, in the course of the conversation, the accused mentioned that he was starting a business as agent for a South African Distillery. The Sergeant told the accused that he had some Whiskey which he had bought as a Mess Sergeant and asked if the accused could sell it for him. The accused promptly agreed and decided to take a small office and start business. They met again at 6-30 p.m. on the 13th May. Sergeant George Bagshaw arrived in a motor car and drove the accused to Smiths' godown. The Sergeant opened the godown with the keys which he had with him. Bagshaw, after pointing out the cases in the godown to the accused, returned to the car and sat in the driver's seat saying that he would supervise the stacking in the car. The accused pointed out the cases to the coolies and himself stood near the door, right in the brilliant street lamp. On the third occasion, Bagshaw arrived later than the appointed time and said he was delayed in trying to borrow a motor car and said they would have to get a hand cart. They procured one. When it was loaded, the accused accompanied it on foot to his office. The accused added that he never possessed the keys of the godown. He did not suspect anything wrong in the transaction. On the 16th he saw in the newspapers a report of the theft of the Whiskey cases and did not know what to do. He thought of advising the police and Smiths but could not make up his mind. He was to see Bagshaw the next day but he never came and all attempts to trace him were fruitless. The accused said he had never been convicted before. He had a wife and three children who were penniless.

His Worship reserved his judgment till Tuesday next.

WILFUL TRESSPASS.

At the Girgaum Police Court, before the Hony. Presidency Magistrates, Mr. Erachshaw, R. Heerjibehedhi and Mr. Ishwardas Lakhmidas, Mohandas Ragunath was charged with wilful tresspass with intent to commit an offence.

It appears that on the 23rd instant at about 4 a.m. the accused entered into the house of one Mohamadali Ismailji situated at Bhindi Bazar, under the protest that he was thirsty. The accused was arrested and handed over to the police. He pleaded not guilty. The court convicted him and sentenced him to pay a fine of Rs. 20 or in default to suffer imprisonment for the period of two months.

RASH VICTORIA DRIVER.

Before the same bench of Hony. Magistrates Parabai Gaman a Hackney Victoria driver who charged with rash and negligent driving. At appears that on the 23rd instant. Mr. Morarji Damodar was driving in his carriage Bhuleshwar when the cacused drove his Hack-Bhuleshwar when the accused drove his Hackney Victoria on the wrong side of the road in a rash and negligent manner with the result that his carriage collided with that of the complainant and did him damage to the extent of Rs. 15. The accused pleaded not guilty. However, the Court convicted him on evidence and sentenced him to pay a fine of Rs. 25 out of the fine, if recovered, Rs. 15 were ordered to be paid to the complainant as compensation.

INFORMATION ABOUT NATIONAL EDUCATION.

At the request of several Provinces, Mr. Patel, Congress General Secretary writes to say that he has extended the time for the Provinces to furnish information about National Education to Principal Gidwani, Ahmedabad, till the end of May.

POLITICAL PRISONERS IN BOMBAY.

"UNWORTHY ATTITUDE OF BOMBAY GOVERNMENT."

"The Servant of India" writes:—"Recently the Inspector-General of Prisons in Bombay was reported to have stated that he had received orders from the Bombay Government to give no sort of differential treatment to political offenders in the prisons of the Bombay Presidency. Such a statement seemed to us to be in direct conflict with the policy which the Government of India and the Imperial Government are known to be desirous of pursuing, and hence being unable to credit the report that in Bombay political offenders are being treated exactly like common criminals, we made inquiries of the Director of Information on this subject, who in answer referred us to an interpellation in the Bombay Legislative Council and the Government's reply thereto." After quoting the reply given in Council by the Hon. Mr. Hayward, in which he stated that the Criminal Law made no distinctions between ordinary prisoners and political prisoners, our Contemporary observes:—

"We cannot help saying that the expedient to which Mr. Hayward resorted on this occasion of evading an inconvenient inquiry is unworthy of the Bombay Government. He could not have been ignorant either of the meaning of the expression "political prisoner" or of the wishes of the Government of India and the Imperial Government in the matter. For as early as January 18, the Law Member in the Government of India, no mean authority on law, told the Legislative Assembly that Local Governments had already prescribed special treatment for "political prisoners"—this was the exact expression used."

"The Servant of India" after referring to Lord Winterton's replies to questions in Parliament on the subject on March 27 and April 11, writes:—

"If the Bombay Government still finds it such a baffling task to define either "political offenders" or "political offences," we would reprint here for its behoof the definitions of those expressions that were in force in Ireland, where Sinn Fein prisoners were being accorded special treatment. We quoted the order relating to this question *in extenso* in the "Servant of India" of February 2, and we would earnestly commend it to the consideration of the Bombay Government. The order defined exactly what are "political offences" and what are not "political offences":—

The general principle, which has been adopted and which is now enunciated in detail, is that persons arrested and imprisoned for political offences, shall be treated as political prisoners, and shall be entitled to be differently treated, both as regards the place of confinement and treatment therein, to persons arrested and imprisoned for ordinary criminal offences.

It is also thought desirable, in order to avoid possible future misconception, to state that the following offences shall not be deemed to be political offences, even though the motive for such offences may be, or may be alleged to be, a political motive:—

(a) Homicide, assault, or similar offences, against the person.

(b) Burglary, house-breaking, larceny, malicious damage, cattle-driving, or similar offences against property.

(c) Riot; carrying, keeping, or having firearms, ammunition or explosive substances; unlawful assembly (as defined by Common Law or by Statute, but not an assembly rendered unlawful merely because it is a meeting of a political or suppressed association), speaking or writing words inciting or encouraging persons to commit any of the offences set out at (a), (b), or (c)."

MADRAS ALUMINIUM FACTORY STRIKE.

NO SETTLEMENT REACHED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, May 25.

No settlement has yet been arrived at with regard to the strike in the Indian Aluminium Factory, though negotiations have been carried on between the managing director of the Company and Mr. C. Rajagopalchari, President of the Union. It is stated that Mr. Rajagopalchari pointed out to the men that strike was inadvisable and that his had been undertaken without his permission. Mr. Achari requested the men to resume work, pending settlement. This was not accepted by the men as they thought that such a course would amount to disgraceful surrender on their part.

MADRAS HIGH COURT.

REVISION OF ORIGINAL SIDE RULES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, May 23.

It is understood a committee has been appointed by the Judges' of the Madras High Court for the purpose of revising and bringing up to date the Original Side rules, which were last revised by Mr. Bakewell, the then Registrar, in 1904. Since then the new Council Procedure Code has been enacted and amendments of rules have been necessitated owing to recent growth of commercial litigation. All these amendments have now to be put together and definite code evolved. The Committee will commence its sitting on re-opening of the High Court after the vacation.

RETRENCHMENT IN MADRAS HIGH COURT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, May 25.

The "Madras Mail" states it is believed owing to exigencies of the budget and financial situation of the Presidency, temporary vacancies caused in the Madras High Court by three Judges going on leave, will not all be filled up. Not more than one acting Judge is likely to be appointed, which will effect a saving of about Rs. 30,000, to Rs 40,000.

WHAT BECAME OF THE BOMBS?

SECRET OF INDIA'S TRANSFORMATION.

What became of the bombs and the revolutionary conspiracies against the continuing danger of which the Rowlatt Act was passed in 1919? Since 1919, we have not heard of a single act of assassination or other secret crime such as we often used to hear of since 1908. We have had occasional lapses from the rule of non-violence, but, strangely, no crimes of anarchic conspiracy. It could not be on account of less unrest. There has been on all accounts more unrest, more disaffection; and more disruption of authority since 1919 than there was ever before in the bomb days. It could not be for lack of bomb-makers and conspirators, for numbers of young men who had been interned on proof or suspicion of revolutionary activity were released. Further, there has been a stream of discontented men from the regiments that had been engaged in the war in various parts of the world, we could easily handle fire-arms and other weapons of assasination. Neither can the immunity from revolutionary crime be imputed to want of opportunity or provocation. Of wrongs, insults and oppression such as usually urge men to mad acts of vengenance, there have been more since the beginning of 1919 than ever before. What then, is the cause of this strange and sudden disappearance of the bomb and the pistol from Indian politics?

History will point to the only explanation for this great phenomenon in the life and ceaseless activities of the great man whom the Government has put in a common gaol on a charge of sedition. The case is not too difficult even for contemporary judgment. Upon a little thought, every one must admit, including the great and angry Government that has condemned him at the age of 53 to rot in jail for six long years, that it is the Mahatma's hold on the people and the truths, he incessantly and successfully drove home into the mind of India, that have once for all wiped violence out of the field, and made secret crime a thing to be ashamed of and a moral impossibility now in India. Even his worst cavillers must grant that he it is, who has turned men from hatred and anger to steady determination, from bellicerous demonstration to self-purification, from thoughts of how to injure to how to suffer, from murder to martyrdom. In spite of misunderstanding and calumny and threats of incarceration, he kept to the devine purpose of his life, and spread the forgotten doctrine of love and *ahinsa*, and taught people to meet evil by suffering and sacrifice, and thus to break the endless chain of wrong answering wrong. The Government wanted surrender to wrong, rather than any doctrines of Non-violence. Such doctrines, however good for the world in the long run, gave in the immediate present an inconvenient shake to the foundations of the system of the Government of India. So upon a charge of sedition, the man who did the most phenomenal service to the cause of peace was sentenced to a long period of imprisonment. Governments cannot find room for messengers of peace except in their dungeons or on their gallows. Their own immediate dilemmas compel them, perhaps reluctantly, to put aside long views. "You cannot get freedom except by the sword or by a gift from us," said the Viceroy, and would not wait to understand the alternative of Non-violence.

Meanwhile, Europe is groaning in pain and trembling in fear of its own engines of destruction. The voice of Shelley, whose centenary will be celebrated this year still cries,

"O cease! must hate and death return?
Cease, must men kill and die?
The world is weary of the past.—"

It was, and in spite of the incarceration of her great son, still is the hope of India that she will lead the world into the way of laying down arms and teach all men how to win battles of right against wrong by means other than force.—

Mr. C. RAJAGOPALACHAR.
in "Young India."

CRITICISM AGAINST REPRESSIVE POLICY.

LAHORE'S EXHORTAION TO CARRY ON CONGRESS PROGRAMME.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, May 26.

The period of the Seditious Meetings act which was in force in Lahore, Amritsar and Sheikhupura Districts, for the last six months having expired on 24th instant, the Lahore Non-Cooperators held a public meeting yesterday evening outside Mochi Gate under the presidency of Professor Ruchi Ram Sen. Speeches were delivered criticising the Government's repressive policy and urging the people to carry on the Congress programme with vigour and strength. The meeting was rather poorly attended yesterday. (A. P.)

A Madras message says:—Officers of Preventive Service Customs Department searched s.s. "Ekma" which was lying in the harbour and recovered about seven seers of contraband opium at a place which was often prequented by the crew. It was not possible to ascertain who concealed the opium and therefore no arrests were made and seized property was confiscated to the Government. (A. P.)

A Kotah message of May 26th says,—Engine of No. 327 down mixed train derailed at 9 a.m. on 25th May on approaching Agrah Idgah station. It was soon re-railed. Nobody was killed or injured. (A. P.)

A Simla message of May 26th says,—Major H. R. B. Gibbon I. M. S. posted Civil Surgeon of Tochi, medical officer of Tochi Scouts and Civil Surgeon of Bannu. (A. P.)

An Ahmedabad message of May 26th says:—The death took place this afternoon, at Allahabad, of Sathya Sunder Mukherjee, Advocate, High Court, the leading criminal lawyer and historian of some repute. (A. P.)

Ahmedabad message of May 26th says:—A Mahomedan lady, named Amed Unu of, about thirty years old, has renounced Mahomedaniam and accepted Hinduism. In a notice to some of the papers she says that she has found new life in devotion to Shri Krishna. (A. P.)

AN APPEAL.

TO THE SHARE-HOLDERS OF THE TATA POWER CO.

The following has been sent to us for publication:—

The Tata Power Company and the Mavlas of Mulshi are fighting each other. The Mavlas' cause is the cause of Justice and hence people are hastening to their help from the four corners of the Maharastra. Nearly 200 persons have gone to prison up to date. The Satyagrahi fight which is going on will, according to the present programme, be continued for five years, and the Company's heart will be tested by sending to the prison thousands of Satyagrahis. The Shareholders of the Company will do well to take these things into consideration. The Company really means the shareholders. You, shareholders, are of kin with the Mavlas, one way or another. As belonging to the same nation, many of you are their brothers. Some of you are their brothers in Faith, and all of you are their brothers as members of Humanity. You will kindly consider these things. If, upon consideration of these things, you feel actuated by any sympathy, kindly let that sympathy be made visible to the public instead of being confined within the heart. If this inward sympathy takes an outward visible form in the case of some of you, it will help to remove the misunderstanding which has now spread amongst the people as regards all of the share-holders collectively. The general rule is, as you well know, that a few have to take the lead and make public their sympathy with any cause and then many others follow them. Hence our prayer is that some of you will kindly take the lead in the expression of sympathy with the Mavlas' cause and thus make matters easy for your fellow share-holders who feel with you.

Yours sincerely,
P. M. BAPAT,
President,
M. S. Mandal.

Satyagrahi Office,
Rawal Buildings,
Lamington Road, Bombay 4.
25/5/22.

P.S.—Shareholders who sympathise with the Satyagraha of Mulshi will kindly send their names and addresses to our office.

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN AG.

MADRAS UNIVERSITY'S NEW DEGREE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, May 26.

The Government has approved a resolution passed by the Syndicate of the Madras University regarding the institution of the degree of the Bachelor of Science in Agriculture, and has ordered that necessary alterations in the regulations be carried out. The candidates for this degree should have an intermediate examination in group one and two, and should have undergone a course of study for over three years in the college of agriculture. They shall have afterwards to sit for examinations, both theoretical and practical, in several subjects including botany, chemistry, plant and pathology.

BALASINOR SITUATION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

BALASINOR, May. 26.

The closer of shop continue. Agitators are still keeping up excitement by spreading false reports. These are mostly Banias who are urging upon Mahomedans to join them.

A Madras message of May 26th says,—In pursuance of the resolution of the Legislative Council, the Ministry of Education has constituted non-official Election Committees for each of the Government colleges in Madras City and the mofussil, so that no community moght have undue preponderance of students in the constitution. (A. P.)

(Continued from column 6.)

but there is no reason why we should abstain from action in the meanwhile.

After referring to the restoration of Special Department, he said:—

In place of the four Medical Malaria Inspectors appointed in 1912 and the one Sanitary Inspector devoting part of his time to Malaria work in return for an addition of Rs. 25 per mensem to his pay, it is proposed to appoint five whole time Malaria Inspectors to be graded as Junior Medical Inspectors. The holders of these posts should be registered Medical Practitioners and should either be graduates in medicine or specially qualified for anti-malarial work by not less than five years experience of the duties of a Medical Inspector including those of the microscopical examination of the larvae of mosquitoes, the preparation of blood films and the examination of children for enlargement of the spleen.

After dilating on the additional expenditure to be incurred, he said, the total annual cost will amount to Rs. 80,356 as compared with the Budget Estimate of Rs. 81,700 for the year 1913-1914 when the cost of wages, material, and office accommodation was considerably less.

I recommend that the Corporation should approve of these proposals. Certain difficulties which have arisen in connection with the enforcement of preventive measures under the Municipal Act, as it at present stands, are being considered in consultation with the Municipal Solicitors and, if necessary, a separate report will in due course be made to the Corporation.

With reference to paragraph (c) of the Corporation Resolution No. 7733, dated the 24th November 1921, I beg to state that the Government contributions towards the cost of Anti-malarial measures have amounted in all to Rs. 1,00,000.

The Committee forwarded the report of the Commissioner to the Corporation for orders.

The Committee, then, adjourned.

MALARIA IN BOMBAY.

SERIOUS GROWTH OF SCURGE.

COMMISSIONER'S PROPOSALS TO COMBAT IT.

A meeting of the Standing Committee of the Municipal Corporation was held on Friday afternoon, Mr. M. C. Javle presiding. At the outset the chairman of behalf of the members welcomed Mr. R. P. Masani who has been appointed to act as the Municipal Commissioner. He said that Mr. Masani, was the first Indian appointed to the position of a Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay and he hoped he would prove worthy of it.

MALARIA.

The Committee gave consideration to the Commissioner's report dated the 17th May on the letter to the president of the Corporation dated the 8th February last from Mr. E. H. Curling, Manager, Messrs Cox and Company regarding the prevalence of Malaria in Bombay especially within the area bounded by Hornby Road, Esplanade Road, and Waudby Road.

In the course of his report, the Commissioner said that the serious increase in the prevalence of Malaria, which may be said as a matters of common knowledge to have occurred in 1920 and more particularly in the year 1921, was reflected in the following table, which shows the total numbering table, which shows the total number of deaths registered as due to Malaria in the past ten years.

Year.	Deaths.
1911	334
1912	360
1913	261
1914	213
1915	303
1916	238
1917	262
1918	200
1919	267
1920	311
1921	545

Continuing, he said:—"The principal cause of Malaria whether in periods of increasing or diminishing prevalence is the presence of collections of water in which Malaria carrying mosquitoes breed.

Among other causes of increased prevalence in the last two or three years, the following may be mentioned:—

(a) Building operations:—The water laid on the surface of new concrete to secure effective setting affords a prolific breeding ground for mosquitoes. Pools of water also form in the foundations of buildings under construction. There has probably been more building in the last two years than for many years past and concrete is extensively used in the ferro-concrete work now so commonly employed.

(b) There are a certain number of underground basements in the City which are flooded in the monsoon and breed enormous numbers of mosquitoes. I have passed orders restricting the grant of permission to construct basements to certain special cases.

(c) The shortage in the public water supply has led to the opening of the sealed covers of cisterns by persons endeavouring to find out how much water their cisterns contain at different hours of the day. Attempts have also been made to plead the shortage of water as an excuse for breaking open covered wells.

(d) The return of troops from Malaria infected districts in Palestine and Mesopotamia has no doubt increase in Bombay and elsewhere the number of centres from which infection can be conveyed.

(e) The increase in population with the overcrowding which it has caused has also had some effect on health conditions.

These subsidiary causes are however of small importance compared with the essential fact that the Malaria staff is no longer adequate either in its number or organization to hold the ground so hardly won in the years 1912 to 1918.

ANTI-MALARIAL OPERATIONS.

In two Wards, A and E, the work of the Sub-Inspectors is supervised by the two medical whole time Malaria Inspectors that still remain on the staff. In the other five Wards their work is supervised by the Senior or Junior Medical Inspectors. In each of the seven Wards the work is under the separate control of the Assistant or Deputy Health Officer, who is like his Inspectors already overburdened with a multiplicity of other urgent and unavoidable duties.

Save in A and E Wards, there is thus no one above the rank of a Sub-Inspector who can give his undivided attention to anti-malarial measures, and no one above the rank of Inspectors in any Ward of the City. The Central control by a special whole time Malaria Officer, as has already been pointed out, came to an ends in 1918.

Anti-Malarial Operations require the undivided attention of those responsible for their effective execution and cannot succeed under departments in which they are unavoidably allotted fourth or fifth place in order of urgency.

It is a fact that in certain parts of the world where Malaria was as prevalent as it is in Bombay-preventive measures have been adopted with the result that its incidence has become practically negligible. The difficulties of adopting similar measures in Bombay are not merely financial difficulties. The necessity for allowing well water to be used for religious and other ceremonies of certain kinds must operate to prevent complete succes, but it cannot be doubted that even under present conditions a comparatively high percentage of immunity can be secured by the expenditure of money and the co-operation of all classes. Progress will be slow until the provision of an adequate water supply and improved drainage.

(Continued in column 5.)

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Saturday, May 27, 1922.

THE NEED FOR FAITH.

The need for faith in the justice and the righteousness of the great national struggle was never so great as it is to-day when, the strong guiding hand having been removed, short-sighted people here and there are trying to divide the Nation by their thoughtless words and acts thereby giving an impression to our political opponents that India has lost faith in the great movement of non-violent non-co-operation at the very moment when it has succeeded beyond expectation. The opponents of India's desire for Freedom, who see and judge things on the surface, are in ecstasies at what they regard as signs of disintegration in the Nationalist Camp, and are trying to exploit the situation so as to discredit and defeat the National movement. All is fair in love and war and we can hardly blame opponents for taking an advantage where they find one. Our immediate concern is with those worshippers of expediency, who have chosen this moment to thwart the national aim and will. It is true that these people have never concealed their dissatisfaction with the Congress programme or the fascination that what they call "responsive co-operation" has always had for them. Though in an infinitesimally small minority, they have tried with all their might and main, always without success, to convert the Congress and the Country to their view, and at the same time have vociferously acclaimed their desire to obey the Congress madate and work out its programme for all it is worth. How half-hearted and lukewarm they have been in their obedience and their work, need not be stated. They have always been anxious to get into the Legislative Councils, imagining that once inside they would be able to evolve Utopia somehow out of the bureaucratic muddle. They are entitled to their opinions. But holding these opinions, which are directly opposed to the settled policy of the Congress, we feel they have absolutely no right to misuse their position on the various Congress organisations for disloyal propaganda against the Congress. We feel this all the more, because it seems to us they have acquired their position by dissembling. That these champions of a false expediency do not possess the confidence of the rank and file in their provinces is proved by the condemnation of their attitude at important public meetings. It is unfortunate that the manifestation of a lack of faith should have first originated among the Maharashtra leaders, than whom there were at one time no more jealous guardians of India's National honour. It is true that since the death of Lokmanya Tilak, the state of Maharashtra is like that of a ship on a rough sea. Unfortunately the leaders are in the position of officers who have lost their mental equilibrium while the gallant crew, strong in faith, has remained cool and collected. That is Maharashtra to-day.

The leaders both in Maharashtra proper and the Central Provinces have, inspite of constant rebuffs from the rank and file, lost no opportunity of telling the people that the salvation of the country can come only through their entering the Legislative Councils, and producing endless friction with the executive. We have tried our best to set the point of their contention, but in vain; apparently, the give no credit for intelligence to those who have advised the country to abstain from going to the Councils. That is the most charitable construction we can put on their anomalous behaviour The simplest test to judge whether the decision of the Congress is right or wrong is to ask the question whether, if the national leaders had gone into the Councils and succeeded in making Government impossible, the all-powerful bureaucracy would have remained quiescent and put up with a state of things which from their point of view would be worse than sedition. It is well known that the bureaucracy as a whole was never friendly disposed towards any reform in Indian Government, and when as a measure of political expediency the Montford reforms were forced on them, they quietly submitted, because they knew how to defeat those reforms in the spirit, if not in the letter. The admitted failure of diarchy even with a body of staunch co-operators has done much to strengthen the position taken up by the Congress, and it does not now need Congressmen to demonstrate the futility of attempting real work for India through the Councils. That, in a word, is the present position and, it being so why should any Congressman run away with the idea that the moment he entered the Council, he would metamorphose the outlook of the bureaucracy and make it yield up its power on every point? Since the Congress took the decision and prevailed upon a large body of voters and the prospective candidates to non-co-operate with the Government and avoid temptations, much water has flowed by and many things have happened justifying the attitude of the Congress.

The attempt, then, of a few malcontents, posing as staunch Congressmen, to undo all that has been done amounts to treachery, for which there is no excuse. Just at the moment when the principal leaders of the Congress are in jail, suffering for the good cause, it ill becomes those who have ranged themselves ostensibly on the side of Justice and Freedom, to try to weaken the Congress by inopportune talk of entering the Councils, or changing the constructive programme without giving it a fair trial. Granting for the sake of argument that they may possibly be right and the whole Congress wrong, what do these people hope to do by getting the Congress programme so changed as to enable them to contest the next elections to the Councils? As we have pointed out it is too late in the day for anyone to demonstrate the futility of the reforms or the failure of diarchy. Both have been already demonstrated. On the other hand, if nothing happens between now and the next elections, which are still a long way off, to ease the tension of the serious political situation that has arisen in the country and "bend the Government to the popular will", it is much better to let those who have an abounding faith in the reforms work it for one more period and finally convince themselves that "diarchy is a bad and inherently vicious system." As the "Hindu" of Madras has pertinently observed, "the repudiation of it by the faithful will give it the quietus more certainly than anything which confirmed opponents of it might be able to do by way of obstructionist tactics". What is of far greater interest—and importance—is that even if we were to modify the Congress attitude so as to permit of non-co-operators entering the Councils as a matter of expediency—the position would be that the path of the most earnest Congress workers and the accredited leaders of the people to the Councils has been barred by the rules which disqualify people who have been sentenced to more than six months' imprisonment. So only third-rate and fourth-rate people would be eligible and before the next elections the bureaucracy, to judge from its recent policy of unmitigated repression, will eliminate the chances of all those who are in the least likely to prove troublesome. Thus, it ought to be quite obvious to all thinking people that what we need at present is not mad talk of "scuttling the boat", but to hold together and suppress such of our desires and views as run counter to the general view and cause division.

THE INCHCAPE CHIMERA. III

Lord Inchcape is in any event unable to restrict the scope of the disastrous Forward policy. So far as India is concerned, he has prejudged the question of India's Military obligation. According to the Geddes Report there is a reduction of the Home Estimates on the presumption that India would maintain a heavy reserve to draw upon in the event of emergency. We quote a significant report of Reuter in April. "Sir Robert Horne said that the Geddes Committee's recommendation of a reduction of 54,000 men was now reduced to 39,000 owing to the Indian Government *changing its mind* in regard to the number of British troops it needed." As a result of this 'changing of the mind,' putatively performed and highly delectable to the Home tax-payer, the Home Army was thus reduced by 20,000 men as compared with the pre-War standard. The Geddes Committee proceeded on the information supplied by the War Office, a question that Lord Inchcape cannot be anxious to re-open seeing that it might stultify the Geddes recommendations by upsetting their premises. Even the "Statesman" was scandalised by the cynicism of a transaction so one-sided. We quote its remarks:—

> "Now, it is only necessary to imagine the positions reversed—to picture England saddled with as many Indian troops, as India did not choose to pay for—to realise the kind of reception that would have been accorded to such a statement. In default of better explanation, the plain man will conclude that the Geddes Committee demanded the reduction of the British Army by 54,000 men, and that *the Army authorities reverted to the familiar device of saving the British exchequer at the expense of the Indian taxpayer.* In other words, *the Government of India agreed to shoulder the responsibility for* 15,000 *men over and above its actual requirements, in order that the powerful military element among Mr. Lloyd George's supporters might not be displeased by too drastic a reduction of the British Army!* No wonder the Indian Government had to "change its mind!"

Such being the case, the whole bias of Lord Inchcape is likely to be unfavourable to us. He might have the perspicuity to know that Afghanistan, as a sovereign state with embassies abroad, is free from brawling temptations and that if the British Cabinet avoids the wanton policy of glory and gun powder by which it provoked the war of the seventies, there is reasonable safety against dangerous aggression or conflict on the frontier. He cannot question even the digging operations of mineralogical Waziristan. He cannot propose a reduction of establishment charges, for his hands are tied. And with the accession of Chauvinists in Whitehall, what luck can we have except that the non-co-operator might factitiously be made the occasion of a military display exceeding the one exhibited by Britain in her anti-Russian rivalries over two continents? Above all, the military caste will solidly destroy any man contravening Lord Rawlinson's pledge that till a "united India" attested its loyalty to the Empire, he would forbid the touching of the Army Budget.

If Lord Inchcape and his colleagues are expected to perform prodigies over the Civil establishments of the Government of India, the best they may do will be to scratch the surface. They might hint at the discharge of a few officials—with gratuity equivalent to a decent future—and the combination of one or two portfolios. But he is a Titan bureaucrat who believes in the liberal pay of officials—in India. He has sincere convictions, no doubt, but we refuse to beguile ourselves with the hope that retrenchment can be possible or substantial as long as the military department remains immune. These enquiries are no novelty in India, we know the results very well. And we fear that Lord Inchcape's will be the reactionary influence of an exotic tradesman, all his life concerned with business and shekels. British Rule is bound to dissolve on the rocks of immoral expenditure. The only way of escape is for Britain—and it is her own interest as well—to leave it to Indian hands to effect a salvage. Vested interests are too strong under the political *status quo* to permit drastic reduction in the country and define the external policies to which Indian resources could be reasonably committed. We fear that the mere nomination of a grim, pro-Civilian character to inspect accounts will achieve but little. He is a utilitarian whose exclusive traffic has carried him to the heights, but he lacks the incentive of the Geddes triumph as he comes out to India. We expect little from him, over-advertised as he is, for in the vital matter of military expenditure he is helpless and, what is worse, badly committed by the patriotic report signed at Home. There is no patriotism on this side of Suez! Like the Prophet sent out to curse, he will return blessing and blessed.

AN EXPLANATION.

We are interested in "an appeal to the shareholders of the Tata Power Company" by Mr. P. M. Bapat, which we publish elsewhere for the following reasons. We have received several letters from Maharashtrians protesting against our description of the Tata Power Company as an Indian Company in a leading article. We wrote that we had "no desire to cause the ruin of an Indian Company." We might just as well have written that we had no desire to cause the ruin of any group or collection of our fellow-creatures. But our correspondents have pounced upon the adjective "Indian", and being themselves apparently desirous of causing the ruin of the Tata Power Company, have eagerly assumed that it consists only of "*Parsis* and Europeans," and is therefore not Indian at all; the inference being that it is not Indian we, the Editor of the "Bombay Chronicle", should be glad to help them in destroying it. We are sorry that anyone in India thinks so ill of us, or can imagine that a paper which was founded by a Parsi Indian patriot to support the policy of the Indian National Congress, the foundation of which was also largely due to Parsi Indian patriots, could accept for a moment the suggestion that Parsis are not Indians. We say again with emphasis that we have no desire to ruin anybody, believing with Mahatma Gandhi in the brotherhood of man; but since some of our correspondents have made such a point of their assertion that the Tata Power Company is not an Indian Company, we also make much of our assertion and it is with pleasure that we note that Mr. P. M. Bapat, President of three Satyagraha Mandals and leader of the Mulshi Petha agitation, thinks with us. He writes: "You, shareholders, are of kin with the Mavlas, one way or another. As belonging to the same nation, many of you are their brothers. Some of you are their brothers in Faith, and all of you are their brothers as members of humanity." Mr. Bapat, we are glad to notice, does not share the mischievous, schismatic views of some of his Maharashtrian sympathisers. For him the Parsis are of the same nation with the Mavlas (who, be it remembered, are Maharashtrians), therefore brothers, and the Europeans are "their brothers as members of humanity." Though we disagree with Mr. Bapat, in his propaganda as we have already fully stated, we pay him the regard due to complete sincerity. We feel sure that Mr. Bapat does not desire to cause the ruin of the Tata Company (which means the shareholders) any more than we do; while his eagerness to prevent the ruin of the Mavlas is pathetically evident. What we fear is that by pushing matters to extremity at Mulshi Petha, as at present planned, he may unwittingly cause the ruin both of the Mavlas and the shareholders, leaving the Government and the Directors (who would have the wit to float another company) masters of the Mulshi Valley.

Notes of the Day

A Suspicious Report.

We are perfectly sure that Dr. Rechad's representations to the House of Commons on behalf of the Kemalists have been somehow misreported by Reuter's Agency. A similar instance of misreporting was where Reuter's messages represented a Kemalist Delegate as stating certain things in an interview in London. Among these, was a statement to the effect that the Turks made no demands outside Asia Minor and did not claim the return of those Turkish provinces where Arabs were in a majority. When the mail papers reached us we saw that what the Kemalist Delegate had actually stated was very different indeed from what Reuter's report had represented. He had, for instance, insisted that the Holy Places of Islam should remain under the real suzerainty of the Sultan Khalifa but this, he said, did not mean that the Arabs in the region affected should not have complete independence. He further insisted that the Arabs must be freed from all suspicion of control by a non-Muslim Power, whether in Syria, Irak, Palestine or the Hedjaz, but did not go so far as to suggest that the Turks should reassume sovereignty over the Arabs, being content to leave their future state to be decided by the Arabs themselves, to be decided by the Arabs themselves. These demands are entirely in accord with the promises given to the Arabs by the Allies. Yesterday. Reuter told us that Dr. Rechad had declared that Turkey did not "ask for the lands which were inhabited by the Arabs"—the suggestion clearly being that Turkey was content to allow the present British and French rule over the Arabs to continue. When the mail papers reach us a fortnight hence we shall of a surety find that Dr. Rechad said something very different indeed—something entirely in accord with the Kemalists' demands and those of the Khilafat workers in India.

Drink-Shop near Agiary

The letter of a Dhobi Talao correspondent which we published in Thursday's issue regarding the proposed opening of a grog-shop in a new house adjoining the Anjuman Agiari, which is situated behind the Anjuman Atash Behram (Fire-Temple), at Dhobi Talao, will, we trust, rouse the Parsis to make a vigorous protest before it is too late. The grog-shop next to the Atash Behram was an eye-sore. The building containing the tavern was demolished and is being built anew. Many Parsis heaved a sigh of relief on hearing that the liquor-shop was not to be re-opened there, but the Excise authorities, according to our correspondent's information, are going to perpetuate the same abominable nuisance not far from the original place and near another Parsi place of worship—an Agiari. The "supreme indifference" of some Parsis, in a matter like this which affects the sentiments of thousands of their co-religionists, is inexplicable. It is desirable that the executives of these religious institutions and the community as a whole should bestir themselves to prevent the opening of a "devil's workshop" side by side with the "House of God." Cannot the Excise authorities respect the feelings of a whole community by providing some other place for the grog-shop at a respectable distance from places of worship?

The Governorship of the U. P.

The United Provinces have been for over two decades under Governors who were, without a single exception, civil servants. The North-West Provinces as they were then called, started with Sir J. J. D. La Touche as Governor in 1902. Sir J. P. Hewett, Mr. L. A. Porter (now Sir Ludovic) Sir J. S. Meston, and Sir H. Butler who successively came to occupy the highest places in the province, were all drawn from the Indian Civil Service. From the protest that we published a few days ago, not from the "discontented" non-co-operators, but from the Liberals of Lucknow, it is evident that even Liberals now wish for a departure from this long-established precedent. The Lucknow Liberal League passed a resolution to the effect that the successor to Sir Harcourt Butler should be selected from public men and not from Civil Servants and that Sir Harcourt's tenure of office should not be extended. The people of the U. P. have been at a loss to understand why an exception should be made in the case of their province and why it should never be given the chance of being ruled by a person of liberal outlook, fresh to the country. A civil servant is a servant of tradition and routine. He stands for the preservation of the things to which he is accustomed. His mind is hard with prejudice and prepossession and he is the last man to conciliate the people or initiate reforms. Sir Harcourt Butler is only typical of the Civil Service. His notion of Reformed Government is of repression of all the symptoms of an independent spirit in the people. Judging from Sir Harcourt's record we are not surprised that even the Liberals would be loth to see His Excellency's reign prolonged beyond the present term. We are glad the Liberals of Lucknow have had the courage to speak out. The intensity of discontent and unrest in the province due to wholesale "repression" is sufficient reason, to our mind, why His Excellency's term of office should not be extended.

GENOA D[illegible]TE

PREMIER ON RUSSIAN PROBLEM.

"MOST DISTRESSED YET MOST FORMIDABLE NATION."

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 25.

The Debate on Genoa Conference was opened in the House of Commons to-day, Mr. Lloyd George on rising to speak was received with cheers from Government benches. He said he did not propose to speak on the German reparations or the Anglo-French relations as these were subjects which would be debated next week, but solely on the Genoa Conference. The Premier said he was most hopeful that the report of the various Commissions would result in an improvement of the difficulties impeding the recovery of Europe.

Referring to the war atmosphere overhanging Genoa he described the Russo-German Treaty as a flash of light revealing the dangers of ignoring the Russian problem. It was possible, he remarked, further to disarm Germany but it was impossible to prevent her re-arming. Russia was the most distressed but a most formidable nation and he hoped his warning to-day would not be quoted a few years hence. The Premier emphasised that the British Empire Delegation was consulted at every stage and unanimously supported the British Delegation that in the interests of world peace some arrangement with Russia was necessary whatever might be thought about the Soviet.

Mr. Lloyd George examined at length the difficulties of coming to an arrangement with Russia, difficulties not of practice but of principle. Theorists had intervened at Genoa whenevr business had to be discussed. Meanwhile they had to consider at Genoa the danger of a conflict in Europe. The reports they had received of the dispositions and increase of Russian troops were most alarming, hence the truce, which he hoped would end in a permanent Peace-Pact after the Hague Conference. It was a justification and pride of the British Empire Delegates that they had taken the leading part in fighting for high ideals. If Genoa failed, the condition of Europe would be tragic.

In the ensuing debate, several speakers dwelt upon the desirability of a revision of the Reparations question and the danger of a breach in the Anglo-French Entente. Mr. Clynes said that the Labour party was unable to approve a general repudiation of debt particularly in relation to Russia. Mr. Lloyd George, winding up the debate, emphasised his desire to work amicably with France for the peace of Europe but it was impossible to settle the reparations question until French opinion was favourable

TRIBUTES TO PREMIER'S EFFORT AT GENOA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 25.

Mr. Lloyd George referring to the alleged secret clauses in the Russo-German agreement which have been published in some newspapers, said he was not going to deal with silly forgeries of military conventions which would only take in the gullible. Such attention was unnecessary. Both Messrs. Clynes and George Barnes paid tributes to the Premier's efforts at Genoa and declared that his resistance had saved the Conference from shipwreck. Mr. Barnes said he thought the most sinister fact in Europe was Russia's million and a half armed men.

GOVT. ATTITUDE AT GENOA UPHELD.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 25.

The amendment by Mr. Rupert Gwynn vehemently denouncing Government's attitude at Genoa was rejected by 235 votes to 26.

PRIVATE CONVERSATIONS JUSTIFIED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 25.

Mr. Lloyd George, in the course of a reply, defended private conversations between statesmen at Genoa to which the Rt. Hon. Lord Robert Cecil had taken exception and declared Lord Cecil had quite justifiably privately conferred with ex-President Wilson about the League of Nations and so had Gen. Smuts. The Premier quoted similar private conversations at Washington between Senator Hughes and Earl Balfour and the Japanese delegates. He agreed that a serious disagreement with France would be one of the most disastrous things for European peace and pointed out the difficulty of reconciling British views as regards Russia and Germany with French views.

GENOA PEACE PACT.

WHAT CRITICS SHOULD NOTE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 25.

Laying stress on the importance of the peace pact adopted at Genoa, Sir L. Worthington Evans in the House of Commons said nothing was more impressive than the way in which the delegations successfully signified their acceptance. He wished the critics of the pact had seen interest aroused when the Indian delegate stood up and said "I accept this pace for the Indian Empire.' There was nothing small or mean about it and it was a solemn act which every delegate at the Conference meant to carry out.

THE "EGYPT"

1ST BATCH OF SURVIVORS.

STORIES OF PANIC.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 25.

There were affecting scenes at Victoria station this morning when Captain Collyel and seventeen passengers, the survivors of the 'Egypt' disaster arrived from Paris, Many relatives were on the platform and there were affectionate embraces and handshakings, many being overcome with emotion. Several survivors declared that the Lascars panicked and rushed the boats but it was generally agreed that the Lascars did not carry revolvers and that only two or three shots were fired. Captain G. D. Carr, a survivor, said one boat got away filled with Lascars and a second partly filled with Lascars and firemen. Practically the last boat was being launched when he drew his resolver and jumped into the boat which was waist deep in water and made the Lascars return to the ship while the women got into the boat. None of the Lascars shot for they had no revolvers but it was a very lively ten minutes. Capt. Carr said he thought he was the means of saving several women.

Mrs. Turnbull said she and Professor Turnbull just managed to get into the last boat by sliding down a rope. She fell into the water and was held up by the Commander and dragged into the boat. Professor Turnbull struck his head and was almost unconscious when he was got into the life-boat. The Lascars, declared Mrs. Turnbull, were perfectly dreadful. They rushed about like madmen and pushed women into the water. Officers of the 'Egypt' were magnificent and all British were splendid. Women behaved very bravely. They jumped into the water fearlessly and did what they were told with wonderful spirit.

Fifty more surviving passengers are due in London to-morrow.

A SAD STORY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 26.

Paris.—The "Petit Journal" reports from Brest that the body of Senora Bado, who with her husband and two children was on board the "Egypt" has been recovered Father and mother, seeing there was no room in the boat for them, donned lifebelts and jumped into the sea, each with a child but Senor Bado was alone saved.

BANQUE INDUSTRIELLE DE CHINE.

DIRECTORS TO BE PROSECUTED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 25.

Paris.—The examining Magistrate in the Judicial Enquiry into the affairs of the Banque Industrielle de Chine has decided in favour of taking proceedings against the French directors for the declaration of a fictitious dividend in 1919. It has also been decided to ask for the annulment of parliamentary immunity in the cases of Senators Andre Berthelot and Perchot and Deputy Lamaziere.

SITUATION IN IRAQ.

NO TRUTH IN DAMAGING REPORT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 25.

Reuter learns there is no truth whatever in the reports that British forces are withdrawing from Mosul to Bagdad owing to the menacing advance of the Irregulars from Aleppo. On the contrary, the official telegrams from Bagdad indicate that the authorities are satisfied with both the military and the political situation in Irak and the troops which are being withdrawn from Mosul according to the plan will be replaced by air squadrons.

LATE MR. BIMBASHI CUNLIFFE CAVE.

MILITARY FUNERAL CEREMONY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 25.

Cairo.—A very large and striking gathering of the British and the Egyptian military police officers attended the military funeral accorded to Bimbashi Cunliffe Cave who was shot yesterday while cycling home. The Premier Sarwat Pasha sent a wreath and the firing party consisted of one hundred Egyptian police.

LORD CURZON'S ILLNESS.

EARL BALFOUR TO ACT AS FOREIGN SECRETARY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 25.

Doctors having ordered Lord Curzon a rest of approximately six weeks, Earl Balfour has consented temporarily to act as Foreign Secretary and assumed functions to-day.

RUSSIA'S CREDIT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 23.

Large Russian ideas about securing loans and credits at Genoa were revealed by Sir L. Worthington-Evans who stated that the Soviet Delegation had submitted a plan for loans of £360,000,000 sterling in annual instalments over three years. Sir Evans told the Russians that no Government in the world had power over such an amount.

INDIANS' HIGHEST DUTY.

STRICT FOLLOWING OF TRUTH AND NON-VIOLENCE.

CONFIDENCE IN BARDOLI-DELHI PROGRAMME.

INSISTENCE ON BOYCOTT OF COUNCILS.

GUJERAT POLITICAL CONFERENCE.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

ANAND, May 25.

The Sixth Gujrath Provincial Conference was held on Thursday afternoon at Anand. Anand is a Taluka town, rather small and commercially not very important. But while Anand town, itself is rather lukewarm towards the Conference the Taluka as a whole is second to none in its wholehearted allegiance to non-co-operation and all it connotes. It is one of the two Talukas which wanted to lead the civil disobedience movement. The secretaries and the chairman of the Reception Committee come from places other than the town of Anand. Anand itself had felt severely the hand of repression and it has not yet recovered from that. There was a good audience at the Conference, numbering several thousands. The circular and rather big pandal was full of both delegates and visitors. These are the last days of a hot season and hottest at that. The hot sands make life unbearable in the afternoons, but the nights are cool and pleasant. The town itself is full of visitors of all kinds. On the platform among the visitors were Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Mr. Abbas Tyabji, Principal Gidwani, Mr. Vallabhbhai Patel and others. There is a series of Conferences here from to-day. The Chairman of the Reception Committee is Mr. G. A. Desai, Darbarsahib of Dhusa.

After the Chairman's speech Mr. Abbas Tyabji in proposing that Kasturba should take the chair, said they could not find another better woman to preside over the occasion than Kasturba. A wonderful transformation has taken place over the whole country. Everywhere the wives of their leaders had taken the places of their imprisoned husbands and followed in their footsteps faithfully. This proposition was seconded by Messrs. Patel, Dayalji, Mansukhlal Mehta, Mukadam, Dr. Chandulal Desai and duly passed. The secretary then read out the various programme he had received Kasturba then made a short speech. She said her son Devdass had promised to come to the Conference to read out her speech, but he had been lately sent to prison for eighteen months and was taking the rest which he had long earned. In his absence her son Ramdas would read her speech. And this was done. The Conference then adjourned till to-morrow.

MR. GOPALDAS DESAI.

Mr. Gopaldas Desai, Chairman of the Reception Committee, after welcoming the delegates, said in the course of his speech:—In my humble opinion if we honour Mahatma Gandhi in a right manner we shall be said to have done our duty. And how best can we honour him? An incarnation of virtue and action will not be satisfied with mere verbal honour. Gujerat must produce men fired with the ideal of service and sacrifice; Gujerat must be so completely non-violent that even the bitterest enemy of non-co-operation might move in any part of the province quite fearlessly, when every house in Gujerat will be adorned by a spinning wheel, when her cloth merchants would deal only in khadi, and her people put on no other cloth than khadi; when Gujerat will have banished from its bounds the curse of untouchability, she will have truly honoured Mahatma ji. Then alone Gujerat will deserve the credit of having given birth to Mahatma Gandhi.

DO NOT GO TO COUNCILS.

Gujerat should not entertain even the slightest thought of going to the Councils. Let us now try to make the national schools ideal institutions. They are our real wealth. Khadi is the holy Ganges the water of which would remove all our sins. Let us make khadi cheap and available to all. Khadi has the power to bring us our salvation. We have still got to do much work in the direction of removal of untouchability, the institution of Panchayat and so on. For all this work we shall require money and we shall require earnest men.

We have met here to-day to consider our future programme. It is likely that there will be differences of opinion among us. But that speaks for the earnestness of our desire for service. Let us by our deliberations make the soul of Gujerat more lustrous and brilliant.

Concluding, the speaker said that they would have hardly made a better choice for presidentship than that of Kasturba. It was but proper that they had accepted the lap of the mother in the absence of that of the father of the Conference. In honouring Kasturba they also honoured the womanhood of India.

Mrs. Kasturba Gandhi then delivered her presidential address which appeared in our Friday's issue.

ANAND, May 26.

After discussing matters in the Subjects Committee last night, eight resolutions have been arrived at and passed at the Conference meeting this morning. There is nothing startling in the resolutions and they stick to the Bardoli programme without any change. Entering the Councils is strongly opposed in the fourth resolution and Gujerat has thus proclaimed its ban against this camouflaged cooperation. Most probably the deliberations of the Conference will be over to-day.

RESOLUTIONS.

As soon as the Conference met at 10-30 in the morning, the first resolution was moved by Mr. Vallabhai Patel and seconded by Mrs. Sarojini Naidu. This resolution asserted that Mahatma Gandhi, the father of the Gujerat Political Conference, had, by following the principles of Non-Violence and Truth, taught the Indians the secret of Soul-Force and advancement, and thus made India famous throughout the world. This Conference was firmly of opinion that their highest duty lay in strictly following Truth and Non-Violence and that should be done in thought, word, and deed, by every man and woman in India.

MR. V. J. PATEL.

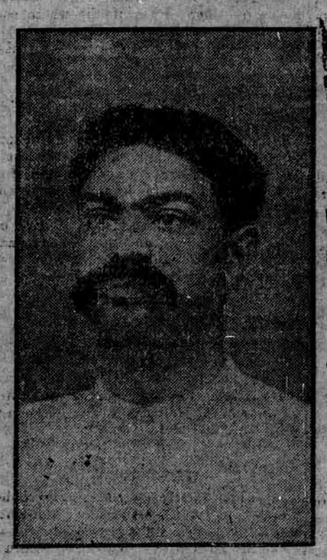
Mr. Vallabhai Patel, proposing this, said the first part of this resolution firmly asserted that Mahatma Gandhi hid rivetted the attention of the world to it by his (the Mahatma's) work and never before was that done. It was hitherto believed that might was right, but Mahatma Gandhi had taught the world that their greatness consisted in suffering for others and that only right was might. By his marvellous work India had become known throughout the world. He was the only real Christian and yet he was in prison. The Conference was held for the country to ascertain, How far Gujerat had assimilated the Mahatma's principles and how far they were prepared to follow them, particularly at a time when doubts were raised in many parts of the country about their ability. Gujerat fully believed in Non-Violence and the day they gave up that great principle their fight was lost. Non-Violence spelt greater bravery than violence. Anybody could be violent with a revolver in his hand, but very few could be non-violent.

MRS. NAIDU.

Mrs. Naidu, seconding, said there was peace because there was Mahatma Gandhi, but some Indians thought Swaraj was only possible by violence as had been amply proved by their past history. Sometimes, a great Rishi was born and taught them differently, and all over India Non-Violence had now triumphed and suffering had become their badge. The strong and warlike peoples of India had thrown away their weapons and gone to jails because of Mahatma Gandhi. They now wanted to establish Swaraj by means of Non-Violence. Whether in the Punjab or the United Provinces, their brave countrymen were suffering for their Non-Violence. Sikhs and

(Continued on next page.)

MR. GOPALDAS AMBAIDAS.



Chairman of the Reception Committee of the Gujerat Provincial Political Conference.

GRIEVANCES OF RY. PASSENGERS.

APPEAL TO RAILWAY EMPLOYEES.

INCREASE IN FARES

CONFERENCE AT ANAND.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

ANAND, May 25.

The Anand Railway Conference was held here last night, Mr. Mansukhlal Mehta presiding.

The following resolutions were passed: (1) This Conference invites the attention of all Railway employees in a perfectly fraternal spirit to the various kinds of persecution to which both passengers and merchants are subjected by their consciously or unconsciously succumbing to innumerable temptations of small gains and earnestly requests them to realise that this kind of treatment is both against the dictates of a common nationality and humanity and conducive to national demoralisation. The Conference, therefore, calls upon them to make it their first duty to treat the travelling public honestly, cordially and truthfully.

(2). This Conference draws the attention of Railway passengers and merchants to the general corruption prevalent in railway administration and urges upon them the fact that the most effective means to do away with it is persistly to refuse all offers, pecuniary or otherwise, that lead to such corruption, even at the risk of some inconvenience and trouble. It should be borne in mind that offers of monetary gratification and their acceptance lead to the moral degradation of the public themselves, the railway servants and the whole country.

(3). It is a matter of regret to the nation that passengers secure even illegal comforts to themselves without paying any heed to the comforts of fellow-passengers and Indians can make it their highest duty to respect mutual conveniences at personal sacrifice, by reciprocal brotherliness and ideals of service. All Indians are, therefore, called upon to assert their rights in regard to railway travelling and courageously oppose any infringement of same in their travels, to preserve their self-respect and national dignity.

(4). This Conference respectfully invites the attention of the railway authorities to the fact that the partial treatment accorded by them to European and Anglo-Indian passengers, as against that given to Indians, in regard to comforts and other things, tends to widen racial differences and urges upon their notice the general good involved in the removal of these differences.

(5) This Conference expresses its strong disapproval of the practice of booking pilgrims in cattle trucks and requests the pilgrim world to desist from pilgrimages until the railway authorities make proper arrangements for same.

(6). This Conference expresses its strong disapproval of the present increase in railway rates in so far as the discomforts of railway travelling are in no way mitigated and no additional facilities provided. In view of all these facts, the Conference urges that the increases may be cancelled.

EARNINGS OF STATE RYS

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, May 26.

The total approximate gross earnings of State railways from 1st April to May 13th 1922 was Rs. 1056 crores. The budget estimate for the current year was framed in anticipation of total gross earnings of Rs. 995 crores and the result of six weeks given above had fallen short of the estimate for that priod by Rs. 186 lakhs. This result was due to passenger and goods traffic on most of principal railways having been below normal exepected.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

REPORT OF EMIGRATION FOR 1921.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, May 26.

The Government of Madras in their report of emigration for 1921 says that 1297 and 167 emigrants returned from Natal and Mauritus respectively. There was no emigration to West Indies and Fiji as well as to French colonies. The number of passengers to Strait Settlements decreased due to the reduced demand for labour on rubber plantations in the Malay States. There was also a decrease in the number of passengers to Burma and Ceylon due to favourable agricultural season and the consequent improvement in economic conditions in Sangaw, Godavory and Vizagapattam Districts from which there was a large percentage of emigration. Stagnation in tea and rubber industries in Ceylon was responsible for the decrease in the number of emigrants. From the southern districts the number of person who took passage to the ports within British India was 1,319.

MONTAGU'S SILVER REPORT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 25.

Montagu's Report says:—"The price of silver soared on 21st instant in consequence of the persistent purchases on China Account. No orders have reached London for replacement of silver cargo worth £215,000 sterling lost on the "Egypt" the owners of which appear rather relieved to be without it. The quotations sagged later in the week failing special support and in consequences Indian selling and Continental offerings were slight. The chief feature was the eagerness of the United States to sell upon each decline.

FORCIBLE ENTERY INTO TEMPLE.

TO REMOVE UNTOUCHABILITY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, May 25.

Imbued with the idea of doing away with untouchability, as preached by non-cooperators, Namasudras of Gauhati, in Assam, tried to assert their right by entering the sacred precincts of a Hindu temple in Kamrup. The temple authorities opposed and held a meeting to which the Namasudra leaders were invited. The latter persisted in asserting their right and the temple authorities sought police help. On the 11th January, some two hundred Namasudra volunteers invaded the temple, but were evicted by the police. The same evening Namasudras made a fresh attempt but the police interfered.

Twenty-six Namasudra leaders were sent up for trial, of whom 14 were convicted of being members of an unlawful assembly and sentenced each to six weeks' rigorous imprisonment. They moved the High Court the Chief Justice and Justice Panton to-day delivered judgment that the Namasudras had no right to enforce their supposed right when evicted from the temple by the police. The Judges, however, issued a rule on the question of the sentence.

SEQUEL TO FACTION FIGHTING.

CURFEW PROCLAIMED IN 6 COUNTIES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 26.

The continuation of faction fighting and heavy firing in Belfast, yesterday, resulting in six dead and fourteen wounded, has occasioned a proclamation imposing curfew from eleven in the evening till five in the morning, throughout the six counties. Hospital accommodation has been filled and arrangements are being discussed for the provision of field hospitals and the recruitment of special nurses. Trenches are being dug in several districts and barbed wire entanglements and sand-bags are being erected in the southern outskirts of the city. In the South, preparations for the elections are actively proceeding.

The Farmers Union has decided to contest all possible seats, but does not make the Treaty an issue of the elections.

Messrs. Griffith and Duggan have departed for London, and Mr. Collins intends to cross later, if necessary.

PROBABLE DURBY RUNNERS

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 25.

The following are probable runners and jockeys in the Derby:—

Scamp	..... Lane.
Simon Pure	..... Jelliss.
Willars	..... Bellhouse.
Diligence	..... Mc. Gee.
Rung Ho	..... Lehson.
Northen	..... Wragg.
Pondoland	..... O'Neill
Tamar	..... Frank Bullock.
Bucks Hussar	..... Childs.
Craigangower	..... Whalley.
Dry Toast	..... Carslake.
Irish Battle	..... Beary.
Baydon	..... Thwaites.
Silpho	..... H. Wheatley.
Satelles	..... Elliott.
Captain Cuttle	..... V. Smith.
Lembach	..... Lister.
South Crofty	..... G. Smith.
Flavious	..... Gardner.

Jockey for the following are not yet known; Schichallion, Swithin, Baton Rouge, Re-echo, St. Louis, Lord of Burghley, Sir Greysteel, Norseman.

BETTINGS.

Derby Betting:—7/2 Pondoland 9/2 St. Louis, 6/1 Recebo, 9/1 Captain Cuttle, 100/7 Tamar, 20/1 Northend, Craigangower, Lord of Burghley, 22/1 Scamp, 25/1 Bucks Hussar, Dilgence and Simon Pure.

CRICKET RESULTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 25.

Cricket results:—

Hampshire beat Gloucestershire by 74 runs. Kennedy took 5 Gloucester wickets for 52 and 7 for 59 and Boyes took 4 for 24 and 3 for 16 runs.

Sussex beat Worcestershire by an innings and 95 runs. In Worcester's second innings Ac. Gilligan took 7 wickets for 16 runs.

CABLE ITEMS.

The Irish Provisional Government has captured a large French sailing vessel, several of which have recently been fishing off the coast of Donegal, it is alleged within the three mile limit. The crew of the ship have been taken to Arranmore Island where they are detained by the Irish Republican army.

Major Blakt and his companies who are attempting a flight around the world, spent a night in Paris. They hope to reach Turin to-night. They describe the trip hitherto as glorious. Details of their arrival at various stopping places are being anxiously awaited.

Lord Chelmsford was received audience by the King.

H. M. S. "Renown" is putting in Tr'incomalee and [illegible] at Colombo.

HELP THE MOPLAHS

A CALL TO ISLAM.

NEED OF MEN AND MONEY.

MEETING AT PYDHOWNIE.

Under the auspices of Halai Memon Anjuman, a public meeting was held on Friday evening at Nakhoda Mohoila, Pydhownie, for the collection of funds for the relief of Moplahs, Seth Miya Mohmed Haji Jan Mohmed Chotani presiding.

CHAIRMAN'S SPEECH.

The chairman said: We have met here this evening to sympathise with our distressed brethren of Malabar who are subjected to overwhelming miseries and troubles and to save them from exposure and starvation. You might have read the accounts of Malabar disturbances and the subsequent effect thereof on the Moplah sufferings. The reason of this disturbances as ascertained by reliable sources is this: The Moplah Moslems were generally cultivators who had always been oppressed by their landlords who happened to be Hindus. They often carried their complaints to the Madras Government, but unfortunately no heed was paid to redress their grievances. They therefore indirectly held the Government responsible for the continuance of their oppression. When the Khilafat movement began and it exercised the mind of every Indian Mussalman intensely the Moplahs who loved their religion more than anything else naturally had to take part in it. Malabar was once the cradle of Islam, and it was there that the first mosque in India was built. They are the decendants of the Arabs and have inherited from their forefathers the simple, pure and untarnished Islam. Unfortunately, the present non-violent movement could not reach them. The Government did not permit the Khilafat or Congress workers to go to Malabar and preach the principle of Non-Violence to a people who were very excited on account of the Khilafat wrongs. To add fuel to the fire the Government began to arrest their leaders one after another with the help of their Hindu landlords who, as has always been seen, often serve as tools in the hands of the Government. The Moplahs had assembled in a mosque when the police is said to have surrounded the mosque and arrested the leaders. The action of the Government officials in surrounding their mosques excited the Moplahs to such an extent that they lost all control. These unpleasant event would have been easily avoided had the Government officials behaved rather reasonably, but, as has been seen, the Government officials seem to be prepared to find out some opportunity for the display of firearms and to kill the spirit of people. The same thing came to happen in Malabar and the whole Moplah community had to suffer the consequences of the mad action of a few members of their community who, in a fit of excitement, resorted to violence. Our opponents who cannot bear even for a moment Hindu-Moslem unity found an opportunity to create misunderstanding between the two great communities of India and gave unnecessary importance and magnitude to the stories of forcible conversion. But thank God, their efforts met with utter failure and now-a-days those of the Hindu gentleman who had happened to see or hear the real state of affairs entertain much sympathy for the Moplahs as the Musalmans themselves.

HEART-RENDING.

Gentlemen, continued the speaker, at this time the condition of the distressed Moplahs is heart-rending. Thousand of houses have been burnt to ashes. Thousands of men had been arrested and imprisoned, thousands of men have died. Thousands of women have nothing to wear or eat. Thousands of helpless orphans are without any protection. If no timely help is given to them a great community will be swept away from India. Gentlemen, the Central Khilafat Committee has so far sent Rs. 36,000 in various instalments for the relief of Moplah sufferers, and has made nice arrangements for the distribution of relief through its own men. The Jamiat-e-Ulema-e-Hind has also appealed to the Mussalmans of India for their help and has also sent a deputation for investigating the true state of affairs. It is our duty that we should help them and save them from the death of starvation. The rainy season is fast approaching and it is absolutely necessary to rebuild the houses that are damaged or burnt to ashes during the Martial Law days, otherwise the poor people of Malabar will have no shelter.

APPEAL FOR HELP.

We should at the same time supply provision to them. The relief so far given is not enough for their requirements as thousands of helpless people stand in urgent need of help. I would, therefore, appeal to you all my brethren to give proof of your Islamic brotherhood at this critical juncture and save your distressed brethren from the clutches of death. Do not forget them at any moment but remember their miseries and send your donations to the Central Khilafat office for their relief. I hope all of you will fulfil your duty in this respect and render every possible help to your helpless brethren, sisters and children of Malabar.

Mr. Manabhai Upadhyadya and Haji Nurmahomed then addressed the gathering and collection was taken on the spot. About Rs. 2,500 were collected by tickets and collections for giving relief to the distressed Moplahs. The meeting dispersed after midnight with the cries of Allah-ho-Akbar.

MR. PICTHALL.

After a programme of music was gone through, Mr. Marmaduke Pickthall said he was sorry he could not address them in their own language. He hoped however Mr. Abdul Ghani would translate to them his speech in Urdu better than the English.

The meeting that night was called in order to befriend the Moplahs of Malabar. Now what could he say to them about the Moplahs? He could not think of the Moplahs as separate from himself. The Moslems were all brothers. They were all one body. If one part of the body was injured the rest of the body could not be well and healthy. The Moslems were like a wall, one part supporting another. If one part of the wall was weak the other parts would keep it in its place. If they were proud of being one body with Turks who were doing right and were a glory to Islam, they were one body also with the Moplahs, and must help them in their suffering. The Holy Prophet said that Muslims had to help their brother whether he did right or whether he did wrong. His companions asked how they could help a brother who was doing wrong. The reply, by restraining him from doing wrong. At the beginning of the Moplah rising Maulana Shaukat Ali offered himself to go to Malabar and restrain the Moplahs from wrong but he was not allowed to do so and so the Moplahs went on with their rising and the result was evil and their present suffering: but their suffering has exceeded the measure of their guilt. It behoved them therefore to help their Moplah brethren not only by sending money to Malabar. They must send men also. Men who would stay there and educate the people until that part of the Moslem world was no longer a weak spot. Education would give discipline and discipline was strength and there was no higher discipline in the world than the *Shariat*. He did not ask them to give Moplahs European catchwords or European language but to teach them true Islam which was the highest education. Their Jehad lay before them and that was to set a real example of Islam in practice before the world. They would not achieve that object till the Muslim world was educated in the true Islamic sense. Every day from every Minaret the cry went forth: "Come to Success! Come to Success!" It was a call to that in which the world had never yet succeeded: the progress of mankind as a whole.

THE MONSOON.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, May 25.

Ordinarily the setting in of the monsoon conditions in South Burma takes place gradually, while on the west coast of the Peninsula it is an abrupt process. This year promises to be no exception and from the 20th instant heavy rain has been falling locally in the Bay Islands and on the south Burma coast. Temporary advance of the Monsoon which appeared in Malabar about the 10th instant extended northwards frequently, but had spent itself by the 23rd, and rainfall is now very scanty in the Peninsula. There was very little rain in upper Burma and in northwest and Central India. In northeast India the weeks rainfall was in large defect in Bengal and in Bihar and Orissa.

SIMLA, May 26.

Monsoon conditions persist in lower Burma and have extended feebly into upper Burma. The condition remain favourable for thunder showers in northwest India. Rainfall has been nearly general in lower Burma, Bihar, north and east Punjab, Central India, and west Malabar. A few falls also occured in Bengal, Orissa, United Provinces Plains and west Central Provinces.

Chief amounts are: Victoria point three inches, Diamond Island four, Toungoo two Bassein, Kyaukpyu one and half, Lashio Darjeeling one, Burdwan two, Jalpaiguri Darbhanga a half, Gorakpur one, Mussooree Rockee, Neemuch, Simla, Khushab a half and Trivandrum one.

Forecast:—No large change.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, May 26.

Strong tone prevailed over the jute section with prices generally on upward trend. A good deal of business was put through in Howrah and Clive in which higher priced stocks participated to a lesser extent. The rates moved up rapidly as much successive transaction was recorded in Howrah and Clive with a small set-back at intervals, but altogether the position revealed healthy. Cottons were again idle, but the new transaction registered in Dunbar and Keshoram marked steady. Tone coals came for little attention at steady rates. Raneegunge, Gopalchuck, Searsole and new Kendah were prominent. The latter was specially in demand at a better figure without tempting sellers. The miscellaneous and industrials were almost neglected. The Imperial Banks found more sellers. With the Government securities showing little variation, generally the Imperial Banks of India, Calcutta rates for demand loans remained unchanged, being seven per cent. The following were the closing quotations:—

Government securities 6 per cent., bonds 1930, 100-3.

Bank:—Imperial Bank Conty 386, Tata Industrial Bank 5-10 disc. K. D.

Railways:—Darjeeling Himalayan Railways Ordinary 156.

Cotton:—Howrah 895, Dunbar 423, Keshoram 14-8, New Victoria 10-12.

Jute:—Albion 460, Alliance 605, Anglo-India 437-8, Auckland 272, Bally 282, Barranagar 9-4, Budge-Budge 530, Century 7-14, Cheviot 282, Clive 46-4, Craig 11-8, Dalhousie 425, Empire 65-8, Fort Gloster 850, S L Fort William 413, Gourepore 712, Howral 56-8, Kamarhatty 660 S L, Kanknarrah 562, Kelvin 890, S L Kinnison 1005, Lansdowne 343-8, Lawrence 573, New Central 650, Northbrooke 71, Nuddea 71, Orient 212, Reliance 57-4, Soorah 305, Stanford 160, Union 530, Waverly 13.

Coal.—Bansjorah 30-4, Baraboni 15-4, Burakur 38-10, Deoli 34-4, Gopalichuck 19, Raneegunge 56-8 x d, Neetoria 9-12, New Kendah 13-8, Patmohna 10-4, Talcher 7-12.

Miscellaneous:—Hoogly Flour 41, Bengal Timber 191, Indian Iron and Steel 46 F U D, Kumardhubi Engineering 8-4, Marshall and Sons 7-6, Reliance Firebricks and Pottery 17-12, Titagarh Paper 12-4, B I Corporation ord 8-4, B I Tobacco 2-4, Calcutta Ice 25, Madan Theatres 7-4, Spence's Hotel 13-4.

Exchange Bank Telegraphic Transfer 1s3 and 28-32d.; Demand Bank Bills 1s and three-fourth pence.

AFGHAN DELEGATION.

(GROUP PHOTO TAKEN AT BORI BUNDER ON THE OCCASION OF THE DEPARTURE OF THE DELEGATION EN ROUTE FOR PESHAWAR, ON WEDNESDAY LAST.)

FROM LEFT TO RIGHT: MR. PICKTHALL, MR. MADON, SETH M. M. H. J. M. CHOTANI (PRESIDENT, CENTRAL KHILAFAT COMMITTEE), MRS. NAIDU (PRESIDENT, BOMBAY PROVINCIAL CONGRESS COMMITTEE), H. E. GENL. MUHAMMAD WALI KHAN, HEAD OF THE AFGHAN DELEGATION, THE MOTHER OF THE ALI BROTHERS, H. E. MUHAMMAD KHAN, AFGHAN AMBASSADOR IN MOSCOW, GHULAM SIDDIQ KHAN, MR. FAIZ MAHOMED KHAN AND MR. AHMED HAJI SIDDIQ KHATRI, (GEN. SEC. CENTRAL KHILAFAT COMMITTEE.). BETWEEN MRS. NAIDU AND HIS EXCELLENCY: BRIG.-GEN. MUHAMMAD AKBAR KHAN, BEHIND MRS. NAIDU, THE AFGHAN CONSUL-GENERAL IN HINDUSTAN. BETWEEN H. E. AND THE MOTHER OF THE ALI BROTHERS, THE AFGHAN CONSUL IN BOMBAY.

INDIAN'S HIGHEST DUTY.

(Continued from previous page.)

Muslims had gone to the jails in their thousands, and history was being re-written that very day, and the Mahatma's flag of Non-Violence was being carried throughout the world from triumph to triumph, from goal to goal, until Swaraj was finally won. It was their duty to show to the world that they, the soldiers of Mahatma Gandhi, would get Swaraj by Non-Violence only, and that in that alone their greatness lay and in that alone strength lay, and by that alone they should advance to the goal and win it.

The resolution was passed.

CONGRATULATION TO COUNTRY.

The second resolution congratulated the country on the admirable peace observed in the country in spite of the imprisonment of Mahatma Gandhi and thousands of other workers, and the Conference was firmly of opinion that they could advance only by observing peace. The Conference also was of opinion that Non-Violent Non-Cooperation would right the wrongs of the Punjab and the Khilafat and win them Swaraj.

Mr. V. J. Patel, moving the resolution, said nobody could say that India could win Swaraj by means of violence, whether done openly or secretly. Many Indians had accepted Non-Violence as policy, but the speaker wanted it to be accepted as a principle.

Mr. Kalelkar, seconding, said if they had really believed in Non-Violence they would not have to proclaim it again and again. It was only natural that when their leaders were imprisoned the followers should get angry, but it was their duty to harness their energy in other and better directions instead of wasting it in angry ebullitions. He was present in Bombay during the riots when Lokmanya Tilak was sentenced, and what was the result of those riots' lasting over six days. They had hibernated for six long years, and done absolutely nothing because they were peaceful they had been able to achieve much in spite of Mahatma Gandhi's imprisonment. If they had accepted Non-Violence as a policy then let them follow it and make it their dharma. Only when they were prepared for death would they be able to win Swarajya. Not by killing but by being ready to die would they get Swaraj. The resolution was passed.

CONFIDENCE IN BARDOLI-DELHI PROGRAMME.

The third resolution declared its full confidence in the Bardoli-Delhi programme and called upon all its workers to take it to its final consummation.

The Conference accepted the Gujera Provincial Committee's resolution dated March 7th with regard to Individual Civil Disobedience in accordance with the Bardoli-Delhi programme and recommend the Committee not to use the authority accorded by the All-India Congress Committee till the constructive Congress programme was fulfilled.

MR. TAYABJI.

Mr. Abbas Tayabji said, in moving, that India was a great country, consisting of many communities, and if they did not follow non-violence in their dealings with foreigners there was the danger of their making use of it in the case of Indians even, and on that account they had accepted Non-Violence as a policy and principle. They had a large constructive programme before them to follow and very little work had been done up to this time, and it was their duty to do that work before they took up Civil Disobedience. They firmly thought that without that programme being fulfilled they would not be able to achieve much. No doubt Civil Disobedience was the easiest thing to do, but they had much constructive work to do beforehand. He regretted that their workers had not done their work properly, although the masses had assimilated the principles right enough. Dayalji Manubhai Desai seconding said they had no reason to despair of their country and those who had gone to jails had done so in the cause of their country.

The resolution was passed.

BOYCOTT OF COUNCILS.

The fourth resolution was that after fully considering the discussions that had taken place in the country regarding the boycott of Councils, the Conference was of the opinion that Co-operation in the administration by entering the Councils was altogether opposed to the first principles of Non-Cooperation, and the experience of last eighteen months' showed clearly that the well-beings of the country lay in sticking to the boycott of Councils.

PRINCIPAL GIDWANI.

Principal Gidwani said the movement of entering the Councils had gathered strength in Maharashtra and had been fully supported from time to time by Mr. Javaker and other leaders. They had issued a manifesto that this fight could only be won by entering the Councils as they had to fight the bureaucracy by its own weapons. Mrs. Dass had also the same thing to say in Bengal. The Maharasthra Party said they should go to the Councils and talk there, and Swaraj would be theirs. They d'd not seem to believe that solid constructive work alone would win them Swaraj. They thought Swaraj could be won by mere talk and resolutions. Some people thought that, for Civil Disobedience, the Councils were necessary. They need not feel nervous about it, as the boycott of the Councils was not the outcome of fear. If Civil Disobedience was to be followed, then they would have to follow it without caring for the consequences. They did not believe in mere talk, but in work. Some persons thought that by going into the Councils they would set the Mahatma free, but what was the use of setting him free in a country where the people were mere slaves and not freemen? Did they think that they would gladen the Mahatma's heart by this? Even if the whole country was for going into the Councils he hoped they of Gujerat would stick to their resolution firmly, irrespect've of consequences.

Imamsaheb Abdulkader seconded.

Mrs. Kamaga, Mr. Laxmidas, Prof. Swaminarayen and another supported the resolution and congratulated the cities of Ahmedabad, Surat and Nadiad for exposing the sham of local self-government and called upon the people to help those cities in their endeavours to give education to the young and not to pay taxes to the Committees appointed by Government to administer those cities.

Official and Personal.

H. E. the Viceroy granted an interview to Lieut. Col. H. Gidney, President-in-Chief, Anglo-Indian and Domiciled European Association on the 25th instant.

A Madras message says:—The Collegiate Education Committee recently appointed by the Government under presidency of Dewan Bahadur R. Venkata Raman Naidu has concluded its sittings and its report is shortly expected to reach the Government. (A. P.)

The Government of Madras has accepted the proposal of the Accountant General and has ordered that all extra-assistant conservators who were holding permanent appointments since February 23 last be given three advance increments of Rs. 350 to Rs. 550 and that under the new scale the effeciency bar should be placed at the stage of Rs. 600. (A. P.)

BADRINATH.

A WARNING TO PILGRIMS.

(Associated Press.)

LUCKNOW, May 23.

The Local Government warns the intending Hindu pilgrims to Bardrinath that owing to failure of rains in March last, situation with regard to shortage of food stuffs in Garhwal has been agravated. Intending pilgrims are therefore strongly advised to postpone their visit to a more favourable year. Those who disregard this warning will incur risk of starvation and it may become necessary to stop pilgrims defenitely at Lachman Jhur.

MADRAS UNIVERSITY.

FAR-REACHING REFORMS.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, May 26.

Far-reaching educational reforms, covering the entire area of education, will be inaugurated before the end of current year by Mr. A. P. Patro, Minister of Education. The Madras University Act will be entirely remodelled and the constitution of the University will undergo radical changes of a very progressive character, meeting the long felt needs and infusing refreshing sense of self-government in all vital functions of the University. The Bill will be duly published for criticism before next September in all likelihood, but general outline conforms to the warmest expectations of better minds of educated India. Collegiate Education will be under the control of the Council of Academics alike in curricula and professoriate. The Senate itself will be transformed into a fully representative body, and a number of councils for general administration will be requisitioned, elected by the Senate which will be known by different names.

MAHARAJA OF MYSORE AT SIMLA.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, May 25.

"New India" states His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore's visit to Simla is connected with the reduction of the existing subsidy restoration of surplus revenue of civil and military station, and the Viceroy's assent to the scheme of reform, which is proposed to be introduced in the State.

The Indo-European Telegraph Company of London state, in confirmation of previous reports that they expect to have Telegraph communication between Karachi and London by the beginning of July.

NO OATH OF ALLEGIANCE.

TALUK BOARD MEMBER'S RESIGNATION.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, May 25.

At a meeting of the Negapatam Taluk Board, convened to take the prescribed oath of allegiance, one Mr. Chokalingam Pillay resigned his membership in due obedience to the Congress mandate, declining to take the oath of allegiance.

Railway risk notes that the Committee held its preliminary sitting in Simla to-day under the chairmanship of Mr. Seshagiri Iyer and decided upon points on which evidence would be called.

It is understood prisoners at Balasinore have not yet taken food. They only take milk twice a day. (A.P.)

AFG[illegible]EGATION DELHI.

GREAT PUBLIC RECEPTION.

VISIT TO NATIONAL INSTITUTIONS.

(From a Correspondent.)

DELHI, May 26.

The Afghan delegation, headed by Sirdar Wali Mohomed Khan and accompanied by the Italian Minister to Kabul and his suite, arrived this morning from Bombay in a special train, which steamed into the Delhi station punctually at 7-30, amidst shouts of greetings from the public which had gathered in large numbers to welcome the distinguished arrivals. The arrangements were in charge of the Station authorities and the volunteers of the various corps. Among those present on the platform were Hakim Ajmal Khan, Moulana Kifayatulah, President, Jamiat-ul-Ulema, Dr. Ansari, Babu Pearey Lal, Vice-Chairman, Municipality, Khwaja Hasan Nizami, and several others.

On arrival the train was boarded by Hakim Ajmal Khan, Dr. Ansari, who were introduced by Sirdar Abdulhadi Khan, Afghan Consul-General, to all members of the Afghan and Italian delegations. There was a tremendous ovation when Moulana Kifayatullah garlanded the members and large quantities of flowers were showered on them. After some conversation the members, accompanied by Hakim Sahib, Dr. Ansari and others motored to the Independent National High School where Messrs. Tamizuddin, Secretary, Barkat Ali, Principal, and other members of the staff were presented to Sirdar Wali Mohamed Khan and others. Mr. Tamizuddin, in a brief speech, welcomed the Delegation in the course of which he explained the genesis of national education movement and gave a brief history of Non-Cooperation in connection with education.

The Sardar, replying, said that mutual relations of Asiatic nations were so close that one could not but feel deeply for the condition of subjection of another. Indo-Afghan relations of brotherhood and neighbourhood were specialy intimate and were centuries old. He was very pleased to learn that India had taken its educational problem in its own hands and that it had placed it the real secret of all progress, on the right national and religious basis. He heartily thanked the Secretary for the welcome and gave a donation of four thousand rupees which amount he said, though modest, was given out of the sincerity of heart.

AT DAYANAND SCHOOL.

The party proceeded to Dayanand High School, another national institution, and was received by Lala Bulaqidas and the staff. Choudri Baghbit Narain Singh, welcoming the Delegation referred to the spiritual position of Asia from which had sprung all great religions and Prophets of the world, and said the Indians and Afghans belonged to the same Aryan race and that it was natural for them to feel so happy at welcoming the Delegation as a nation in fetters was always pleased to see its sister nations casting off bonds of servility, and was stimulated to put forth more efforts to gain its own longed for birthright.

The Sardar thanked the management for their welcome and said that notwithstanding difference in religion, the sameness of race had woven them into a blood-brotherhood, which would remain everlasting. He announced a donation of four-thousand rupees and apologised for the meagreness of the amount. Chandhri Saheb thanked the Sardar, declaring that it was not the amount of money, great or small, that counted but it was the spirit and the heart that was everything. The Sardar inspected the various classes, as also the students at work on the *charkha* which he declared was the secret of success.

The Party then went to a recently started Muslim Girls' School, where they were met by Mr. Tabizuddin. Donation of one thousand rupees was given by the Sardar. Finally, they visited and inspected Arya Samaj Girls' School, which also received one-thousand rupees. The Sardar took away some samples of the handiwork of girls. Then the Delegation went to Maiden's Hotel, where they are staying.

AFGHAN DELEGATION IN DELHI

(Associated Press.)

DELHI, May, 25.

The Delhi Khilafat Committee and the Jamait-ub-Ulema have issued a large number of invitations to meet at the station the Afghan Delegation which is proceeding to Kabul Via Delhi.

MAHATMAJI'S JAIL TREATMENT.

MADRAS, May 25.

Mr. C. Rajagopalachar writes in "Young India":—

I have just seen Mr. G. B. Trivedi's questions which he is going to put before the next sessions of the Bombay Legislative Council about Mahatmaji's treatment in the gaol. We know that nobody was misled by that clumsy statement issued by the Bombay Publicity Officer after the disclosures made by me. We know that the Government after those disclosures hastened to rectify some of its mistakes. Mr. Trivedi's questions will only lead to further humiliation of the Government. We, non-cooperators, have not that aim in mind. We want a changes of heart and of the system. I would request Mr. Trivedi, therefore, to withdraw his questions. On the other hand, the civilised world would be thankful, if Mr. Trivedi could get frank and full periodical statements from the Government regarding present jail conditions and Mahatmaji's health. That Mahatmaji is happy or has no complaints need not be told and retold. Mahatmaji, we know, is bound to be happy under any conditions.

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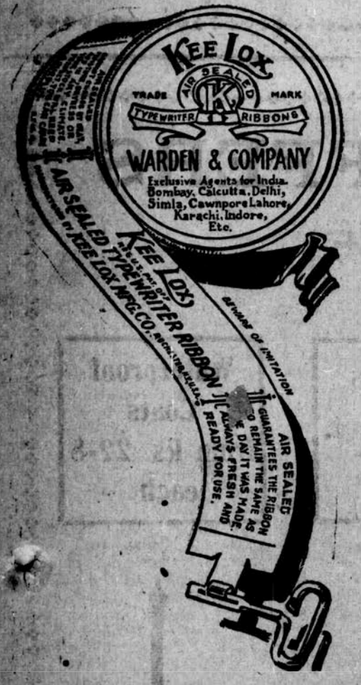
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BURMA LETTER.

THE POLITICAL OUTLOOK

POPULAR ATTITUDE TOWARDS REFORMS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, May 15.

There seems to be a lull of late in Burmese politics. The Government are fairly active and we hear of desultory arrests here and there. The priesthood come in for special attention because they are generally a fearless body of people and, moreover, they are in intimate touch with the Burmese people, who are religious minded. As your readers may be aware, Phongyi withokdasara was sentenced to 6 months' simple imprisonment and right through the trial he observed an absolutely indifferent attitude in Court. The Editor, and Printer and Publisher of the "Free Burma"—a local nationlist organ, have proffered an appeal against the sentence of 6 months' simple imprisonment for publishing an extract called, "Provoking a Second Mumity" from the English paper the *communist*. The case is proceeding. "Free Burma" as a consequence of this arrest and conviction, has ceased to appear. We are told that as soon as arrangements are made to fill up the gap in the editorial department, they will again begin issuing the paper. Other nationlist papers in Rangoon like "New Burma" and the "Rangoon Mail" have had on occasion to weather similar storms in the shape of sudden demands for security or arrests, they had always come out of the test with flying colours. I hope "Free Burma" will appear soon and thus show the Bureaucracy effectively that arrests and persecutions cannot crush the rising tide of Burmese nationalism.

THE REFORMS.

I ascribe the general calm atmosphere in Burma to the pertinent fact that the Whyte Committee reforms are shortly to be introduced into Burma. The Bureaucracy here do not want to interfere unnecessarily with the people just now, as they fear that any such action may spell the doom of the much boosted reforms. The Government through their officials and other channels are busy propagandising in the mofussil, instilling politics of the diarchical brand into the minds of the masses. But the humerous part of the business is that the masses are fairly well awake and do not heed the sugared and unconvincing sermons of these people. The G. C. B. A., moreover, which represents the people of Burma, are not idle. They also send out workers to enlighten people that diarchy is mere show and that Home rule is the people's goal. I hear that interested people are even collecting the signatures of people who are willing to sign as pro-diarchists. The G. C. B. A., to dispel poupular doubts, have issued a note that no one is under any obligation in law to sign as pro-diarchists. I think the announcement will effect a considerable reduction in the number of the signatures that pro-Government emissaries are able to secure hereafter.

Until quite recently, Burmese politics was in a disorganised condition and people could be found who would go to the extent of saying there was no politics. The "New Burma" in a recent leader admitted as much. The G. C. B. A., deserves the thanks of the Burmese Nation for bringing into existence an organisation for Burma corresponding to the Indian National Congress in India. Burmese political renaissance, if we may make bold to use the word, got its filip as a consequence of the world war for one thing and the rather unsympathetic and dictatorial conduct of the Burma Government. As a result of the war, there was unrest and keen expectation in the air and as the fates would have it Burma was clean ignored when Mr. Montagu came to India to collect evidence for the now exploded Montford scheme and its offspring, diarchy. By about that time Sir Reginald Craddock published a scheme that was so reactionary and so much contrary to public expection that the country was agitated from corner to corner. The country as a whole rejected the Craddockian scheme as extremely undesirable and in the elections hold according to that scheme successfully boycotted the Legislative Council, very few people voting for those who stood for election despite popular opposition. The Monford scheme was inaugurated and the differential treatment meted out to Burma hurt Burma's dignity very sorely and it is about this time that we get to hear of the nonparticipation movement inaugurated by the G. C. B. A. Burmese leaders, from time to time have explained that the G. C. B. A., never preached Non-Co-operation. They maintained that it had nothing to do with the Indian movement. The resemblance between the two movements misled many people into believing that they were identical. This is wrong and the error will be plain after a little explanation. Non-co-operation stands for the triple National goal, the rectification of the Khilafat wrong, the Punjab wrong and the attainment of Swaraj. The Burmese say that they sympathise with the Punjab and Khilafat wrongs just as much as any one should in common humanity, but they are hardly national wrongs that deserve being tackled on to tehir national movement. This is just what they mean by insistenly saying that different circumstances warrant a different set of political methods for the achievement of the goal. They put forward their non-participation movement, which, as I said, resembled the non-co-operation movement only in some respects. The G. C. B. A., the sponsor of the idea on behalf of the Burmese nation, gave out that the Councils are to be boycotted, titles to be given up and Swadeshi or *Wunthanqo* to be encouraged. Here the resemblance ends. The National Schools and Colleges had their genesis for a cause different from the non-participation movement. They came into existence because the Rangoon University Act was unsatisfactory and when protests were of no avail the boys seceded from the government institutions. The G. C. B. A., never called upon the lawyers to suspend practise nor did they ever formulate at any time that their movement ever contemplated asking the government servants to withdraw from service or that the payment of taxes should be suspended. The ideal of non-participation was the attainment of Swaraj, i.e., Dominion Home Rule for Burma. The G. C. B. A., though one of their platforms was the anti-drink question, never at any moment had done much liquer picketing work. When Moulvie Abdulla Misrie who is naw in jail, was carrying the agitation against liquor drinking, in Rangoon he was ably assisted by his own Indian Volunteers and except in a few instances the G. C. B. A., did not do much for this cause. They were probably engaged in doing more important work, as they would say e.g., the spread of Swadeshi.

PRINCE'S VISIT

To get on with our narrative, the G. C. B. A, on the eve of the Prince's visit gave out side by side with the local Mr. Tyabjee were interned and the City be boycotted:. A few Burmese leaders and Mr. Tyabjee were interned and the city of Rangoon was proclaimed under the Seditious Meetings Act. The G. C. B. A., never had in its programme any disobedience to the laws and among other reasons, I think here lies one of the main reasons why Burma did not follow the lines that India took as a retort to similar action taken up by the authorities there. Seemingly, all political activity died down and the Prince's visit was a success. The Burmese as well as the Indian Community in Rangoon, turned out in large numbers to welcome or at least to see the Prince and the tamashas that were organised in his favour. So the hartal programme of the both the G. C. B. A., and the local Congress Committee was a fairly conspicuous failure.

NECESSITY FOR UNITY.

Just before the Prince's visit, the Whyte Committee came to Burma to take evidence for reforms for Burma on the lines of the Montford reforms. The G.C.B.A., organised a boycott of the Whyte Committee successfully and the Committee went back without having heard a single Burmese leader of importance. Among the Indian Community in Rangon, the Nationalist party kept itself aloof from the committee and openly opposed the evidence of some Indian members before the Committee that the Indians wanted Communal representation and reserved seats which naturally annoyed the Burmese people. The Nationalists utterly refuted the idea recognising the fact that in the land of the Burmese people, nothing was to be gained by exhibition of distrust or a tendency for isolation. The Whyte Committee brought out the significant fact that the Namonalist Indians at any rate were content to abide by the sentiments expressed by the G.C.B.A. thereby subscribing to the working principle that in the land of the Burmese people, the opinions expressed by their representative association must more or less weigh most with them in shaping their politics in Burma.

Consistency may require that the G. C. B. A., boycott the reforms but there are very many factors that have to be taken into consideration. Burma, compered with the Provinces of India, contains a small number of the English educated fraternity, the major portion of whom, as a matter of course, get absorbed into Government service. To their credit, it must be said that the Burmese lawyer, and the other English educated Burmans who are not in service are independent-minded. But they have to work at a disadvantage. The priestly class are very enlightened people and I may say that they are the real leaders of Burma. The priests and the small English educated class do not see eye to eye in all matters of national importance and this is a distinct handicap in the Nation's progress. To add to their difficulty, there is not perfect unanimity of opinion between the Karens, the Burmese Christians, the Arkanese, and the Shans, who are all children of the soil. There is in addition the Indian element which is not only strong numerically but in addition possesses vested interests and large influence in the commerce of Burma. We have to take note of the Chinese communnity also. Burmese nationalism has not been allowed sufficient time to assimilate the various communities into one homegenous whole. I am confident that with time, these differences will disappear and a Karen, a Sham, a domiciled Indian or Chinaman will proudly proclaim that he is a Burman and the Burmese people will then as such accept them. But a supreme test is being applied to the country and it is only a robust sense of unity, which I am sorry to own is somewhat lacking in Burma at present, that can help the country successfully surmount it. The Burmese people proper may determine to boycott the reforms but the effect of this will get diluted by the others accepting them. I think all these considerations will finally break the opposition in the G. C. B. A., with regard to the reforms and just as the boycott of the Prince's visit was a failure, the boycott of the reforms also may fizzle out. But whatever happens. I am sure the leaven has entered into the politics of Burma and between the priests and the progressive and patriotic women of Burma, sooner or later, Burma will get unified thus speeding up Home rule for Burma. It is but a question of time.

TATA INDUSTRIAL BANK.

AN OPEN LETTER.

To,

R. D. Tata Esq.

Acting Chairman of the Bank,

Dear Sir,

In the speech delivered by you at the Fourth Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Bank held at Navsari Building on Friday, the 5th instant, you made certain definite public statements which are of considerable importance to the Shareholders of the Bank and as such call for public examination.

BANKING BUSINESS.

It is admitted by you that the Bank suffered considerable losses. Rumours have it that these losses were largely in Exchange operations at Bombay and Calcutta. These rumours have not been contradicted by you but you have been pleased to say "Much as we deplore this, we cannot say that we did not anticipate our share of losses in view of world-wide depression which has over-taken this and other countries." Foreign Exchange operations without a cover are speculative operations. To engage in or enter into forward contracts in their behalf is simply a gamble in Exchange. Those who gamble in Exchange must anticipate losses but they have no right to attribute those losses to "world-wide depression which has overtaken this and other countries" which are the result of obduracy in remaining uncovered and being forced to cover on ruinous rates. The "world-wide depression" did not adversely affect the Net Profit of the Bank during the six months ended 30th September 1921 which was as high as Rs. 10,96,000 as against Rs. 8,48,000 during the corresponding six months ended 30th September 1920 and showed an increase of no less than Rs. 2,48,000 but the "world-wide depression" adversely affected the Net Profit of the Bank during the six months ended 31st March 1922 which was as low as Rs. 5,41,000 as against Rs. 14,49,000 during the corresponding six months ended 31st March 1921 and showed a decrease of no less than Rs. 9,08,000. The shibboleth is too hollow to deceive anybody. You have imitated the Government of India in taking refuge in "world-wide depression" to defend an indefensible position like that of a gamble in Exchange. It is upto you to be frank in stating the actual amount of losses sustained in Exchange and other Industrial and Banking operations to kill mischievous rumours if any still afloat and restore confidence in the Shareholders of the Bank.

RESERVE FUND.

You have given a public assurance that the "Reserve Fund of the Bank remains intact." But this assurance of yours is not supported by the Balance Sheet in which the figure of the "Reserve Fund is shown at Rs. 18,50,000 without any security having been earmarked therefor to show that the same is really *intact*. It is upto you to explain such a serious ommission in the Balance Sheet. Unless this is done your assurance is simply a paper assurance and as such can hardly be relied upon. In this connection it will be interesting to know whether or not the "Secret Reserve Fund" of the Bank is considerably impaired? If so, to what extent? If not please state the amount at which the same stood on 31st March 1922, 1921 and 1920 respectively.

CAPITAL OF THE BANK.

The Paid up Capital of the Bank was Rs. 2,25,05,535 as stated in the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 1922 and not Rs. 2,23,73,335 as stated by you in your speech at the last Annual Meeting. It is upto you to reconcile both these statements. There is a difference of no less than Rs. 1,32,200 which must needs be accounted for. You have been pleased to say that the weight of so large a Paid-up Capital "naturally tells upon the prospects of satisfactory dividends for our shareholders" But the following facts:

1. There was a brisk demand for money during the past six months—October 1921 to March 1922.
2. Imperial Bank of India Rate averaged to no less than 7 per cent. per annum.
3. Tata Bank Rate for 6 months' Loans and Advances averaged to no less than 9 per cent per annum.
4. Accordingly Tata Bank realized no less than Rs. 11,25,000 at 9 per cent. per annum on its Paid-up Capital (say Rs. 2,26,74,000 including Calls paid in advance) Reserve Fund (Rs. 18,50,000) and Unclaimed Dividends (say Rs. 1,00,000) altogether aggregating say Rs. 2,50,00,000 during the past six months—October 1921 to March 1922.
5. Whereas Tata Bank showed a Net Profit of only Rs. 5,41,000 during the past six months October 1921 to March 1922.
6. No less than Rs. 5,84,000 being the difference between the aforesaid results were appropriated for the upkeep of the management in addition to the margin of Profit realized on borrowing and lending moneys from and to the constituents of the Bank.

altogether contradict the above statement of yours evidently made to throw dust in the eyes of the Shareholders. Not content with this you have with a view to rig the market and induce the Investors and or the Speculators to force up the prices of the Tata Bank shares, yet made another bold statement as under:—

"Indeed the day may come when we may decide to return a part of the Paid up Capital to the Shareholders. After treating the accounts in the most severe manner and placing against Capital such items as Industrial Investments, Bank Premises, Advances against Property and other non-liquid Advances, we still have a large Surplus of Capital which is invested in current and liquid business."

It is an open secret that of the Paid-up Capital of say Rs. 2,25,00,000 no less than Rs. 74,18,000 are locked up in the following:—

Landed Property and Bank Premises at cost	Rs. 32,39,000
Office Furniture and Fittings	Rs. 2,28,000
Total ...	Rs. 35,67,000
Investments in "other securities" presumably Industrial	Rs. 38,91,000
	Rs. 74,18,000

To the above figure must be added the sum of Rs. 49,32,125 on account of the contingent liability on "Other Securities" for uncalled Capital making the total Rs. 1,23,55,125 leaving the balance of only Rs. 1,01,44,875.

I would now leave it to you to say if the above balance of Rs. 1,01,44,875 is not wholly locked up in Advances against Properties and other non-liquid Advances? If not, to what extent? And what is the actual figure of "a large surplus of Capital which is invested in current and liquid business." The shibboleth is too hollow to deceive even its author. For, had it been true, the Bank would not have been put to the necessity of borrowing such large sums as Rs. 1,02,03,320-9-11 from its Agents and Correspondents and that also on pledging its Securities to the tune of Rs. 98,50,000. These debts have necessarily to be paid *first* to redeem the securities pledged in their behalf. If not how is it that the Board is waiting for a day to come when they may decide to return a part of the Paid-up Capital? Will that day come during the current year? If not why talk of it this year? Is it not because the shares of the Bank are at considerable discount and require official propelling up as otherwise the fact of their being at discount continues to affect the Bank adversely under the present, top heavy, over paid, inefficient and incompetent European agency to carry on its day to day operations?

Doubtless a heavy responsibility hangs on your shoulders for giving utterance to the aforesaid bold statements and on the shoulders of those who have apparently drawn up the same for you. I have challenged the accuracy of these statements of yours, nay I have marshalled facts and figures to show that the same are rather misleading. It is upto you to rebut the overwhelming evidence adduced by me.

Yours faithfully,

P. D. SHAMDASANI,

A Shareholder.

Bombay, 25th May 1922.

TATA BANK DEFAMATION CASE

CHARGE FRAMED AGAINST ACCUSED

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LUCKNOW, May 25.

Mr. Mahomed Shafi, City Magistrate, recorded further evidence in the complaint filed by the Manager of the Lucknow Branch of the Tata Industrial Bank against Pannalal Basantrai, a Mahajan, for alleged defamation.

Mr. Bisavarnath Khanna Vakil, for the Tata Industrial Bank, examined by Mr. John Jackson, Counsel for the Bank, in corroborating the complaint stated that he appeared for judgment on behalf of debtors in the suit before the Sub-Judge of Mohanlalgunge, one of the decree-holders being Pannalal himself. In the course of the hearing of the suit, on the 6th March, pleaders for Pannalal stated that the Tata Bank had failed. The witness repudiated the statement. He said that he had been to the Bank, and there he found the Bank was perfectly working and that he had been instructed to institute a suit on behalf of the Bank. The Sub-Judge on hearing the remark about the Bank's failure turned towards the side of the decree holders when Pannalal stated that the Tata Industrial Bank had failed. Pannalal moreover stated that the payments had been stopped of the floating and the savings bank account. After proceedings in that case was finished the Sub-Judge left the Court to withdraw his money. The witness did not inform this to the then Manager of the Bank immediately. About two days after, he had a conversation about it with the Manager, Mr. Kirtland. Witness spoke this to Mr. Hickey, the present Manager, on the 3rd of April on the day he took the charge of the local Branch.

Cross-examination was reserved.

The accused Pannalal, in the course of his statement, in reply to the Court denied having made any statement as regards the failure of the Tata Bank or of the Bank stopping payment. He could not say why the Sub-Judge and the witness gave evidence to the effect that he had made such statement. It might be due to misunderstanding.

The Magistrate then asked the counsel of the accused to cross-examine the Sub-Judge as the latter would be leaving the station shortly.

The accused's counsel wanted time to cross-examine the witness, and Mr. H. C. Dutt the counsel pointed out that apart from the facts, important legal questions were involved in the case. In fact there was a point that the case had been filed by an Agent whom the shareholders of the Bank had not authorised to file. Mr. Jackson for the Bank maintained that the complaint was made by the Manager of the local Bank, which had been defamed, and he had the power of an attorney to take action affecting the interests of the bank.

The Magistrate stated that he had doubts regarding that point, and asked whether the agents were entitled to take action in case the proprietors of the concerns, after having an accused's explanation might have excused him.

Mr. Jackson mentioned that the Managing Director of the Company had sent direct instructions to the local manager to take action on the point under discussion.

The case was left undecided, the Magistrate directing the complainant to get the necessary papers at the next hearing.

A charge under 500 I. P. C. was framed against the accused and the case was posted to the 10th of July for defence.

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THE INCHCAPE ENQUIRY.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Your leaderette in to-day's issue referring to the terms of reference of Lord Inchcape's Retrenchment Committee, I beg to submit is unusually mild in criticism and concise in arguments. There is no doubt in your conclusions that the Committee will cost the country without achieving actual savings and that the terms of reference are too narrow. Let us then discuss these terms and the appointment of Lord Inchcape as the chairman in the light of budget sessions of the Central and Provincial Governments.

The financial position of the Central and the Provincial Governments after the last budget discussions does not leave even a man in the street besides the politicians of the Reformed Councils and non-co-operators without a shiver. Mr. Cook shivered at an uncovered deficit of Rs. 9.16 crores. Even Sir Malcolm Hailey insisted on the paramount importance of a balanced budget but he failed to produce such a one or anything like it Mr. Cook in the Council of State said that the financial position of the country demands the most strenuous efforts to leave no stone unturned whereby a policy of economy, ruthless economy and retrenchment can be translated into action, such were the words of the responsible officials of the Government of India. What we want is the official action of the 'axe' in that direction. However, notwithstanding the necessity and urgency Government have refused to retrench the expenditure of 'all devouring and all desolating moloch." The Army, for Lord Rawlinson's considered and determined opinion is that the military expenditure was put at the lowest possible minimum and could not therefore be further reduced. Secondly Government and the Secretary of State for India have conspired to keep the All-India Services—Civil Service and Imperial services—sacred at any cost. No non-official can pollute it by a touch of economy. It is needless to say that the Indian Civil Service is the costliest in the world, and the burden of such a costly service has neither an economic nor political justification in India where still poverty is unparalleled, production under, population illeterate and polity irresponsible.

The politicians of the Reformed Councils having thus been deceived in their hopes of seeing new heaven and earth under the new regime and disappointed in seeing deficit budgets and extra taxation without new policy endeavoured to combine in parties and groups and teach lessons in public finance to the officials on the floor of the Assembly and Councils. Dr. Gour of the Democratic party in the Assembly suggested a *via media* when he said "The object of the non-official members was to effect a five per cent reduction in the total expenditure of the departments of the Government and if the Finance Minister would accept this position and agree to it much time would be saved and the non-official members would not have to insist on voting on each demand as it came up before them." Neither did Government accept this proposal nor could the Democratic Party succeed in realising that feat, although we entirely believe that an economy of twice that percentage is practicable in the Civil Departments alone. Thus we see the only obstacle against any sort of retrenchment was Government. The recent debates in the Legislative Assembly adequately prove that not only the Indian members but the British members also stood for economy and less taxation. It was in the medley of universal attack against the financial policy that Government announced the appointment of a Retrenchment Committee.

The appointment of Lord Inchcape as the Chairman of the Committee was taken by the Press and the public without any adverse criticism, as he has the experience of the Geddes Committee. Nevertheless the public did expect that Lord Inchcape was selected for the works which no one in India was able to do. So naturally we had to look forward for the terms of reference and the personnel of the Committee. The former were published yesterday. We regret to see that Lord Inchcape and his Committee will not discover any more bulky and profligate trees of expenditure than those already mentioned in the volume of motions for reduction of items during the last budget session of the Assembly. We regret still more to see that the Committee has no power to force, the change of policy as a necessary concomitant of retrenchment. We submit, with all respects to his Lordship's experience as a wielder of the Retrenchment Axe', that such a Committee would proves itself to be an item for retrenchment *ab initio*. Firstly it is not uneconomical to bring a chairman all the way from England when we have equally competent and able financiers like Sir Vithaldas Thakersey, Sir Montagu Webb, Dr. Gour, Sir Jamsetji Jeejeebhoy, Sir Sivaswami Iyar, and Sir Frank Carter in the Legislatures and Sir Stanley Reed, Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy and Pandit Madan Mohan Malavia outside the Legislatures? Secondly will not the Committee cost the country time and money in "recommending" 'cuts' in the Rolls-Royce administration in which remarkable spade work has been suggested—but with failure—by the legislatures both of the Central and Provincial Governments? And thirdly can there be retrenchment without wielding the 'axe' on the military and the All-India Services? Both of them enjoy unjustifiable extravagance under the guise of Policy and Prestige.

We therefore suggest that the appointment of Lord Inchcape should at once be cancelled and one of the veterans as mentioned above should be appointed as the chairman. Secondly the greater part of the personnel of the Committee should be selected from among the members of the Central and Provincial Legislatures; and thirdly the terms of reference should be widened in order to make the guidings of the Committee binding on Government. The stage of making recommendations has gone and the time has come that nothing but a mandate from the Committee of responsible members and financial veterans can save the country from bankruptcy. Otherwise you are quite accurate to say "is it worthwhile" to have such a Committee?

Yours, etc.,

IBRAHIM S. HAJI.

Bombay, May 24.

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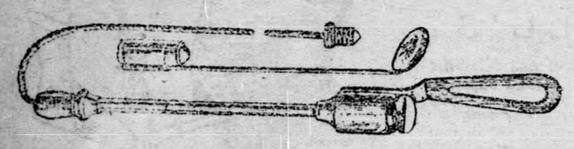

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SECONDARY EDUCATION.

MADRAS MINISTRY OF EDUCATION'S RECOMMENDATIONS

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, May, 25.

Mr. A. A. Patro, Minister for Education who has been devoting his attention for the past six months to the question of reorganisation with a view to decentralisation of control and supervision of secondary institutions and to the introduction of popular element in the administration of secondary education has prepared the draft scheme to carry out this policy. He says the policy of the Government in the field of education is to associate as far as possible popular bodies with departmental administration. After referring to the fact that under Madras Elementary Education Act which came into force in 1921 District Educational Councils were constituted to supervise and develop elementary education, and it was proposed collegiate education would be looked after by the University. He says the secondary education presented peculiar difficulties. The Government in the ministry of Education therefore, after careful consideration of the whole question consider that a secondary education board should be formed in each district to advise the Government and the Department of Public Instruction in regard to the applications for teaching, building and equipment grant, vocational training, organisation of educational exhibitions, development of boy scouts movement, religious and moral instructions and scholarships etc. The function of the board will be purely advisory.

'SPONTANEOUS EXPRESSION OF FRIENDSHIP"

LORD HARDINGE'S REPLY

His Excellency the Governor of Bombay has telegraphed to Lord Hardinge of Penshrust a message from those who had assembled to witness the unveiling of the statue in memory of his Viceroyalty, assuring H. E. Lord Hardinge of the abiding esteem and affection in which he is held by the people of Bombay.

H. E. the Governor has received the following reply:—

"I am very grateful to your Excellency for your telegram and for the honour you have done me in unveilnig the statue so generously erected by the ruling princes and by the people of the City and the Presidency of Bombay, to commemorate my Viceroyalty. I am deeply touched by the spontaneous expression of friendship on the part of all who either contributed to the statue or took part in the ceremony and I only wish I could feel I had done more to be worthy of so great an honour on the part of all in Bombay and elsewhere, whether Englishmen or Indian for all of whom I have the warmest recollection of affection and esteem. Bombay and its people will always have a very warm corner in my heart and I shall never forget them."

ANOTHER FIGHT WITH DACOITS.

CALCUTTA, May 25.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

A report of a bold attempt, made early this week by members of a village defence party and a village watchman at capturing dacoits while they were about to escape with booty, has been received from Raghunath pur, a village about seven miles off from Calcutta. The dacoits, about a dozen in number, were armed with spears, daggers and other weapons. They raided a house in a village and began carrying on depredations using violence on the inmates. An alarm raised by the inmates which attracted other villagers and the members of the village defence party and the village watchmen soon collected outside. A fight ensued between them and the dacoits.

Three dacoits were captured and a villager was seriously injured. The other dacoits escaped with the booty. One of the dacoits captured was an approver recently pardoned in another dacoity case.

TWO YEARS FOR STONE THROWING

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

GUJARANWALLA, May 25.

The District Magistrate pronounced judgment in the case of stone throwing at the Shahi Mela train at Gujaranwalla. There were twentytwo accused in the case and all, with the exception of one Ladha Singh, a pleader, who got one year's rigorous imprisonment, were each sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment. The Magistrate when pronouncing judgment remarked that the charge was fully established.

VICEROY'S LEVEE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, May, 26.

The levee held by His Excellency the Viceroy last night was attended by over four hundred persons including the Governor of Punjab, the Commander-in-Chief, the members of Viceroy's Executive Council, the Secretaries to Government, principal officers of the Army Headquarters and other European and Indian officials and non-officials.

A Simla message of May, 25, States:—

Captain J. S. Culverwell whose death from heart failure took place yesterday was buried this morning with full military honours. Funeral was attended by the Commander-in-Chief and large number of officers of the Army Headquarters.

HUNGER STRIKE IN LAHORE JAIL

END BROUGHT ABOUT BY NON-COOPERATORS' INTERVENTION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, May, 25

A Punjab Government communique states that a hunger strike was started in the Lahore Central Jail on 14th May and spread till about 725 prisoners were involved. Previous to the strike no complaint had been made. The Superintendent of the Jail at once ordered various groups of prisoners involved to nominate one representative each to lay their grievances before him and he undertook to remedy any legitimate grievances. The strike collapsed before this order could be carried out. Several Hindu and Mahomedan non-co-operators openly told the strikers that they had no sympathy with men who went on hunger strike without vaoid reason. Fold was surreptiously detained by some of the prisoners during the period which they affected to be fasting. The statement that some of the fasters are in a critical conditions is untrue.

GERMANS TO REBUILD PETROGRAD.

According to the Pravda, a preliminary contract for rebuilding Petrograd has been signed with a great German firm, which undertakes to repair the houses, waterworks, drainage, and tramways of the city.

On the opening of navigation the necessary material and engineers and other skilled workmen will be transported from Germany. The Germans claim in return the right to build and run tile works and to import timber.—"The Times."

PROHIBITION OF COW-SLAUGHTER.

At the general meeting of the Bassein Burma Municipal Committee held on the 29th April last, a letter was read from Justice Sir Woodroffe, President of the All-Indian Cow conference, asking if the Municipality could take any steps to prevent the slaughter of cows and calves. Mr. Chowdhury who was the chairman of the meeting then moved a resolution that the bye-laws of the municipality be altered prohibiting the slaughter of cows and calves as directions to that effect had not proved successful. In moving the resolution he said that Burma was an agricultural country and it should be their duty to see that they got the full member of cattle to do their cultivation and to keep up their milk supply. The figures given in the appeal show that the total number of cattle in India and Burma is roughly 145 millions of which roughly 10 millions are slaughtered every year for food. If slaughter goes on at this rate in a few years there will be no cattle left in the country. There are many other different kinds of beef and meat which can be taken for the purpose of food and it is not at all necessary that the cows and calves should be slaughtered. The directions issued by the Municipality have so long been dead letters and in the speaker's opinion if they really wanted to prohibit the slaughter, the Bye-laws should be amended.

The proposal was carried.

It is remarkable, says a Burmese contemporary, that the Burmese, Karen and Mahomedan members present all supported the proposal. This fact speaks highly of the good sense of the members and the power of reasoning of Mr. Chowdhury. Similar resolutions had already been passed by the Moulmein and Prome Municipalities.

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He walks the tight rope across a chasm.

He races a train on motorcycle and dashes in front of the locomotive.

He fights a shark under the water.

He makes a human bridge of his body to save a girl from a flaming building.

Hanging by his knees from an aeroplane he swings down and saves a girl from a motor boat.

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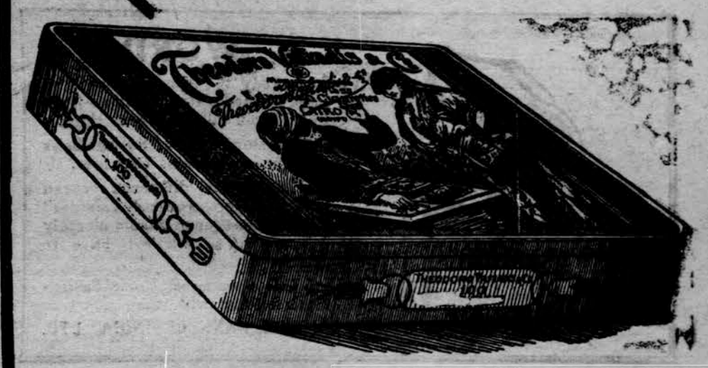

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THE NEAR EAST.

GEN. TOWNSHEND'S PASSPORT.

In the House of Commons, on May 1, Mr. Parker, Lord of the Treasury (Cannock, Lab.), replying in the absence of the Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, to General Sir C. Townshend (The Wrekin, C.) said:—A passport to proceed to Turkey has been refused to no member of Parliament except the hon. and gallant member himself. (Cries of "Shame.") The reason of this refusal, as has been more than once explained to him, was that, in the view of His Majesty's Government his appearance in Turkey would be misinterpreted by our Allies as well as by the Greeks and the Turks, and would consequently be prejudicial to the present negotiations for peace.

Mr. Aubrey Herbert (Yeovil, C. U.—Will the hon. member say whether there is any precedent for refusing an honourable and distinguished member of this House a passport to a foreign country simply because he happens to disapprove of the policy of the Government. (Cheers.). Mr. Parker.—I am afraid I am not in a position to answer. The representative of the Foreign Office is ill. Sir C. Townshend—I beg to give notice that I will put the question to the Leader of the House on Wednesday. (Cheers.). Lieut.-Com. Kenworthy, on a point of order, asked the speaker whether it was not a reflection on the House that a passport should be refused to one of the most distinguished members of the House? Lieut.-Col. Croft.—And on the same point of order Sir may I call your attention to the fact that another hon. and gallant gentleman apparently had a passport to Genoa and to Germany, during the recent recess, and yet it is denied to Sir Charles Townshend when he asked for one? (Cheers.). The speaker was understood to say that it was no part of his duty to interfere between these hon. and gallant gentlemen (Laughter,).

THE EVACUATION OF SMYRNA.

Mr. Parker, replying to Sir C. Townshend, who asked with regard to the reported revolt in the Greek Army against the evacuation of Smyrna and Ionia and an intention on the part of a portion of the Army to defy the Allies and remain in Smyrna, said.—Various reports have been received during the last two months in regard to this movement, which, however, has been disavowed by the Greek Government, and the importance of which seems to have been somewhat exaggerated. Its object appears to have been to prevent the Greek population of India from being handed back to the Turks without adequate guarantees for their safety. Such guarantees however, will in fact be provided if the Allied proposals are accepted. On March 31, His Majesty's Minister at Athens and the British representative at Smyrna were instructed to make it clear to the Greek authorities in Asia Minor that his Majesty's Government disapproved most strongly of the movement, which if allowed to develop, could only produce disastrous results. Severe warnings have also been conveyed unofficially to the leaders of the Greek community in Constantinople. Should the movement appear likely to continue or develop after the Allied proposals have been accepted by both the Greeks and the Turks, His Majesty's Government will consider what measures may be required to deal with it.

Replying to Captain Coote (Isle of Ely, C. L.), Mr. Parker said:—Reports about the attitude of the belligerents in Asia Minor are varied, but it appears that each side is ready to go on fighting. It has been reported that the Greek civil population round Smyrna has been armed, but this has not been confirmed by investigation. Nevertheless, brigandage is indigenous, and it may be remembered that the whole Kemalist force has developed out of irregular bands.

EMPIRE AIRSHIPS.

We understand, says "British Dominions Trade," that a private company has placed before the Government proposals for the utilisation of the nation's airships in a commercial service to be started between England, India and Australia. The company would have a capital of £4,000,000, of which it is intended to ask the public for £3,400,000; the Government agreeing to make a present of all the existing airships and material in their possession, and guaranteeing interest on the capital for a short period. How far this scheme will be allowed to go it is as yet impossible to say, but there is no reason why it should not reach the practical, or rather experimental, stage. Experiment is still badly needed; it is essential if success is to be obtained.

It would certainly be much better, if financial conditions would allow it, to make an entirely fresh start with a new type of dirigible. A safer if not slower type is needed for passenger and commercial work than the present design, which was evolved under war conditions. During the past year the public has seen three such airships, the finest and best of their class, totally destroyed, and though it is recognised that such disasters have strewn the paths of all new enterprises, it is also very generally recognised that there have been fundamental faults in construction and design.

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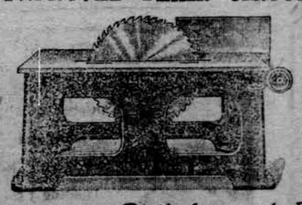

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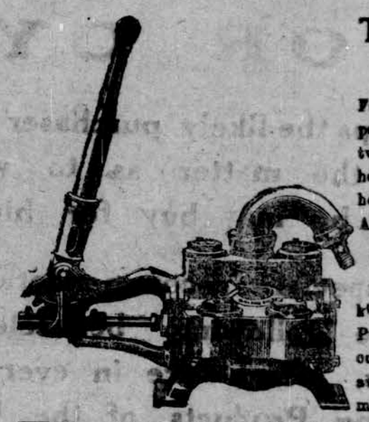

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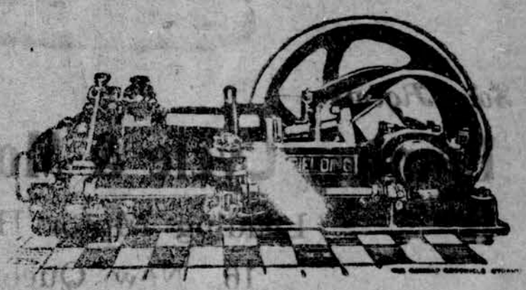

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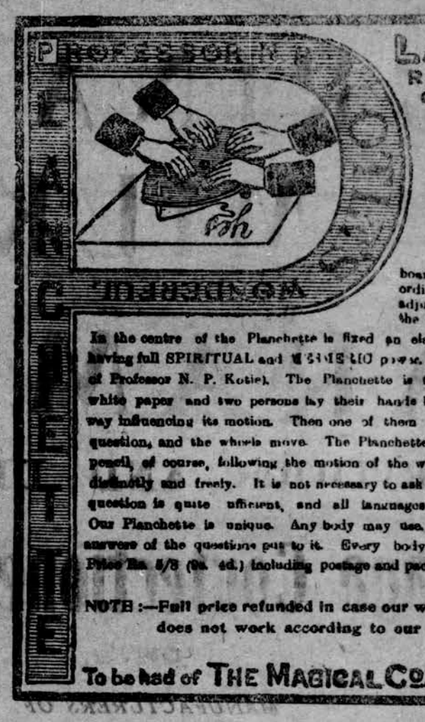

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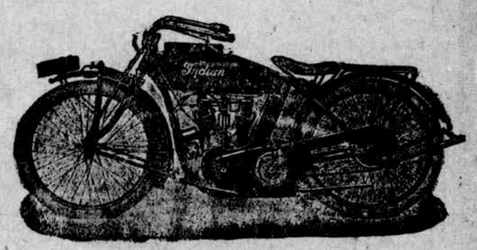

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